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The HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS INDEX Keywords 1980

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**"DIE VERANTWORTUNG FÜR DEN INHALT
DIESES INTERNEN BERICHTES LIEGT
AUSSCHLIESSLICH BEIM VERFASSER."**

The HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS INDEX Keywords 1980

The terms in this keyword list are used by the DESY documentation service for the indexing of papers on high energy physics (beam energy above 100 MeV), quantum field theory and accelerator and detector technology.

1. Purpose of Keywords Assignment

Our keywords serve the following purposes:

they allow the establishment of a subject index for the biweekly periodical HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS INDEX,

they make possible mechanized information retrieval and SDI (Selective Dissemination of Information) service at DESY and other high-energy physics centers.

The total keywords assigned to a paper may also be of some use as a sort of abstract.

2. Form of Keyword Assignment

Keywords may be used singly or coupled by comma and blank (examples: FIELD THEORY (single) and FIELD THEORY, NONABELIAN (coupled)). While the first term is generally a regular keyword, the second term may be a keyword or a non-keyword. Regular keywords are shown in this list ordered by subject (page V) and ordered alphabetically (page 1)

Non-keywords which are frequently used are standardized; they are contained in the alphabetical list (see also point 10).

3. Classification

Beside of indexing the selected papers are classified with 16 topical fields, one main and any number of secondary fields. For example: Experimental papers on electroproduction of charmed particles are assigned to the main field ((E)) and the secondary field ((C)); books on field theory are assigned to the main field ((3)) and the secondary field ((Z)). The 16 topical fields are the following:

I. Experimental Physics

- ((A)) general (also cosmic radiation, nuclear physics and gravitational radiation)
- ((B)) weak interactions
- ((C)) electromagnetic interactions, photoproduction
- ((D)) strong interactions
- ((E)) charm, beauty, truth and other new flavors

II. Instrumental physics (and data analysis methods)

- ((F)) accelerators
- ((G)) methods and detecting systems

III. Theoretical Physics

- ((T)) general (also mathematics, statistical mechanics, relativistic quantum mechanics, cosmic radiation, nuclear physics and gravitational radiation)
- ((U)) weak interactions
- ((V)) electromagnetic interactions, photoproduction
- ((W)) strong interactions
- ((X)) charm, beauty, truth and other new flavors
- ((Y)) symmetry principles (also current algebra)
- ((Z)) quantum field theory

IV. Monographs and Conference Proceedings

- ((3)) books
- ((4)) conferences

4. Two-Particle Combinations

Most of the combinations of any two particles (but not all) in the list are single regular keywords. These particles are arranged in order of rising masses, in case of same masses in order of charges: neutral particles before positive and negative - positive particles before negative ones.

5. Reaction Equations

Reactions of two particles or decay modes are given as in the following examples:

ANTI-P P --> K \emptyset K- PI+
 P P --> P ANYTHING
 DELTA(1236) \emptyset --> P PI-

Particles on the left-hand side are arranged in the order of beam and target, particles on the right-hand side are arranged in the order of falling masses, in case of same masses in the order positive charge - negative charge - neutral charge.

6. Other Particle Combinations

Three-particle combinations (non-keywords) succeeding keywords like VERTEX FUNCTION or COUPLING CONSTANT or INTERFERENCE are listed in the order of rising masses (example: COUPLING CONSTANT, MESON NUCLEON NUCLEON). Final or intermediate states are also given if they are of importance; here the particles are listed in parentheses in the order of falling masses (examples: FINAL STATE, (NUCLEON 2PI); MASS SPECTRUM, (PI+ PI- PI \emptyset)).

7. Energy Declarations

Energy resp. momentum is given in the same way as in the paper, but always in GeV. Additionally papers are assigned to energy-ranges.

Range	E(CM) [GEV-CM]	E(BEAM) [GEV] ; TARGET: NUCLEON		
		BEAM: PHOTON, E, PI	BEAM: K	BEAM: P
((1))	0.0 - 3.0	0.1 - 4.35	0.1 - 4.2	0.1 - 3.88
((2))	3.01-10.0	4.36-52.93	-52.80	-52.46
((3))	-30.0	-479.59	-479.45	-479.12
((4))	-100.0	-5330.0	-5329.89	-5329.55
((5))	>100	>5330.0	>5329.89	>5329.55

8. Resonances

Meson and baryon resonances are generally named as in the Particle Data Group Tables; charge states are indicated only for the rho(765) and the Delta(1236).

9. Depth of Indexing

Papers on peripheral topics will usually have fewer keywords per paper than papers on high-energy physics. Examples of peripheral topics are quantum mechanics, statistical mechanics, gravitation, astrophysics, and nuclear physics with beam energy above 100 MeV/nucleon.

10. Alphabetical Keyword List

There are three kinds of entries in the alphabetical list:

regular keywords (boldface and blank space in Column 1),

standardized non-keywords ("*" in Column 1); these terms will generally occur as companions to regular keywords. There are also non-keywords which have not been standardized; they are not contained in this keyword list,

terms which are not used ("- " in Column 1).

Comments or rules of use are given in parentheses. "Restricted use" means that a keyword is used only in cases where it is of central importance in the paper considered.

Entries are ordered in the IBM sorting sequence:

blank.(+*);-/,<>:'A...Z 0...9

*This list contains only the regular keywords. Large-case headings and terms in parantheses are not keywords.
For standardized non-keywords the alphabetical list should be consulted.*

PARTICLES	<u>(meson resonances)</u>	Lambda(1405)	atom
<u>photon</u>	eta(549)	Lambda(1520)	positronium
<u>(leptons)</u>	rho(765)	Lambda(1670)	
neutrino	rho(765)+	Lambda(1690)	<i>(for two-particle combinations, see alphabetical list)</i>
neutrino/e/	rho(765)-	Lambda(1815)	
neutrino/mu/	rho(765)ø	Lambda(1830)	PARTICLE PROPERTIES
neutrino/tau/	omega(784)	Lambda(2100)	charge
neutrino/L/	eta(958)	Lambda(2350)	electric moment
antineutrino	delta(970)	Lambda(2585)	isospin
antineutrino/e/	S*(1000)		magnetic moment
antineutrino/mu/	phi(1019)	Sigma(1385)	mass
antineutrino/tau/	A1(1070)	Sigma(1670)	mass difference
antineutrino/L/	epsilon(1200)	Sigma(1750)	mass ratio
electron	B(1235)	Sigma(1765)	parity
positron	f(1260)	Sigma(1915)	quantum number
	D(1285)	Sigma(1940)	spin
muon	A2(1310)	Sigma(2030)	helicity
muon+	E(1422)	Sigma(2250)	polarization
muon-	f(1514)	Sigma(2455)	strangeness
	F1(1540)	Sigma(2620)	
tau	rho(1600)		INTERACTIONS
tau+	A3(1640)	Xi(1530)	<u>gravitation</u>
tau-	omega(1675)	Xi(1820)	<u>weak interaction</u>
<u>(mesons)</u>	g(1680)	Xi(1940)	particle
pi	rho(1710)	<u>(other keywords)</u>	antiparticle
pi+	h(2050)	particle	charged particle
pi-	K*(892)	charged particle	positive particle
piø	Q region	negative particle	neutral particle
K	Q1(1300)	neutral particle	new particle
K+	Q2(1400)	postulated particle	search for
K-	K*(1420)	mass enhancement	
Kø	L(1770)	fermion	antifermion
Kø(L)	D*(2010)	boson	intermediate boson
Kø(S)	D**	lepton	antilepton
anti-K	F*	heavy lepton	
anti-Kø	F**	hadron	meson
D	psi mesons	meson resonance	axial-vector meson
D+	X(2800)	pseudoscalar meson	scalar meson
D-	J/psi(3100)	tensor meson	vector meson
Dø	chi(3410)	baryon	antibaryon
anti-D	chi/PC(3510)	nucleon	antinucleon
anti-Dø	chi(3550)	hyperon	antihyperon
F	psi(3700)	nucleon resonance	baryon resonance
anti-F	psi(3770)		
	psi(4100) structure	strange particle	
<u>(nucleons)</u>	psi(4400)	charmed particle	
p	upsilon mesons	charmed meson	
anti-p	upsilon(9500)	charmed baryon	
n	upsilon(10000)	beautiful meson	
anti-n	upsilon(10400)	truthful meson	
<u>(hyperons)</u>		colored particle	
Lambda	<u>(baryon resonances)</u>	quark	
AntiLambda	N(1470)	antiquark	
Sigma	N(1520)	gluon	<u>(internal and external beams)</u>
Sigma+	N(1535)	nucleus	aberration
Sigma-	N(1670)	excited nucleus	beam
Sigmaø	N(1688)	hyperfragment	beam cooling
Antisigma	N(1700)	light nucleus	beam damping
Antisigma+	N(1780)	deuterium	beam dynamics
Antisigma-	N(1810)	deuteron	
Antisigmaø	N(2190)	tritium	
Xi	N(2220)		
Xi-	N(2650)		
Xiø	N(3030)		
Antixi	Delta(1236)		
Antixi-	Delta(1236)+		
Antixiø	Delta(1236)++		
Omega-	Delta(1236)-		
Antiomega-	Delta(1236)--		
	Delta(1236)ø		
<u>(charmed baryons)</u>	Delta(1650)		
Lambda/c(2260)	Delta(1670)		
Sigma/c(2430)	Delta(1890)		
	Delta(1910)		
	Delta(1950)		
	Delta(2420)		
	Delta(2850)		
	Delta(3230)		

beam emittance
 beam focusing
 beam instability
 beam loading
 beam loss
 beam monitoring
 beam optics
 beam oscillation
 betatron oscillation
 synchrotron oscillation
 beam transport
 bunching
 ejection
 injection
 luminosity
 orbit
 particle separator
 particle source

(track measuring)

bubble chamber
 bubble chamber(hydrogen)
 bubble chamber(deuterium)
 bubble chamber(heavy liquid)
 cloud chamber
 drift chamber
 nuclear emulsion
 proportional chamber
 spark chamber
 streamer chamber

hybrid system

tracks
 track photography

counters and detectors

four-pi-detector
 magnetic detector
 spectrometer
 magnetic spectrometer

hodoscope

Cherenkov counter
 ionization chamber
 liquid argon detector
 scintillation counter
 semiconductor detector
 shower detector
 solid-state counter
 total-absorption counter

(electronics and computers)

analog circuit
 analog logic
 analog-to-digital converter
 CAMAC system
 computer
 digital logic
 fast logic
 interface
 microprocessor
 preprocessing
 programming

(data analysis)

data analysis method
 amplitude analysis
 multidimensional analysis
 partial wave analysis
 statistical analysis

particle identification

track data analysis

(other keywords)

alignment
 background
 calibration
 coil
 control system
 feedback
 magnet
 pulsed magnet
 quadrupole lens
 measurement
 monitoring
 power supply

RF system
 microwaves
 secondary radiation
 shielding
 target
 vacuum system

THEORY OF PARTICLES AND FIELDS

field theory

axiomatic field theory
 dual field theory
 gauge field theory
 quantum chromodynamics
 quantum electrodynamics
 quantum flavordynamics
 Reggeon field theory
 unified field theory

Bethe-Salpeter equation
 expansion 1/N
 Feynman graph
 field equations
 field theoretical model
 light cone behaviour
 propagator
 quantization
 renormalization
 renormalization group
 scaling

theory of elementary particles

bootstrap
 current algebra
 dispersion relations
 duality
 model
 Regge poles
 Regge cut
 pomeron
 spectral representation
 Mandelstam representation
 symmetry
 hadron spectroscopy
 mass formula
 multiplet
 symmetry breaking
 unitarity

(other keywords)

conservation law
 coupling
 coupling constant
 invariance
 inverse scattering method
 jet
 n-point function
 partial wave
 S-matrix
 scattering amplitude
 scattering length
 selection rule
 spinor
 sum rule
 vertex function
 violation

NUCLEAR PHYSICS

charge distribution
 fission
 electrofission
 photofission
 fusion
 nuclear physics
 nuclear properties
 nuclear matter
 nuclear model
 nuclear force
 nuclear reaction
 radioactivity

GENERAL PHYSICS

angular distribution
 angular momentum
 astrophysics
 atomic physics
 binding energy
 bound state

correction
 correlation
 angular correlation
 correlation function
 cosmic radiation
 cross section
 channel cross section
 differential cross section
 total cross section
 current
 density
 dependence
 effect
 electricity
 electromagnetic field
 electric field
 magnetic field
 energy
 energy levels
 energy loss
 excited state
 final state
 form factor
 flux
 fundamental constant
 forces
 interference
 kinematics
 matter
 antimatter
 mechanics
 moment
 momentum
 longitudinal momentum
 transverse momentum
 momentum transfer
 optics
 perturbation theory
 plasma
 potential
 quantum mechanics
 radiation
 secondary radiation
 radiation length
 relativity theory
 resonance
 showers
 spectra
 mass spectrum
 momentum spectrum
 temperature
 thermodynamics
 threshold

OTHER FIELDS

mathematics

algebra
 approximation
 functional analysis
 group theory
 mathematical methods
 numerical mathematics
 statistics
 transformation

(engineering)

buildings
 communications
 electrical engineering
 heat engineering
 low temperature
 mechanical engineering
 nuclear engineering
 power engineering
 safety
 health physics
 dosimetry
 radiation protection
 shielding

chemistry

chemicals
 compounds
 inorganic compounds
 organic compounds

minerals

molecular biology

nuclear medicine

MATERIALS

alloy
 ceramics
 concrete
 crystal
 gas
 glass
 liquid
 metal
 plastics
 rubber
 semiconductor
 solids
 water

MODAL KEYWORDS

activity report
 bibliography
 book
 conference
 data compilation
 lectures
 manual
 proposed experiment
 review
 thesis

A

*ABC (ENFORCEMENT, AEC)
 *ABELIAN FIELD THEORY (USE *FIELD THEORY*)
 *ABERRATION
 *ABFET (MCCEL, ABFET)
 *ABSORPTION
 -ABSORPTIVE CORRECTION (*CORRECTION, ABSORPTION*; USED ONLY FOR EXPERIMENTAL CORRECTION)
 -ABSORPTIVE MODEL (MCCEL, ABSORPTION)
 *ABSORPTIVE PERIPHERAL (MCCEL, ABSORPTIVE PERIPHERAL)
 -ABSTRACT ONLY (NOT USED AS A KEYWORD, APPEARS BEHIND THE TITLE)
 *ACCELERATOR
 *ACCEPTANCE (*COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, ACCEPTANCE* OR *ACCELERATOR, ACCEPTANCE*)
 *ACOUSTIC (SPARK CHAMBER, ACOUSTIC)
 *ACTINIUM
 -ACTION PRINCIPLE (SEE *FIELD THEORY*)
 -ACTION-AT-A-DISTANCE (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
 *ACTIVITY REPORT
 -ADC (ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER)
 -ADENICLLC-GATTI THEOREM (SYMMETRY BREAKING)
 *ADLER (SLM RULE, ADLER)
 -ADLER CONDITION (*MCCEL, FCAC* AND *CURRENT ALGEBRA*)
 -ADLER-BELL-GROSS-JACKIN (CURRENT ALGEBRA)
 *ADLER-DASHER-CELL-MANN-FLEINI (SLM RULE, ADLER-DASHER-CELL-MANN-FLEINI)
 -ADLER-WEISSBERGER RELATION (*MCCEL, FCAC* AND *CURRENT ALGEBRA*)
 *ADMIXTURE
 *AEROGEL (CPERENKOV COUNTER, AEROGEL)
 -AGE ACCELERATOR (*FRONT SYNCHROTRON*; FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS USE *ERCKHAVEN PS*)
 *AIR (SPEAKERS, AIR)
 *ALGEBRA (SEE ALSO *ALGEBRA, C* OF ALGEBRA, VON NEUMANN* OR *ALGEBRA, CLIFFORD* OR *ALGEBRA, WEYL* OR *ALGEBRA, LIE* OR ALGEBRA, GRASSMANN*)
 *ALIGNMENT (SEE ALSO *POLARIZATION*)
 *ALLCY
 -ALPHA MODEL (NUCLEAR MODEL)
 -ALPHA PARTICLE (HELIUM)
 *ALUMINUM
 *AMATI-FLEINI-STANGHELLINI (*MCCEL, AMATI-FLEINI-STANGHELLINI* AND *MCCEL, MULTIPERIPHERAL*)
 *AMERICIUM
 *AMPLIFIER (SEE ALSO *ANALOG CIRCUIT*, USED ONLY IN CONNECTION WITH CHAMBERS)
 *AMPLITUDE ANALYSIS (*INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS, AMPLITUDE ANALYSIS*, *SPIN, AMPLITUDE ANALYSIS*)
 *ANALOG CIRCUIT (SEE ALSO *ANALOG LOGIC*)
 *ANALOG LOGIC (SEE ALSO *ANALOG CIRCUIT*)
 -ANALOG MODEL
 *ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER
 *ANALYTIC PROPERTIES (RESTRICTED USE; NOT FOR REGGE POLES, STRUCTURE FUNCTIONS; WILL GENERALLY BE COMBINED WITH KEYWORDS THE ANALYTIC PROPERTIES OF WHICH ARE INVESTIGATED)
 -ANALYTICITY (ANALYTIC PROPERTIES)
 *ANGULAR CORRELATION
 *ANGULAR DEPENDENCE
 *ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION
 *ANGULAR MOMENTUM
 *ANGULAR RESOLUTION (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, ANGULAR RESOLUTION)
 -ANHARMONIC OSCILLATOR (MCCEL, OSCILLATOR)
 *ANISOTROPY (SEE *COSMIC RADIATION, ANISOTROPY*)
 *ANNIHILATION
 *ANOMALY
 *ANTI-D
 *ANTI-DO
 *ANTI-F
 *ANTI-K
 *ANTI-K BARYON
 *ANTI-K DEUTERON
 *ANTI-K LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-K N
 *ANTI-K NUCLEON
 *ANTI-K NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-K P
 *ANTI-KO
 *ANTI-KO BARYON
 *ANTI-KO BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTI-KO DEUTERON
 *ANTI-KO K+
 *ANTI-KO K-
 *ANTI-KO LAMBDA
 *ANTI-KO LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-KO MESON RESONANCE

*ANTI-KO N
 *ANTI-KO NUCLEON
 *ANTI-KO NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-KO P
 *ANTI-KO VECTOR MESON
 *ANTI-N
 *ANTI-N BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTI-N DEUTERON
 *ANTI-N HYPERON
 *ANTI-N LAMBDA
 *ANTI-N LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-N NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-N OMEGA-
 *ANTI-N SIGMA
 *ANTI-N SIGMA+
 *ANTI-N SIGMA-
 *ANTI-N SIGMA0
 *ANTI-N VECTOR MESON
 *ANTI-N XI
 *ANTI-N XI-
 *ANTI-N XIO
 *ANTI-P
 *ANTI-P ATOM
 *ANTI-P BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTI-P DEUTERON
 *ANTI-P HYPERON
 *ANTI-P LAMBDA
 *ANTI-P LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-P N
 *ANTI-P NUCLEON
 *ANTI-P NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-P OMEGA-
 *ANTI-P P
 *ANTI-P SIGMA
 *ANTI-P SIGMA+
 *ANTI-P SIGMA-
 *ANTI-P SIGMA0
 *ANTI-P VECTOR MESON
 *ANTI-P XI
 *ANTI-P XI-
 *ANTI-P XIO
 *ANTIBARYON
 *ANTIBARYON BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTIBARYON DEUTERON
 *ANTIBARYON HYPERON
 *ANTIBARYON LAMBDA
 *ANTIBARYON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTIBARYON N
 *ANTIBARYON NUCLEON
 *ANTIBARYON NUCLEUS
 *ANTIBARYON OMEGA-
 *ANTIBARYON P
 *ANTIBARYON SIGMA
 *ANTIBARYON SIGMA+
 *ANTIBARYON SIGMA-
 *ANTIBARYON SIGMA0
 *ANTIBARYON VECTOR MESON
 *ANTIBARYON XI
 *ANTIBARYON XI-
 *ANTIBARYON XIO
 -ANTI-DEUTERON (DEUTERON, ANTIPARTICLE)
 *ANTI-FERMION
 -ANTI-HADRON (HADRON, ANTIPARTICLE)
 *ANTI-HYPERON
 *ANTI-HYPERON BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTI-HYPERON DEUTERON
 *ANTI-HYPERON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTI-HYPERON NUCLEUS
 *ANTILAMBDA
 *ANTILAMBDA BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTILAMBDA DEUTERON
 *ANTILAMBDA LIGHT NUCLEUS
 *ANTILAMBDA NUCLEUS
 *ANTILAMBDA VECTOR MESON
 *ANTILEPTON
 *ANTIMATTER
 *ANTIMONY
 *ANTINEUTRINO
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTI-KO
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTI-N
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTI-P
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTIBARYON
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTINEUTRINO
 *ANTINEUTRINO ANTINUCLEON
 *ANTINEUTRINO BARYON
 *ANTINEUTRINO BARYON RESONANCE
 *ANTINEUTRINO ECSON
 *ANTINEUTRINO DEUTERON
 *ANTINEUTRINO ELECTRON
 *ANTINEUTRINO MACRON
 *ANTINEUTRINO HYPERON
 *ANTINEUTRINO K
 *ANTINEUTRINO K+

A

ANTINEUTRINO K-
 ANTINEUTRINO K0
 ANTINEUTRINO LAMBDA
 ANTINEUTRINO LIGHT NUCLEUS
 ANTINEUTRINO MESON
 ANTINEUTRINO MESON RESONANCE
 ANTINEUTRINO MUON
 ANTINEUTRINO MUON+
 ANTINEUTRINO MUON-
 ANTINEUTRINO N
 ANTINEUTRINO NUCLEON
 ANTINEUTRINO NUCLEUS
 ANTINEUTRINO OMEGA-
 ANTINEUTRINO P
 ANTINEUTRINO PI
 ANTINEUTRINO PI+
 ANTINEUTRINO PI-
 ANTINEUTRINO PION
 ANTINEUTRINO POSITRON
 ANTINEUTRINO SIGMA
 ANTINEUTRINO SIGMA+
 ANTINEUTRINO SIGMA-
 ANTINEUTRINO SIGMA0
 ANTINEUTRINO VECTOR MESON
 ANTINEUTRINO XI
 ANTINEUTRINO XI-
 ANTINEUTRINO XI0
 ANTINEUTRINO/E/
 ANTINEUTRINO/L/ (HEAVY-LEFTON ANTINEUTRINO)
 ANTINEUTRINO/NU/
 ANTINEUTRINO/TAU/
 -ANTINEUTRINO PRODUCTION (NEUTRINO PRODUCTION)
 -ANTINEUTRON (ANTI-N)
 ANTINUCLEON
 ANTINUCLEON BARYON RESONANCE
 ANTINUCLEON DEUTERON
 ANTINUCLEON HYPERON
 ANTINUCLEON LAMBDA
 ANTINUCLEON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 ANTINUCLEON N
 ANTINUCLEON NUCLEUS
 ANTINUCLEON OMEGA-
 ANTINUCLEON SIGMA
 ANTINUCLEON SIGMA+
 ANTINUCLEON SIGMA-
 ANTINUCLEON SIGMA0
 ANTINUCLEON VECTOR MESON
 ANTINUCLEON XI
 ANTINUCLEON XI-
 ANTINUCLEON XI0
 ANTINUCLEUS
 ANTIOmega-
 ANTIPARTICLE
 ANTIQUARK
 ANTISIGMA
 ANTISIGMA BARYON RESONANCE
 ANTISIGMA DEUTERON

ANTISIGMA LIGHT NUCLEUS
 ANTISIGMA NUCLEUS
 ANTISIGMA+
 ANTISIGMA-
 ANTISIGMA0
 ANTI-XI
 ANTI-XI BARYON RESONANCE
 ANTI-XI DEUTERON
 ANTI-XI LIGHT NUCLEUS
 ANTI-XI NUCLEUS
 ANTI-XI VECTOR MESON
 ANTI-XI-
 ANTI-XI0
 *ANYTHING (ONLY IN REACTIONS)
 *ANYTHING+ (ONLY IN REACTIONS)
 *ANYTHING- (ONLY IN REACTIONS)
 *ANYTHING0 (ONLY IN REACTIONS)
 APPROXIMATION
 -ARGAND FLOTT (USE *PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS*)
 ARGON
 *ARGONNE F5
 -ARRAY (SEE *FOCUSCOPE* OR *PROGRAMMING*)
 ARSENIC
 *ASSOCIATED PRODUCTION
 ASTATINE
 ASTROPHYSICS
 *ASYMMETRY
 *ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOR (NOT TO BE USED IN CASE
 OF HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR. FOR ASYMPTOTIC
 BEHAVIOR AT LOW ENERGIES SEE *INFRARED PROBLEM*)
 -ASYMPTOTIC EXPANSION (SEE *EXPANSION 1/N*)
 *ASYMPTOTIC FREEDOM (*FIELD THEORY,
 ASYMPTOTIC FREEDOM*; FOR LOW ENERGIES USE
 FIELD THEORY, INFRARED PROBLEM)
 *AT REST (IN ENERGY CATEGORY, *0 GEV* IS ACCEPTED)
 ATOM
 -ATOMIC BEAM (USE *BEAM, ATOM*)
 -ATOMIC NUMBER (USE *MASS NUMBER*)
 ATOMIC PHYSICS
 -AUTOCALIBRATION (SCALING)
 -AUXILIARY CIRCUITS (FOR ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS
 DIGITAL LOGIC IS USED, FOR OTHER CIRCUITS
 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING)
 AXIAL
 *AXIAL GAUGE (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, AXIAL GAUGE)
 *AXIAL-VECTOR (CURRENT, AXIAL-VECTOR)
 AXIAL-VECTOR MESON
 *AXIAL-VECTOR MESON DOMINANCE (MODEL, AXIAL-
 VECTOR MESON DOMINANCE)
 AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY
 *AXION (POSTULATED PARTICLE, AXION)
 A1(1070)
 -A2 EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, A2(1310))
 -A2 SPLITTING (A2(1310), MASS DIFFERENCE)
 A2(1310)
 A2(1440)

B

B(1235)
BACKGROUND
 -BACKGROUND RADIATION (RADIATION, BACKGROUND)
BACKSCATTER
 -BACKWARD SCATTERING (BACKSCATTER)
 *BAECKLUND (TRANSFORMATION, BAECKLLND)
 *BAG (MODEL, BAG)
 *BALI-CHEW-PIGNETTI (MODEL, BALI-CHEW-PIGNETTI)
 -BANACH SPACE (USE "LINEAR SPACES")
 *BARCAKCI-RLEGG (MODEL, BARCAKCI-RLEGG)
 *BARCAKCI-RLEGG-VIRASCRC (MODEL, BARCAKCI-RLEGG-VIRASCRC)
BARUM
BARYON
BARYON ANTI-N
BARYON ANTI-P
BARYON ANTIBARYON
BARYON ANTIHYPERON
BARYON ANTILAMBDA
BARYON ANTINUCLEON
BARYON ANTISIGMA
BARYON ANTIXI
BARYON BARYON
BARYON BARYON RESONANCE
BARYON DEUTERON
 -BARYON EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, BARYON)
BARYON HYPERON
BARYON LAMBDA
BARYON LIGHT NUCLEUS
BARYON N
BARYON NUCLEON
BARYON NUCLEUS
 -BARYON NUMBER (USUALLY "CONSERVATION LAW, BARYON"; SEE ALSO "QUANTUM NUMBER, BARYON")
BARYON OMEGA-
BARYON P
 -BARYON PCLE MODEL (EXCHANGE, BARYON)
BARYON QUARK
BARYON RESONANCE
BARYON RESONANCE BARYON RESONANCE
BARYON RESONANCE DEUTERON
 -BARYON RESONANCE FORMATION (USE "BARYON RESONANCE, SCATTERING")
BARYON RESONANCE LIGHT NUCLEUS
BARYON RESONANCE NUCLEUS
BARYON SIGMA
BARYON SIGMA+
BARYON SIGMA-
BARYON SIGMA0
BARYON VECTOR MESON
BARYON XI
BARYON XI-
BARYON XI0
BARYONIUM
 *BATAVIA PS
BEAM
 -BEAM BLOWUP (BEAM INSTABILITY)
 -BEAM CALIBRATION (BEAM MATCHING)
 -BEAM CHOPPER (SEE "BUNCHING")
BEAM COOLING (FOR FRCION BEAMS; SEE ALSO "ELECTRON COOLING" OR "STOCHASTIC COOLING"; FOR ELECTRON BEAMS SEE "BEAM DAMPING")
BEAM DAMPING (FOR ELECTRON BEAMS; FOR PROTON BEAMS SEE "BEAM COOLING")
 *BEAM DUMP (EXPERIMENTAL METHOD, BEAM DUMP)
 *BEAM DUMPING (STORAGE RING, BEAM DUMPING)
BEAM DYNAMICS
BEAM EMITTANCE
BEAM FOCUSING
BEAM INSTABILITY
 -BEAM LINES (SEE "BEAM TRANSPORT")
BEAM LOADING
BEAM LOSS
BEAM MONITORING
BEAM OPTICS
BEAM OSCILLATION
 -BEAM POLARIZATION (USE "BEAM POLARIZATION" FOR MEASUREMENT OF POLARIZATION DEGREE, SEE ALSO "POLARIZED BEAM")
 -BEAM SEPARATOR (USE "PARTICLE SEPARATOR")
 -BEAM STOP (SEE "BEAM DUMPING")
BEAM TRANSPORT
 *BEAM-BEAM (SCATTERING, BEAM-BEAM)
BEAUTIFUL MESON
 *BEAUTY (QUARK, BEAUTY)
 *BECCHI-RELET-STCRA (TRANSFORMATION, BECCHI-RELET-STCRA)
 *BELL-STEINBERGER (MODEL, BELL-STEINBERGER)
BENDING MAGNET
 *BERKELEY CYCL
 *BERKELEY PS
BERKELIUM
 -BERMAN-BJORKEN-KGGLT MODEL (TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM, HIGH)

BERYLLIUM
 -BETA DECAY (SEMILEPTONIC DECAY)
 -BETA FUNCTION (SEE "BEAM OPTICS" OR "RENORMALIZATION GROUP, CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQUATION")
BETATRON
BETATRON OSCILLATION
 -BETHE-GELOSTINE (NOT USED)
 *BETHE-HEITLER (APPROXIMATION, BETHE-HEITLER)
BETHE-SALPETER EQUATION
 -BETA-BETA SCATTERING (ELECTRON POSITION, ELASTIC SCATTERING)
 *BIALAS-ZALENSKI (MODEL, BIALAS-ZALENSKI)
 *BIANCHI IDENTITY (FIELD THEORY, BIANCHI IDENTITY)
BIBLIOGRAPHY
 -EILCCAL CURRENT ALGEBRA (FIELD THEORY, OPERATOR ALGEBRA)
 -EILCCAL OPERATOR ALGEBRA (FIELD THEORY, OPERATOR ALGEBRA)
BINDING ENERGY
BISMUTH
 *BJORKEN (SCALING, BJORKEN)
 *BJORKEN LIMIT (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR, BJORKEN LIMIT)
 -BJORKEN MODEL (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR, BJORKEN LIMIT)
 -BJORKEN-JOHANSEN-LCW (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR, BJORKEN LIMIT)
 -BJORKEN-KGGLT MODEL (USE "INCLUSIVE REACTION, EXCLUSIVE REACTION")
 -BJORKEN-FASCHCS (MODEL, PARTON)
 -BLACK HOLE (GRAVITATION)
 -BLANMENECLER-EROSKY-GLINIC (MODEL, CONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE)
 -BLCK TRANSFER (DIGITAL LOGIC, REACUT)
 *BLOOM-GILMAN ("SUM RULE, BLOOM-GILMAN" OR "DUALITY, ELCCM-GILMAN")
 -BLUMLEIN LINE (SEE "POWER SUPPLY" AND "STEAMER CHAMBER")
 *BONA ES
BOOK
 *BOCSTER
BOOTSTRAP
 *BOCRN (APPROXIMATION, BOCRN)
BOCRN
 -BOSE STATISTICS (BOSON, STATISTICS)
BOSON
BOSON ANTI-K0
BOSON ANTI-N
BOSON ANTI-P
BOSON ANTIBARYON
BOSON ANTIHYPERON
BOSON ANTILAMBDA
BOSON ANTINUCLEON
BOSON ANTISIGMA
BOSON ANTIXI
BOSON BARYON
BOSON BARYON RESONANCE
BOSON BOSON
BOSON DEUTERON
BOSON HYPERON
BOSON K
BOSON K+
BOSON K-
BOSON K0
BOSON LAMBDA
BOSON LIGHT NUCLEUS
BOSON MESON RESONANCE
BOSON N
BOSON NUCLEON
BOSON NUCLEUS
BOSON OMEGA-
BOSON P
BOSON PI
BOSON PI+
BOSON PI-
BOSON P10
BOSON SIGMA
BOSON SIGMA+
BOSON SIGMA-
BOSON SIGMA0
BOSON VECTOR MESON
BOSON XI
BOSON XI-
BOSON XI0
 -BOTTEN (GLARK, BEAUTY)
 -BOUND ELECTRONS (ATOMIC PHYSICS)
BOUND STATE
 *BOUNDARY CONDITION (MODEL, BOUNDARY CONDITION)
 -BOX DIAGRAM (SEE "FEYNMAN GRAPH" (RESTRICTED USE))

B

-BFM2 (HENCHRALIZATION, REGULARIZATION)
 *BRANCH HIGHWAY (CANAC SYSTEM, BRANCH HIGHWAY)
 *BRANCHING RATIO (VERY RESTRICTED USE: ONLY
 IN CASE OF MEASURED OR CALCULATED NUMERICAL
 VALUE)
 -BRANS-DICKE (GRAVITATION)
 *BREAKUP (*FISSION, EBREAKUP* OR, E.G., *F.
 BREAKUP*)
 *BREIT-WIGNER (MCCEL, BREIT-WIGNER)
 BREMSSTRAHLUNG
 -BREKEN SYMMETRY (SYMMETRY BREAKING)
 BUCRINE
 *BUCCKHAVEN ISAEELLE STCF

*BUCCKHAVEN LINAC
 *BUCCKHAVEN PS
 BUBBLE CHAMBER
 BUBBLE CHAMBER(CENTURIUM)
 BUBBLE CHAMBER(HEAVY LIQUID)
 -BUBBLE CHAMBER(HELIUM) (USE *BUBBLE CHAMBER*
 AND *HELIUM*)
 BUBBLE CHAMBER(HYDROGEN)
 BUILDINGS
 BUNCHING
 *BYPASS (STORAGE RING, BYPASS)
 -EE MCCEL (*MCCEL, VENEZIANCA* AND *N-POINT
 FUNCTION*)

C

-C INVARIANCE (INVARIANCE, CHARGE CONJUGATION)
 -C MESON RESONANCE (G REGION)
 C (ALGEBRA, C*)
 -C-PARITY (QUANTUM NUMBER, CHARGE CONJUGATION)
 *CABIEEC (MODEL, CABIEEC)
 *CABIEEC ANGLE (WEAK INTERACTION, CABIEEC ANGLE)
 *CABIEEC-MORNITZ-NE'EMAN (MODEL, CABIEEC-PCFBI72-NE'EMAN)
 *CABIEEC-MAIANI-PREFARATA (MODEL, CABIEEC-MAINI-PREFARATA)
 *CABIEEC-RADICATI ('SLM RULE, CABIEEC-RADICATI' AND 'CURRENT ALGEBRA')
 CADMIUM
 CALCIUM
 -CALCULATIONS (SEE 'NUMERICAL CALCULATIONS')
 CALIBRATION
 CALIFORNIUM
 *CALLAN-GROSS (SLM RULE, CALLAN-GROSS)
 *CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQUATION (RENORMALIZATION GROUP, CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQUATION)
 *CALLAN-TREIMAN RELATION (CURRENT ALGEBRA, CALLAN-TREIMAN RELATION)
 -CALCRIMETER (SEE 'TOTAL-ABSORPTION COUNTER', CR, IN SPECIAL CASES, 'IONIZATION CHAMBER'; FOR QUANTAMETERS SEE 'IONIZATION CHAMBER' AND 'BEAM MONITORING'; SEE ALSO 'LIQUID ARGON DETECTOR')
 *CALTECH ES
 CAMAC SYSTEM
 *CAMBRIDGE ES
 *CANESCHI-PIGNOTTI (MODEL, CANESCHI-PIGNOTTI)
 -CANONICAL ANTICOMMUTATION RELATIONS (USE 'ALGEBRA, COMPUTATION RELATIONS' (RESTRICTED USE))
 -CANONICAL COMMUTATION RELATIONS (USE 'ALGEBRA, COMPUTATION RELATIONS' (RESTRICTED USE))
 CAPTURE
 -CAR (USE 'ALGEBRA, COMPUTATION RELATIONS' (RESTRICTED USE))
 CARBON
 *CARLITZ-KISLINGER (MODEL, CARLITZ-KISLINGER)
 *CASCADE ('MODEL, CASCADE' OR 'NUCLEUS, CASCADE'; SEE ALSO 'SHOWERS' AND 'CASCADE DECAY')
 *CASCADE DECAY
 -CASCADE EVAPORATION MODEL (MODEL, CASCADE)
 -CASIMIR OPERATOR (USE 'GROUP THEORY')
 -CASTILLEJO-CALITZ-DYSON POLES (PARTIAL WAVE, DISPERSION RELATIONS)
 *CAUSALITY (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, CAUSALITY', 'QUANTUM MECHANICS, CAUSALITY' OR 'DISPERSION RELATIONS, CAUSALITY')
 -CAVITY (SEE 'RF SYSTEM')
 -CC (SEE 'CAMAC SYSTEM, CONTROLLER')
 -CCR (USE 'ALGEBRA, COMPUTATION RELATIONS' (RESTRICTED USE))
 -CDD POLES (PARTIAL WAVE, DISPERSION RELATIONS)
 *CELLC (AT PETRA: 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, CELLO')
 *CENTRAL REGION (USE 'INCLUSIVE REACTION, CENTRAL REGION')
 CERAMICS
 CERIUM
 *CERN CYCL
 *CERN MUON STOR
 *CERN SPS
 *CERN STCF
 *CERN PS
 -CERULLUS-MARTIN (USE 'HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR' AND 'SCATTERING, WIDE-ANGLE')
 CESIUM
 -CGL (DISPERSION RELATIONS, CHEB-GOLDBERGER-LCW)
 -CGLN (DISPERSION RELATIONS, CHEB-GOLDBERGER-LCW-NAMBU)
 *CHAN-LCSKIEWICZ-ALLISON (MODEL, CHAN-LCSKIEWICZ-ALLISON)
 -CHANNEL (ACT APPLIED)
 CHANNEL CROSS SECTION (USED FOR THE INTEGRATED DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION OF A CHANNEL)
 *CHANNELING (EFFECT, CHANNELING)
 CHARGE
 *CHARGE CONJUGATION ('INVARIANCE, CHARGE CONJUGATION' OR 'VIOLATION, CHARGE CONJUGATION' OR 'QUANTUM NUMBER, CHARGE CONJUGATION')
 CHARGE DISTRIBUTION (SEE ALSO 'FORM FACTOR')
 CHARGE EXCHANGE
 -CHARGE INDEPENDENCE (USE 'NUCLEAR FORCES' OR 'MESON ALGEBRA, INTERACTION')
 -CHARGE STATISTICS (CHARGE, STATISTICS)
 CHARGED CURRENT
 CHARGED PARTICLE
 *CHARGED SCALAR (EXCHANGE, CHARGED SCALAR)
 -CHARGED SCALAR STATIC MODEL ('MODEL, STATIC' AND 'EXCHANGE, CHARGED SCALAR')

*CHARM (CLARK, CHARM)
 *CHARM CHANGING (SEE 'CURRENT, CHARM CHANGING')
 CHARMED BARYON
 -CHARMED HADRON ('CHARMED MESON' OR 'CHARMED BARYON')
 CHARMED MESON
 CHARMED PARTICLE
 *CHARMCN1LM (CLARK, CHARMCN1LM)
 -CHARRAK CHAMBER (PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER)
 CHEMICALS
 CHEMISTRY
 -CHENG-DASHEN (SYMMETRY, CHIRAL)
 *CHENG-WU (MODEL, CHENG-WU)
 *CHERENKOV (RADIATION, CHERENKOV)
 CHERENKOV COUNTER
 -CHERENKOV RADIATION (RADIATION, CHERENKOV)
 -CHERENKOV SPECTROMETER ('CHERENKOV COUNTER' AND 'COUNTERS AND DETECTORS')
 -CHEN-FRUTSCHLI FLET (REGGE POLES)
 *CHEN-GOLDBERGER-LCW (DISPERSION RELATIONS, CHEB-GOLDBERGER-LCW)
 *CHEN-GOLDBERGER-LCW-NAMBL (DISPERSION RELATIONS, CHEB-GOLDBERGER-LCW-NAMBU)
 *CHEN-LCW (MODEL, CHEB-LCW)
 *CHEN-MANDELSTAM (MODEL, CHEB-MANDELSTAM)
 -CHEN-PIGNOTTI (MODEL, MULTIFERIPHERAL) CHI(3010)
 *CHI(2450) (NEW PARTICLE, CHI(3450))
 *CHI(2510) (USE 'CHI/PC(2510)')
 CHI(3550)
 CHI/PC(3510)
 *CHICAGO CYCL
 *CHIRAL (GENERALLY 'SYMMETRY, CHIRAL')
 CHLORINE
 *CHOU-YANG (MODEL, CHOU-YANG)
 CHROMIUM
 -CIM (USE 'MODEL, CONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE')
 -CIRCUIT ANALYSIS (SEE 'ELECTRONICS')
 -CLA (MODEL, CHAN-LCSKIEWICZ-ALLISON)
 *CLASSICAL (FIELD THEORY, CLASSICAL)
 *CLEBSCH-GORDAN COEFFICIENTS (GROUP THEORY, CLEBSCH-GORDAN COEFFICIENTS)
 *CLIFFORD (ALGEBRA, CLIFFORD)
 -CLOSED-LOOP DIAGRAM ('FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER' OR 'DUALITY, HIGHER-ORDER')
 -CLOSED-CRBIT CORRECTION (CORRECTION, CRBIT)
 *CLOSURE (APPROXIMATION, CLOSURE)
 CLOUD CHAMBER
 *CLUSTER (MODEL, CLUSTER)
 *CLUSTER ANALYSIS (MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS, CLUSTER ANALYSIS)
 -CLUSTER EXPANSION ('FIELD THEORY' OR 'NUCLEAR PHYSICS')
 COBALT
 -CCHEM-TANNUCOJ]-HENYEV-KANE (SEE 'MODEL, ABSORPTION')
 *COHERENT INTERACTION (ALSO 'MODEL, COHERENT INTERACTION')
 *COHERENT PRODUCTION
 *COHERENT STATE (SEE 'QUANTUM MECHANICS, COHERENT STATE' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, COHERENT STATE')
 COIL
 *COINCIDENCE (FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE)
 -COLEMAN-GLASHOW FORMULA (BARYON, MASS DIFFERENCE)
 -COLEMAN-WEINBERG INSTABILITY (SYMMETRY BREAKING)
 *COLLECTIVE (USED ONLY IN 'ACCELERATOR, COLLECTIVE' SEE ALSO 'COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA')
 *COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA ('FIELD THEORY, COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA' OR 'NUCLEAR PHYSICS, COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA')
 *COLLIDING BEAMS (FOR EXPERIMENTS ONLY, FOR ACCELERATOR ASPECTS SEE 'STORAGE RING')
 -COLLIDING-BEAM DETECTORS (USE APPROPRIATE KEYWORDS FOR CHAMBERS OR DETECTORS; SEE ALSO 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR' OR 'HYBRID SYSTEM' OR 'FLUR-PI-DETECTOR'; ADD 'MAGNETIC FIELD' WHERE APPROPRIATE)
 *COLLER (CLARK, COLLER)
 COLORED PARTICLE
 COMMUNICATIONS
 *COMPUTATION RELATIONS ('FIELD THEORY, COMMUTATION RELATIONS' OR 'CURRENT ALGEBRA, COMMUTATION RELATIONS' OR 'QUANTUM MECHANICS, COMMUTATION RELATIONS' OR 'ALGEBRA, COMPUTATION RELATIONS' (VERY RESTRICTED USE))
 -COMMUTATOR (SEE 'COMPUTATION RELATIONS')
 -COMPARISON OF EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS (INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS)
 -COMPILER (USE 'COMPUTER' AND 'PROGRAMMING')
 -CONFLEX REGGE POLES (REGGE POLES)

C

*CCMPCSITE (MDEL, CCMPCSITE)
 -CCMPCSITE ECSEN (MDEL, ECSEN AND MDEL, CCMPCSITE)
 -CCMPCSITE PARTICLE MDEL (MDEL, CCMPCSITE)
 -CCMPCND NUCLEUS (NUCLEAR REACTION)
 COMPOUNDS
 COMPTON SCATTERING
 COMPUTER
 CONCRETE
 *CCONDENSATION (SEE *PI, CCCONDENSATION OR *N, CCCONDENSATION)
 CONFERENCE
 *CCONFIGURATION (INTERFERENCE, CCONFIGURATION)
 -CCONFIGURATION MIXING (INTERFERENCE, CCONFIGURATION)
 *CCONFINEMENT (GLARK, CONFINEMENT)
 *CCONFORMAL (INVARIANCE, CCONFORMAL)
 -CCONFORMAL MAPPING (SEE *NUMERICAL MATHEMATICS OR *ANALYTIC PROPERTIES OR *DATA ANALYSIS METHOD*)
 CONSERVATION LAW
 *CCONSERVED A-V CURRENT (MDEL, CCONSERVED A-V CURRENT)
 *CCONSERVED VECTOR CURRENT (MDEL, CCONSERVED VECTOR CURRENT)
 -CONSPIRACY (USE *REGGE POLES, FORWARD SCATTERING*)
 *CCONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE (MDEL, CCONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE)
 -CONSTITUENT QUARK (SEE *QUARK OR *MDEL, QUARK PART*)
 *CCONSTRUCTIVE (FIELD THEORY, CONSTRUCTIVE)
 *CCONTACT COUPLING (MDEL, CONTACT COUPLING)
 -CONTACT INTERACTION (MDEL, CONTACT COUPLING)
 -CONTAMINATION (SEE *COSMETRY OR *BACKGROUND OR *ADMIXTURE*)
 *CCONTINUOUS MASS (SUM RULE, CCNTINUOUS MASS)
 *CCONTINUOUS MOMENT (SUM RULE, CCNTINUOUS MOMENT)
 CONTROL SYSTEM
 *CCONTROLLER (CAMAC SYSTEM, CCNTROLLER)
 *CCOPLANAR (ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION, COPLANAR)
 COPPER
 *CCORNELL CESR STCR
 *CCORNELL ES
 CORRECTION
 CORRELATION
 CORRELATION FUNCTION
 COSMIC RADIATION
 -CCOSMOLOGY (SEE *ASTROPHYSICS*)
 *CCOSTS
 -COTTINGHAM FCBDLLA (MASS DIFFERENCE)
 *CCULCME
 -CCULCME DISSOCIATION (NUCLEAR REACTION, CCULCME SCATTERING)

*CCULCMB GALGE (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, CCULCMB GALGE)
 *CCULCME SCATTERING
 COUNTERS AND DETECTORS
 *CCOUPLED CHANNEL (PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS, COUPLED CHANNEL)
 COUPLING (RESTRICTED USE)
 COUPLING CONSTANT (RESTRICTED USE, ONLY IN COMBINATIONS WITH PARTICLES)
 -CCOVARIANCE (USE *INVARIANCE, LORENTZ* (RESTRICTED USE))
 *CPI (*INVARIANCE, CPI OR *VIOLATION, CPI*)
 *CPT (*INVARIANCE, CPT OR *VIOLATION, CPT*)
 -CRATE CONTROLLER (CAMAC SYSTEM, CONTROLLER)
 -CRITICAL EXPONENT (SEE *CRITICAL PHENOMENA*)
 *CRITICAL PHENOMENA (*FIELD THEORY, CRITICAL PHENOMENA OR *THERMODYNAMICS, CRITICAL PHENOMENA OR *STATISTICAL MECHANICS, CRITICAL PHENOMENA*)
 -CRITICAL POINT (SEE *CRITICAL PHENOMENA*)
 CROSS SECTION (RESTRICTED USE, SEE ALSO *TOTAL CROSS SECTION OR *DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION OR *CHANNEL CROSS SECTION*)
 *CROSSING (SYMMETRY, CROSSING)
 -CRYOGENICS (SEE *LOW TEMPERATURE OR *SUPERCONDUCTING*)
 CRYSTAL
 *CRYSTAL BALL (AT SPEAR: *MAGNETIC DETECTOR, CRYSTAL BALL*)
 -CRYSTAL SCINTILLATOR (USE *SCINTILLATION COUNTER, CRYSTAL*)
 *CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION (SEE *MACRON NUCLEUS, CUMULATIVE PRODUCTION*)
 CURIUM
 CURRENT (RESTRICTED USE, SEE ALSO *NEUTRAL CURRENT*, *CHARGED CURRENT OR *WEAK CURRENT*)
 CURRENT ALGEBRA
 -CURRENT COMMUTATION RELATIONS (CURRENT ALGEBRA, COMMUTATION RELATIONS)
 -CURRENT COMMUTATORS (CURRENT ALGEBRA, COMMUTATION RELATIONS)
 -CURRENT CONSERVATION LAW (CURRENT, CONSERVATION LAW)
 -CURRENT QUARK MDEL (GLARK, CURRENT)
 *CURRENT-CURRENT (EITHER *MDEL, CURRENT-CURRENT OR *INTERFERENCE, CURRENT-CURRENT*)
 -CURRENT-CURRENT MIXING (INTERFERENCE, CURRENT-CURRENT)
 *CUTKOSKY-ZACHARIASEN (MDEL, CUTKOSKY-ZACHARIASEN)
 -CVC (MDEL, CCONSERVED VECTOR CURRENT)
 CYCLOTRON

D

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 *C/F RATIO (COUPLING CONSTANT, C/F RATIO)
 -CAC (USE *ANALOG CIRCUIT*)
 *DALITZ PLOT (MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS, DALITZ PLOT)
 -DAMA (*MODEL, DUAL RESONANCE AND *ANALYTIC PROPERTIES*)
 *DAMAGE (RADIATION, DAMAGE)
 -DAMPING (SEE *ENERGY LOSS* OR *BEAM DAMPING*)
 -DASHEN-FUEINI-GELL-MANN (SEE *SUM RULE, ADLER-DASHEN-GELL-MANN-FLEISCH*)
 *DASP (AT ORIS; *MAGNETIC DETECTOR, DASP*)
 -DATA ANALYSIS (SEE *STATISTICAL ANALYSIS* OR *MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS* OR *PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS* OR *DATA COMPILATION* OR *DATA ANALYSIS METHOD* OR *INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS*)
 DATA ANALYSIS METHOD (RESTRICTED USE)
 -DATA COLLECTION (SEE *DATA COMPILATION*)
 DATA COMPILATION
 -DATA HANDLING (SEE *PROGRAMMING*)
 -DATA PRESENTATION (SEE *INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS* OR *DATA ANALYSIS METHOD*)
 -DATA PROCESSING (SEE *COMPILER* OR *PROGRAMMING*)
 *DE SITTER (*SCOP THEORY, DE SITTER* OR *ALGEBRA, DE SITTER*)
 DECAY (RESTRICTED USE, IF POSSIBLE USE MORE SPECIFIC TERM)
 -DECAY FRACTION (USE *DECAY RATE*)
 *DECAY MODES
 *DECAY RATE (PARTICLE, DECAY RATE)
 *DECAY WIDTH (PARTICLE, DECAY WIDTH)
 *DECISION (ONLY USE AS *FAST LOGIC, DECISION*)
 *DECK (*EFFECT, DECK*)
 -DECK MODEL (SEE *EFFECT, DECK*)
 *DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING (ALSO *MODEL, DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING*)
 -DEFORMABLE SPHERE MODEL (MODEL, PARTICLE)
 -DEFORMED NUCLEI (NUCLEAR PROPERTIES)
 *DELAY LINE (PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER, DELAY LINE)
 *DELBUECK (SCATTERING, DELBUECK)
 *DELTA (*NUCLEON RESONANCE, DELTA* (WITH I=3/2))
 -DELTA(I)=... (SELECTION RULE, ISOSPIN)
 -DELTA(S)=... (*SELECTION RULE, STRANGENESS*, SEE ALSO *CURRENT, STRANGENESS CHANGING*)
 DELTA(1236)
 DELTA(1236)+
 DELTA(1236)++
 DELTA(1236)-
 DELTA(1236)--
 DELTA(1236)0
 DELTA(1650)
 DELTA(1670)
 DELTA(1690)
 DELTA(1910)
 DELTA(1950)
 DELTA(2420)
 DELTA(2600)
 DELTA(3230)
 DELTA(970)
 DENSITY
 *DENSITY MATRIX (GENERALLY *SPIN, DENSITY MATRIX*)
 DEPENDENCE (RESTRICTED USE)
 *DEPOLARIZATION (POLARIZATION, DEPOLARIZATION)
 -DESER-GILBERT-SUDARSHAN (SEE *SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION*)
 *DESY ORIS STOR (AT FAMEURG)
 *DESY ES (AT FAMEURG)
 *DESY PETRA STOR (AT FAMEURG)
 -DETECTION (*COUNTERS AND DETECTORS* OR *MEASUREMENT* OR *PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION*)
 -DETECTOR (USE MORE SPECIFIC KEYWORDS)
 DEUTERIUM (SEE ALSO *DEUTERON*)
 DEUTERON (SEE ALSO *DEUTERIUM*)
 DEUTERON DEUTERON
 DEUTERON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 DEUTERON NUCLEUS
 *DIBARYON (BARYON RESONANCE, DIBARYON)
 *DIFFERENCE
 DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION (FOR THE INTEGRATED DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION OF A CHANNEL, USE *CHANNEL CROSS SECTION*)
 DIFFRACTION
 -DIFFRACTION DISSOCIATION (DIFFRACTION, DISSOCIATION)
 -DIFFRACTION MODEL (*MODEL, DIFFRACTION* OR EXPERIMENTAL, *INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS, DIFFRACTION*)
 -DIFFRACTION SCATTERING (DIFFRACTION)
 -DIFFRACTIVE EXCITATION (MODEL, DIFFRACTION)
 -DIFFRACTIVE PRODUCTION (DIFFRACTION, PRODUCTION)
 DIFFUSION
 -DIFFUSION CHAMBER (CLOUD CHAMBER)
 DIGITAL LOGIC (*DIGITAL LOGIC, REACT* OR *DIGITAL LOGIC, INTERFACE*)
 -DIGITAL-ANALOG CONVERTER (SEE *ANALOG CIRCUIT*)
 -DIGITAL-DIGITAL CIRCUIT (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 -DIKAC (SEE, E.G., *FINAL STATE, (2K)*)
 -DILATATION (USE *SYMMETRY, DILATION*)
 *DILATION (SYMMETRY, DILATION)
 -DILATION (USE *SYMMETRY, DILATION*)
 *DILEPTON (FINAL STATE, DILEPTON)
 *DILUTE GAS (APPROXIMATION, DILUTE GAS)
 *DIMENSION (FINAL STATE, DIMENSION)
 *DIP (DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION, DIP)
 -DIP MECHANISM (NOT USED)
 *DIPION
 -DIPION (SEE *FORM FACTOR*)
 -DIPION MAGNET (SEE *BENDING MAGNET*)
 *DIGLARK (GLARK, DIGLARK)
 *DIRAC (FIELD EQUATIONS, DIRAC)
 -DIRAC PARTICLE (*FERMION*, SEE ALSO *FIELD EQUATIONS* OR *MAGNETIC MONOPOLE*)
 *DIRECT PRODUCTION
 -DIRECT REACTION (SEE *NUCLEAR REACTION*)
 -DISCHARGE CHAMBER (SPARK CHAMBER)
 -DISCRIMINATOR (ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER)
 *DISPERSION
 DISPERSION RELATIONS
 -DISPERSION THEORY (DISPERSION RELATIONS)
 -DISPLAY (FREQUENTLY: PULSE-HEIGHT ANALYZER)
 *DISSOCIATION (DIFFRACTION, DISSOCIATION)
 *DISTORTED WAVE BORN (APPROXIMATION, DISTORTED WAVE BORN)
 *DISTORTED WAVE IMPULSE (APPROXIMATION, DISTORTED WAVE IMPULSE)
 -DISTRIBUTION (IN EXPERIMENTAL PAPERS: *SPECTRA* OR *ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION* OR *ENERGY SPECTRUM* OR *MASS SPECTRUM*)
 DOSIMETRY
 -DOUBLE ABSORPTION (USE *ABSORPTION* AND *FINAL-STATE INTERACTION*)
 -DOUBLE CAPTURE (USE *CAPTURE, MULTIPLE*)
 -DOUBLE CHARGE EXCHANGE (USE *CHARGE EXCHANGE, MULTIPLE*)
 -DOUBLE EXCHANGE (SEE *REGGE POLES, MULTI-REGGE* OR *RADIATIVE CORRECTION* OR *FINAL-STATE INTERACTION* OR *CHARGE EXCHANGE, MULTIPLE*)
 -DOUBLE EXCITATION (SEE *EXCITED STATE*)
 -DOUBLE PAIR PRODUCTION (PAIR PRODUCTION, MULTIPLE PRODUCTION)
 -DOUBLE PERIPHERAL (MODEL, PERIPHERAL)
 -DOUBLE REGGE EXCHANGE (REGGE POLES, MULTI-REGGE)
 -DOUBLE REGGE POLE (REGGE POLES, MULTI-REGGE)
 -DOUBLE SCATTERING (SEE *EXCHANGE* OR *MULTIPLE SCATTERING*)
 -DOUBLE SPECTRAL FUNCTION (MANDELSTAM REPRESENTATION)
 -DOUBLE-ARM SPECTROMETER (SEE *MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER*)
 -DOUBLET (POSSIBLY *MASS DIFFERENCE*)
 *DOWN (GLARK, DOWN)
 -DRELL EFFECT (USE *PI+ PI-, PHOTOPRODUCTION* AND *EXCHANGE, ONE-RESON*)
 -DRELL RATIO (USE *ELECTRON POSITION, ANNIHILATION* AND *TOTAL CROSS SECTION, RATIO*)
 *DRELL-HEARN-GERASIMOV (SUM RULE, DRELL-HEARN-GERASIMOV)
 -DRELL-HIICA-DECK MODEL (USE *EFFECT, DECK*)
 -DRELL-LEVY-YAN (USE *MODEL, PARTON*)
 *DRELL-YAN (*MODEL, PARTON* AND *MODEL, DRELL-YAN*)
 *DRELL-YAN-WEST (MODEL, DRELL-YAN-WEST)
 -DRESSED PARTICLE (PROPAGATOR, RENORMALIZATION)
 DRIFT CHAMBER
 *DREPLET (MODEL, DREPLET)
 -DUAL DESCRIPTIVE MODEL (MODEL, ABSORPTION)
 -DUAL AMPLITUDE WITH MANDELSTAM ANALYTICITY (*MODEL, DUAL RESONANCE* AND *ANALYTIC PROPERTIES*)
 -DUAL DIFFRACTION (*DIFFRACTION* AND *DUALITY*)
 DUAL FIELD THEORY (SEE ALSO *FIELD THEORY, DUALITY*)
 -DUAL MODEL (SEE *MODEL, DUAL RESONANCE* OR *DUALITY*)
 *DUAL RESONANCE (MODEL, DUAL RESONANCE)
 -DUAL-LOOP MODEL (DUAL FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER)

D

DUALITY (USUALLY WITHOUT 'REGGE POLES')
#DUBNA CYCL
#DUBNA PS
#DUBNA-FILKUP (MODEL, DUBNA-FILKUP)
-DUFFIN-KEMMER (FIELD EQUATIONS)
-DUFFIN-KEMMER-FETTER (FIELD EQUATIONS)
-DWBA (APPROXIMATION, DISTORTED WAVE ECRN)
-DYNAMIC GROUP (GROUP THEORY)
-DYNAMICAL SYMMETRY BREAKING (SEE 'SYMMETRY
BREAKING')

#DYON (FIELD EQUATIONS, DYON)
-DYSON REPRESENTATION (SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION)
#DYSON-SCHWINGER (FIELD EQUATIONS,
DYSON-SCHWINGER)
DYSPROSIUM
DO
DO ANTI-DO

E

E(1422)
 -ECCENCY (SEE 'COSTS')
 -EDDY CURRENT (SEE 'MAGNETIC FIELD' AND POSSIBLY 'CORRECTION')
 EFFECT (RESTRICTED USE)
 *EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS ('CURRENT ALGEBRA, EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS', OR 'FIELD THEORY, EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS')
 -EFFECTIVE MASS (SEE 'MASS SPECTRUM')
 *EFFECTIVE POTENTIAL (APPROXIMATION, EFFECTIVE POTENTIAL)
 *EFFECTIVE RANGE (APPROXIMATION, EFFECTIVE RANGE)
 *EFFICIENCY (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, EFFICIENCY)
 -EIGENSTATE (SEE 'ENERGY EIGENSTATE')
 -EIGHTFOLD WAY (SYMMETRY, SU(3))
 *EIKONAL ('APPROXIMATION, EIKONAL' OR 'REGGE CLT')
 *EINSTEIN (FIELD EQUATIONS, EINSTEIN)
 *EINSTEIN-MAXWELL (FIELD EQUATIONS, EINSTEIN-MAXWELL)
 EINSTEINIUM
 EJECTION
 -ELASTIC CROSS SECTION (ELASTIC SCATTERING)
 ELASTIC SCATTERING
 -ELASTIC TOTAL CROSS SECTION (USE 'ELASTIC SCATTERING, CHANNEL CROSS SECTION')
 -ELASTICITY (ELASTIC SCATTERING, CHANNEL CROSS SECTION)
 *ELECTRIC
 ELECTRIC FIELD
 ELECTRIC MOMENT
 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
 ELECTRICITY
 -ELECTROEXCITATION
 ELECTROFISSION (FISSION DUE TO ELECTRONS OR MUONS)
 *ELECTROMAGNETIC
 *ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPONENT (COSMIC RADIATION, ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPONENT)
 *ELECTROMAGNETIC DECAY (SEE ALSO 'RADIATIVE DECAY')
 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD
 -ELECTROMAGNETIC FORM FACTOR (USE 'FORM FACTOR')
 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERACTION (ALSO: 'MODEL, ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERACTION')
 -ELECTROMAGNETIC MIXING ('INTERFERENCE, ELECTROMAGNETIC' (RESTRICTED USE))
 ELECTRON (ALSO USED WHEN CHARGE IS IRRELEVANT)
 ELECTRON ANTI-KO
 ELECTRON ANTI-N
 ELECTRON ANTI-P
 ELECTRON ANTIBARYON
 ELECTRON ANTIMYPERON
 ELECTRON ANTILAMBDA
 ELECTRON ANTIANUCLEON
 ELECTRON ANTISIGMA
 ELECTRON ANTI-XI
 ELECTRON BARYON
 ELECTRON BARYON RESONANCE
 ELECTRON BOSON
 *ELECTRON COOLING (BEAM COOLING, ELECTRON COOLING)
 ELECTRON DEUTERON
 ELECTRON ELECTRON (ALSO USED WHEN CHARGE IS IRRELEVANT)
 ELECTRON HADRON
 ELECTRON HYPERON
 ELECTRON K
 ELECTRON K+
 ELECTRON K-
 ELECTRON KO
 ELECTRON LAMBDA
 ELECTRON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 ELECTRON MESON
 ELECTRON MESON RESONANCE
 ELECTRON MUON
 ELECTRON MUON+
 ELECTRON MUON-
 ELECTRON N
 -ELECTRON NEUTRINO (FOR THE INTERACTION USE 'NEUTRINO ELECTRON'; FOR THE PARTICLE USE 'NEUTRINO/E')
 ELECTRON NUCLEON
 ELECTRON NUCLEUS
 ELECTRON OMEGA-
 ELECTRON P
 ELECTRON PI
 ELECTRON PI+
 ELECTRON PI-
 ELECTRON PI0
 ELECTRON POSITRON
 *ELECTRON RING ('ACCELERATOR, ELECTRON RING' (NOT COUPLED WITH 'ION' OR 'HEAVY ION'))

ELECTRON SIGMA
 ELECTRON SIGMA+
 ELECTRON SIGMA-
 ELECTRON SIGMA0
 -ELECTRON SPECTROMETER (SEE 'MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER')
 ELECTRON SYNCHROTRON
 ELECTRON VECTOR MESON
 ELECTRON XI
 ELECTRON XI-
 ELECTRON XI0
 -ELECTRONICS (USE MCFE SPECIFIC KEYWORDS)
 ELECTROPRODUCTION (NORMALLY USED WHEN PARTICLES ARE PRODUCED BY ELECTRONS OR MUONS; FOR Q-SQUARE=C SEE 'PHOTOPRODUCTION')
 *ELECTROSTATIC
 -ELECTROSTATIC ACCELERATOR (ACCELERATOR, ELECTROSTATIC)
 -ELECTROSTATIC SEPARATOR (USE 'PARTICLE SEPARATOR')
 -ELEMENTARY LENGTH (SEE 'FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANT, LENGTH')
 ELEMENTS
 EMISSION
 -EMULSION CHAMBER (USE 'NUCLEAR EMULSION' AND POSSIBLY 'TOTAL-DESCRIPTION COUNTER')
 -ENCODER (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 ENERGY
 *ENERGY DEPENDENCE
 *ENERGY EIGENSTATE ('QUANTUM MECHANICS, ENERGY EIGENSTATE' OR 'FIELD THEORY, ENERGY EIGENSTATE' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, ENERGY EIGENSTATE', ACT USED FOR ENERGY LEVELS OR EXCITED STATES.)
 ENERGY LEVELS
 ENERGY LOSS
 *ENERGY RESOLUTION (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, ENERGY RESOLUTION)
 ENERGY SPECTRUM
 -ENERGY SPREAD (SEE 'ENERGY SPECTRUM')
 *ENERGY-MOMENTUM (TENSOR, ENERGY-MOMENTUM)
 -ENERGY-RANGE RELATION (ENERGY LOSS)
 *ENHANCEMENT ('TOTAL CROSS SECTION, ENHANCEMENT', 'DIFFERENTIAL CROSS SECTION, ENHANCEMENT', 'CROSS SECTION, ENHANCEMENT'; SEE ALSO 'MASS ENHANCEMENT')
 EPSILON(1200)
 -EQUAL-TIME COMMUTATOR ('CURRENT ALGEBRA, COMMUTATION RELATIONS' OR 'FIELD THEORY, COMMUTATION RELATIONS')
 -EQUILIBRIUM (SEE 'STATISTICAL MECHANICS' OR 'THERMODYNAMICS')
 *EQUIVALENT FRICTION (APPROXIMATION, EQUIVALENT FRICTION)
 ERBIUM
 *ERFAN ES
 *ERICSON FLUCTUATIONS (STATISTICS, ERICSON FLUCTUATIONS)
 -ETA ETA MIXING* (INTERFERENCE, ETA(545)-ETA(555))
 *ETA(B) (FOCILLATED PARTICLE, ETA(B))
 *ETA(C) (FOCILLATED PARTICLE, ETA(C))
 *ETA(C)' (FOCILLATED PARTICLE, ETA(C)')
 -ETA(1070) (SEE 'S*(1000)')
 ETA(549)
 *ETA(545)-ETA(555)
 -ETA(700-1000) (EPSILON(1200))
 ETA(558)
 *EUCLIDEAN (FIELD THEORY, EUCLIDEAN)
 EUROPIUM
 -EVAPORATION MODEL (MULTIPLE PRODUCTION)
 -EVENT SELECTOR (SEE 'MICROPROCESSOR, PREPROCESSING')
 EXCHANGE
 *EXCHANGE DEGENERACY (USED IN CONNECTION WITH REGGE POLES)
 -EXCHANGE INTERFERENCE (EXCHANGE, INTERFERENCE)
 -EXCHANGE MODEL (EXCHANGE)
 -EXCITATION (SEE 'EXCITED STATE' OR 'EXCITED NUCLEUS')
 EXCITED NUCLEUS
 EXCITED STATE
 *EXCLUSIVE REACTION (WITH PARTICLES, E.G. 'ELECTRON P, EXCLUSIVE REACTION'; IF NOT POSSIBLE, 'MODEL, EXCLUSIVE REACTION')
 *EXTIC (COMBINATIONS USES: 'RESONANCE, EXTIC', 'MESON RESONANCE, EXTIC', 'BARYON RESONANCE, EXTIC', 'ATCH, EXTIC')
 EXPANSION 1/N
 *EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT
 *EXPERIMENTAL METHODS
 *EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS
 *EXTENDED PARTICLE (MODEL, EXTENDED PARTICLE)

E

*EXTENSIVE (EMBERS, EXTENSIVE)
*EXTERNAL (SYMMETRY, EXTERNAL)

*EXTERNAL FIELD (*FIELD THEORY, EXTERNAL
FIELD* (RESTRICTED USE))

F

F
 *F MESON DOMINANCE (MCCEL, F MESON DOMINANCE)
 F(1260)
 F(1514)
 F*
 F**
 -F/D RATIO (COUPLING CONSTANT, C/F RATIO)
 -FABRI FLCT (KINEMATICS)
 *FACTORIZATION
 -FADDEEV EQUATIONS (MANY-BODY PROBLEM)
 *FANIN (FAST LOGIC, FANIN)
 *FANCLT (FAST LOGIC, FANCLT)
 FAST LOGIC ('FAST LOGIC, DECISION' OR 'FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT' OR 'FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE' OR 'FAST LOGIC, FANIN' OR 'FAST LOGIC, FANCLT')
 FEEDBACK (USED ONLY IN CONNECTION WITH ACCELERATORS, IN OTHER CASES SEE 'COUPLING')
 -FERMI COUPLING (USE 'WEAK INTERACTION, CURRENT-CURRENT')
 *FERMI GAS (MCCEL, FERMI GAS)
 -FERMI INTERACTION (SEE 'FERMION')
 -FERMI MOTION CORRECTION (USE 'NUCLEAR PHYSICS, CORRECTION')
 -FERMI STATISTICS (FERMION, STATISTICS)
 *FERMI-YANG (MCCEL, FERMI-YANG)
 FERMION
 FERMION ANTI-K
 FERMION ANTI-KO
 FERMION ANTI-K
 FERMION ANTI-P
 FERMION ANTIBARYON
 FERMION ANTIFERMION
 FERMION ANTIHYPERON
 FERMION ANTI LAMBDA
 FERMION ANTI NEUTRINO
 FERMION ANTI NUCLEON
 FERMION ANTISIGMA
 FERMION ANTI XI
 FERMION BARYON
 FERMION BARYON RESONANCE
 FERMION BOSON
 FERMION DEUTERON
 FERMION ELECTRON
 FERMION FERMION
 FERMION HADRON
 FERMION HYPERON
 FERMION K
 FERMION K+
 FERMION K-
 FERMION KO
 FERMION LAMBDA
 FERMION LIGHT NUCLEUS
 FERMION MESON
 FERMION MESON RESONANCE
 -FERMION MODEL ('STATISTICS' AND 'MCCEL, FERMION')
 FERMION MUON
 FERMION MUON+
 FERMION MUON-
 FERMION N
 FERMION NEUTRINO
 FERMION NUCLEON
 FERMION NUCLEUS
 FERMION OMEGA-
 FERMION P
 FERMION P1
 FERMION P1+
 FERMION P1-
 FERMION P10
 FERMION POSITRON
 FERMION SIGMA
 FERMION SIGMA+
 FERMION SIGMA-
 FERMION SIGMA0
 FERMION VECTOR MESON
 FERMION XI
 FERMION XI-
 FERMION XI0
 FERMIUM
 *FERROMAGNET (USE IN 'MCCEL, FERROMAGNET')
 -FESR (SUM RULE, FINITE ENERGY)
 *FEYNMAN (SCALING, FEYNMAN)
 -FEYNMAN FLUID (USE 'SCALING, FEYNMAN' OR 'MCCEL, FLUID')
 -FEYNMAN GAS (USE 'SCALING, FEYNMAN' OR 'MCCEL, GAS')
 *FEYNMAN GALGE (GALGE FIELD THEORY, FEYNMAN GALGE)
 FEYNMAN GRAPH (RESTRICTED USE)
 -FEYNMAN INTEGRAL (USE 'FEYNMAN GRAPH')
 -FEYNMAN PATH (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, PATH INTEGRAL' OR 'PERTURBATION THEORY, PATH INTEGRAL')

-FEYNMAN RULE (SEE 'FEYNMAN GRAPH' OR 'PERTURBATION THEORY')
 -FEYNMAN-NISLINGER-FAYNDAL MODEL (QUARK)
 *FIERE BUNDLE (FIELD THEORY, FIERE BUNDLE)
 FIELD EQUATIONS
 FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL
 FIELD THEORY (SEE ALSO 'GAUGE FIELD THEORY' OR 'FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL' OR 'UNIFIED FIELD THEORY' OR 'GLOBAL FIELD THEORY' OR 'REGGION FIELD THEORY')
 -FIERZ CROSSING SYMMETRY (MCCEL, FOUR-FERMION INTERACTION)
 FINAL STATE (RESTRICTED USE, EXAMPLES: 'FINAL STATE, (F 2PI)'; 'FINAL STATE, DUAL')
 FINAL-STATE INTERACTION
 *FINE STRUCTURE (ATOMIC PHYSICS, FINE STRUCTURE)
 *FINITE ENERGY (SUM RULE, FINITE ENERGY)
 *FINITE MASS (SUM RULE, FINITE MASS)
 *FINITE MOMENTUM
 *FIREBALL (MCCEL, FIREBALL)
 FISSION
 -FIT ('INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS, ...' OR 'STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, ...', THESE TERMS ARE SPECIFIED BY THE ADDITIVES, FOR NEW METHODS 'DATA ANALYSIS METHOD' IS USED)
 *FIVE-DIMENSIONAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, FIVE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, FIVE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, FIVE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, FIVE-DIMENSIONAL')
 -FIXED POINT (SEE 'RENORMALIZATION GROUP' OR 'RENORMALIZATION GROUP, CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQUATION')
 *FIXED POLE (MCCEL, FIXED POLE)
 *FIXED-ANGLE
 -FIXED-T DISPERSION RELATIONS (DISPERSION RELATIONS)
 *FLASH TUBE (SPARK CHAMBER, FLASH TUBE)
 *FLAVOR (QUARK, FLAVOR)
 *FLAVOR CHANGING (SEE 'CURRENT, FLAVOR CHANGING')
 *FLUID (ONLY USE FOR 'MCCEL, FLUID', OTHERWISE USE 'LIGID')
 -FLUID ANALOGY (USE 'MCCEL, FLUID')
 FLUORINE
 FLUX
 -FNAL ('PRECISION SYNCHROTRON'; FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS SEE 'EATONIA FS')
 *FOLDY-WULTHYSEN (TRANSFORMATION, FOLDY-WULTHYSEN)
 *FOLDSH (COSMIC RADIATION, FOLDSH)
 FORCES
 FORM FACTOR (IF APPROPRIATE, SPECIFIERS ARE ADDED (EXAMPLE: 'FORM FACTOR, MAGNETIC'); NO SPECIFIER IS USED FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC FORM FACTORS)
 *FORMULA (SEE ALSO 'MATH FORMULA')
 *FORWARD SCATTERING (USED ONLY FOR ZERO-DEGREE SCATTERING, OTHERWISE SEE '... SMALL-ANGLE')
 -FORWARD-BACKWARD SYMMETRY (USE 'ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION')
 *FOUR-COMPONENT NEUTRINO (MCCEL, FOUR-COMPONENT NEUTRINO)
 *FOUR-DIMENSIONAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, FOUR-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, FOUR-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, FOUR-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, FOUR-DIMENSIONAL')
 *FOUR-FERMION INTERACTION (MCCEL, FOUR-FERMION INTERACTION)
 FOUR-PI-DETECTOR (RESTRICTED USE, FREQUENTLY USED FOR COLLIDING-BEAM DETECTORS)
 *FRAGMENTATION ('BEAM, FRAGMENTATION' OR 'TARGET, FRAGMENTATION' OR, MORE GENERAL, 'MULTIPLE PRODUCTION, FRAGMENTATION')
 -FRAGMENTATION REGION (SEE 'FRAGMENTATION')
 FRANCIUM
 *FRASCATI ES
 *FRASCATI SFC
 -FREDERICK CREATOR (NOT USED)
 *FRECH
 -FREQUENCY GENERATION (SEE 'MICROWAVES')
 -FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT (SEE 'MICROWAVES')
 *FRIEDMAN (MCCEL, FRIEDMAN)
 -FRITZSCH-GELL-MANN (LIGHT CONE REPRESENTATION)
 *FROISSART EQUATION (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR, FROISSART EQUATION)
 *FROISSART-CRIBBY (PARTIAL WAVE, FROISSART-CRIBBY)
 *FLUBINI-FURLAN (MCCEL, FLUBINI-FURLAN)
 FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS
 FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANT

F

-FUNDAMENTAL LENGTH (FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANT,
LENGTH)

FUSION
F1(1240)

G

- *G PARITY (QUANTUM NUMBER, G PARITY)
- G(1880)
- G-2 (MAGNETIC MOMENT)
- GADOLINIUM
- GALILEI GROUP (SEE 'GRELIF THEORY')
- GALLIUM
- GAMMA MONOCHROMATOR (PHOTON, MONOCHROMATIC BEAM)
- GAMMA SPECTROMETER (TOTAL-ABSORPTION COUNTER)
- GAS (SEE ALSO 'MODEL, GAS')
- GAS ANALOG MODEL (USE 'MODEL, GAS')
- GASEOUS SCINTILLATORS (USE 'SCINTILLATION COUNTER, GAS')
- *GATE (LINEAR GATE: 'ANALOG CIRCUIT', LOGIC GATE: 'DIGITAL LOGIC, GATE')
- *GAUGE ('INVARIANCE, GAUGE' OR 'TRANSFORMATION, GAUGE'; SEE ALSO 'GAUGE FIELD THEORY')
- GAUGE FIELD THEORY
- *GEEL LINAC
- *GEIGER-MULLER ('COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, GEIGER-MULLER')
- *GELL-MANN-LCH (FORMALIZATION GROUP, GELL-MANN-LCH)
- *GELL-MANN-CAKES-FENNER ('MODEL, GELL-MANN-CAKES-FENNER')
- *GELL-MANN-CKUBC ('MODEL, GELL-MANN-CKUBC' OR 'MASS FORMULA, GELL-MANN-CKUBC')
- GELL-MANN-SHARR-WAGNER (COUPLING, PI-RHC(765)-MECA(784))
- *GELL-MANN-ZWEIG (CLARK, GELL-MANN-ZWEIG)
- *GENERAL (RELATIVITY THEORY, GENERAL)
- GENERALIZED VECTOR DOMINANCE (MODEL, VECTOR DOMINANCE)
- *GEOMETRICAL (SCALING, GEOMETRICAL)
- *GEOGI-GLASHOW (MODEL, GEOGI-GLASHOW)
- GERMANIUM
- GERMANIUM DETECTOR (SEE 'SOLID-STATE COUNTER')

- GERMANIUM-LITHIUM COUNTER (SOLID-STATE COUNTER)
- GIANT RESONANCE (EXCITED NUCLEUS, COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA)
- GIM (MODEL, GLASHOW-ILICPOLLCS-MAIANI)
- *GLASGOW LINAC (ONLY FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS GAINED THERE)
- *GLASHOW-ILICPOLLCS-MAIANI (MODEL, GLASHOW-ILICPOLLCS-MAIANI)
- GLASS
- *GLAUBER (MODEL, GLAUBER)
- GLAUBER-MARGOLIS MODEL (MODEL, GLAUBER)
- *GLUEBALL (MODEL, GLUEBALL)
- GLUON
- GLUON GLUON
- GLUON PARTON
- GOLD
- GOLDBERGER-TREIMAN RELATION ('MODEL, FCAC' AND 'FI, DECAY')
- GOLDSTONE BOSON (FIELD THEORY, GOLDSTONE THEORY)
- GOLDSTONE MODEL (USE 'SYMMETRY, SPONTANEOUSLY BROKEN')
- *GOLDSTONE THEORY (FIELD THEORY, GOLDSTONE THEORY)
- *GRASSMANN (ALGEBRA, GRASSMANN)
- GRAVITATION
- GRAVITATIONAL RADIATION (GRAVITATION, RADIATION)
- GRAVITATIONAL WAVES (GRAVITATION, RADIATION)
- *GRAVITINE (POSTULATED PARTICLE, GRAVITINE)
- *GRAVITON (POSTULATED PARTICLE, GRAVITON)
- GREEN FUNCTION (SEE 'N-POINT FUNCTION' OR 'VERTEX FUNCTION' OR 'PROPAGATOR')
- *GRIECC (MODEL, GRIECC)
- GRIECC-FERNBERG (PARTIAL WAVE, ANALYTIC PROPERTIES)
- GROUP THEORY
- GUPIA-BLEULER (QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS)

H

H(2050)
HADRON
HADRON ANTI-K
HADRON ANTI-K0
HADRON ANTI-A
HADRON ANTI-P
HADRON ANTIBARYON
HADRON ANTIHYPERON
HADRON ANTIΛBACA
HADRON ANTIΛNUCLEON
HADRON ANTISIGMA
HADRON ANTIXI
HADRON BARYON
HADRON BARYON RESONANCE
HADRON BOSON
HADRON DEUTERON
HADRON HADRON
HADRON HYPERON
HADRON K
HADRON K+
HADRON K-
HADRON K0
HADRON LAMBDA
HADRON LIGHT NUCLEUS
HADRON MESON
HADRON MESON RESONANCE
-HADRON MODEL (MODEL, FACRON)
HADRON N
HADRON NUCLEON
HADRON NUCLEUS
HADRON Ω
HADRON P
HADRON PI
HADRON PI+
HADRON PI-
HADRON P10
HADRON QUARK
-HADRON RESONANCE (*MESON RESONANCE* AND *BARYON RESONANCE*)
HADRON SIGMA
HADRON SIGMA+
HADRON SIGMA-
HADRON SIGMA0
HADRON SPECTROSCOPY (NOT USED FOR APPARATUS)
HADRON VECTOR MESON
HADRON XI
HADRON XI-
HADRON XI0
*HADRONIC
*HADRONIC ATOM
*HADRONIC COMPONENT (COSMIC RADIATION, HADRONIC COMPONENT)
*HADRONIC DECAY (USE FOR STRONG DECAYS ONLY; OTHERWISE SEE *HADRONIC DECAY*)
*HADRONIC COLLISION
HAFNIUM
-HAGEDORN MODEL (MODEL, THERMODYNAMICAL)
-HAGEDORN-FRAUTSCH (SEE *ECCSTRAF*)
*HAN-NAMBU (SEE *GLARK, HAN-NAMBU*)
*HARARI (MODEL, HARARI)
-HARARI-FREUND MODEL (SEE *QUALITY*)
-HARARI-RESNER MODEL (SEE *QUALITY*)
*HARD CORE (MODEL, HARD CORE)
-HARD MESON (CURRENT ALGEBRA, EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS)
-HARD PION (RADIATIVE CORRECTION)
-HARD PION (CURRENT ALGEBRA, EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS)
*HARD SCATTERING (*MODEL, HARD SCATTERING* SEE ALSO *MODEL, CONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE* OR *MODEL, PARTON*)

-HARMONIC OSCILLATOR (MODEL, OSCILLATOR)
*HARTREE-FOCK (*APPROXIMATION, HARTREE-FOCK* FOR SELF-CONSISTENT CALCULATIONS IN QUANTUM MECHANICS)
HEALTH PHYSICS (SEE ALSO *NUCLEAR MEDICINE* OR *COSMETOLOGY*)
HEAT ENGINEERING
*HEAVY
*HEAVY ION (HEAVY-ION PHYSICS IS INCLUDED WHEN PARTICLE ENERGY IS >=100 MEV/NUCLEON, HEAVY-ION ACCELERATOR TECHNOLOGY IS GENERALLY INCLUDED)
HEAVY LEPTON
-HEAVY MESON (SEE *PSI MESONS* OR *UPSILON MESONS*)
-HEAVY WATER (DEUTERON, WATER)
-HEAVY-LEPTON ANINEUTRINO (ANTINEUTRINO/L)
-HEAVY-LEPTON NEUTRINO (NEUTRINO/L)
*HEISENBERG (*FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, HEISENBERG*)
-HEISENBERG MODEL (USE *FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, HEISENBERG* OR *MODEL, FERROMAGNET*)
HELICITY
HELIUM
-HIDDEN VARIABLES (QUANTUM MECHANICS)
*HIGGS (MODEL, HIGGS)
*HIGGS PARTICLE (POSTULATED PARTICLE, HIGGS PARTICLE)
-HIGGS-KIBBLE (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, WEINBERG)
*HIGH (MOMENTUM TRANSFER, HIGH)
*HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR (ONLY FOR THEORETICAL MODELS; USED ONLY WHEN HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR IS NOT IMPLICATED BY OTHER KEYWORDS GIVEN)
-HIGH SPIN (SPIN, HIGH)
*HIGH-γ ANOMALY (*NEUTRINO, INCLUSIVE REACTION*, *ANTINEUTRINO, INCLUSIVE REACTION* AND *INCLUSIVE REACTION, HIGH-γ ANOMALY*)
*HIGHER-ORDER (RESTRICTED USE, PREFERABLY WITH INTERACTIONS, E.G. *WEAK INTERACTION, HIGHER-ORDER* OTHERWISE WITH FIELD THEORY: *FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER*, ALSO *MAGNETIC MOMENT, HIGHER-ORDER* (FROM SIXTH ORDER ON, NOT USED FOR NO ANTI-KC))
-HILBERT SPACE (USE *LINEAR SPACES*)
HODSCOPE
-HODSCOPE CHAMBER (SEE *SPARK CHAMBER, FLASH TUBE*)
POLONIUM
*HWA (MODEL, HWA)
-HYBRID MODEL (*MODEL, DESCRIPTION* AND *RECEPTILES*)
HYBRID SYSTEM (USED ONLY WHEN 2 OR MORE CHAMBER TYPES ARE USED IN ONE DETECTOR; WHEN BUBBLE CHAMBERS ARE INVOLVED, ADD *BUBBLE CHAMBER*)
*HYDRODYNAMICAL (MODEL, HYDRODYNAMICAL)
HYDROGEN
*HYPERCHARGE (*QUANTUM NUMBER, HYPERCHARGE*, SEE ALSO *STRANGENESS*)
HYPERFINE STRUCTURE
HYPERFRAGMENT
-HYPERNUCLEUS (HYPERFRAGMENT)
HYPERON
HYPERON ANTIHYPERON
HYPERON BARYON RESONANCE
HYPERON DEUTERON
HYPERON HYPERON
HYPERON LIGHT NUCLEUS
HYPERON NUCLEUS
HYPERON VECTOR MESON
*HYPERONIC ATOM

*IIZUKA-OKUBO-ZWEIG (SELECTION RULE, IIZUKA-OKUBO-ZWEIG)
 *IMAGE INTENSIFIER
 *IMPACT PARAMETER (MODEL, IMPACT PARAMETER)
 *IMPULSE (APPROXIMATION, IMPULSE)
 -IMPLURITY (SEE "ADMIXTURE")
 -INCLUSIVE PRODUCTION
 INCLUSIVE REACTION
 *INCOHERENT INTERACTION
 *INCOHERENT PRODUCTION
 *INDEFINITE METRIC ("FIELD THEORY, INDEFINITE METRIC" OR "AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY, INDEFINITE METRIC")
 *INDEPENDENT EMISSION (MODEL, INDEPENDENT EMISSION)
 *INDEPENDENT PARTICLE (MODEL, INDEPENDENT PARTICLE)
 IODINE
 *INELASTIC SCATTERING
 *INFINITE-COMPONENT WAVE EQUATION (CURRENT ALGEBRA, INFINITE-COMPONENT WAVE EQUATION)
 -INFRAPARTICLE (SEE "FIELD THEORY, INFRARED PROBLEM" OR "QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, INFRARED PROBLEM")
 *INFRARED PROBLEM ("FIELD THEORY, INFRARED PROBLEM" OR "QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, INFRARED PROBLEM")
 INJECTION
 INORGANIC COMPOUNDS
 -INSTABILITY (SEE "BEAM INSTABILITY")
 *INSTANTON (FIELD EQUATIONS, INSTANTON)
 -INTEGRAL REPRESENTATION (USE "SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION")
 -INTENSITY (SEE "YIELD" OR "FLUX")
 *INTERACTION (RESTRICTED USE, IF POSSIBLE USE MORE SPECIFIC TERM)
 INTERFACE (ALSO "DIGITAL LOGIC, INTERFACE" OR "ANALOG LOGIC, INTERFACE" OR "COMPUTER, INTERFACE" OR "INTERFACE, EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT")
 INTERFERENCE
 INTERMEDIATE BOSON (SEE ALSO "POSTULATED PARTICLE, W+" OR "POSTULATED PARTICLE, W-" OR "POSTULATED PARTICLE, Z0")
 -INTERMEDIATE NUCLEUS (SEE "EXCITED NUCLEUS")

-INTERMEDIATE STATE (SEE "EXCHANGE" OR "FINAL STATE" OR "CASCADE DECAY")
 *INTERNAL (SYMMETRY, INTERNAL)
 -INTERNAL CONVERSION (SEE "PARTICLE SOURCE" OR "NUCLEAR REACTION")
 -INTERNUCLEAR CASCADE (SEE "NUCLEUS, CASCADE")
 *INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS
 *INTRANUCLEAR CASCADE (MODEL, INTRANUCLEAR CASCADE)
 *INTRODUCTORY (RESTRICTED USE, MOSTLY IN "REVIEW, INTRODUCTORY")
 INVARIANCE
 -INVARIANT PHASE SPACE (MODEL, STATISTICAL)
 *INVERSE
 -INVERSE SCATTERING (USE "INVERSE SCATTERING METHOD")
 INVERSE SCATTERING METHOD
 IODINE
 *ION (SEE ALSO "HEAVY ION")
 -ION RING ACCELERATOR (ACCELERATOR, ELECTRON RING)
 IONIZATION
 -IONIZATION CALORIMETER ("IONIZATION CHAMBER" AND "BEAM CALIBRATION"; SEE ALSO "TOTAL-ABSORPTION COUNTER")
 IONIZATION CHAMBER
 -IONIZATION SPECTROMETER (SEE "IONIZATION CHAMBER")
 -IPS (MODEL, STATISTICAL)
 IRIDIUM
 IRON
 *IRON BALL (AT FER; "MAGNETIC DETECTOR, IRON BALL")
 *ISING (STATISTICAL MECHANICS, ISING)
 *ISOBAR ("MODEL, ISOBAR"; FOR THE NUCLEON ISOBAR USE "NUCLEON RESONANCE")
 -ISOBAR ANALOG RESONANCE (SEE "NUCLEAR PHYSICS")
 *ISOCHEMICALS (CYCLOTRON, ISOCHEMICALS)
 *ISOSCALAR
 ISOSPIN
 -ISOTOPE (NUCLIDE)
 *ISOVECTOR
 -ISF ("STORAGE RING, F F"; FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS USE "CERN STCR")

I

-J(3100) (USE *J/PSI(3100)*)
J/PSI(3100)
-JACOB-SLANSKY (MODEL, MULTIPLE PRODUCTION)
*JADE (AT PETRA: *MAGNETIC DETECTOR, JADE*)
JET
*JIN-MARTIN COLLOR (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR,
JIN-MARTIN COLLOR)
-JOHNSON-BAKER-WILLEY (QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS)
*JOHNSON-TREIMAN (*SYMMETRY, JOHNSON-TREIMAN*
AND *SYMMETRY, SL(2)*)

*JOINT DECAY
*JONA-LASINIC-NAMEL (MODEL, JONA-LASINIC-NAMEL)
*JOSEPHSON (EFFECT, JOSEPHSON)
-JOST FUNCTION (POTENTIAL SCATTERING)
-JOST-LEHMANN-DYSON REPRESENTATION (SPECTRAL
REPRESENTATION)
-JWKE (USE *APPROXIMATION, JWKE*)

K

K
 K ANTI-K
 K ANTI-K0
 K ANTI-N
 K ANTI-P
 K ANTIBARYON
 K ANTILAMBDA
 K ANTINUCLEON
 K ANTISIGMA
 K BARYON
 K BARYON RESONANCE
 K DEUTERON
 K HYPERON
 K K
 K K+
 K K-
 K K0
 K LAMBDA
 K LIGHT NUCLEUS
 K MESON RESONANCE
 K N
 K NUCLEON
 K NUCLEUS
 K P
 K SIGMA
 K VECTOR MESON
 -K(1240) (G REGION)
 -K(1280-1400) (G REGION)
 K+
 K+ ANTI-N
 K+ ANTI-P
 K+ ANTIBARYON
 K+ ANTINUCLEON
 K+ BARYON
 K+ BARYON RESONANCE
 K+ DEUTERON
 K+ HYPERON
 K+ K+
 K+ K-
 K+ LAMBDA
 K+ LIGHT NUCLEUS
 K+ MESON RESONANCE
 K+ N
 K+ NUCLEON
 K+ NUCLEUS
 K+ P
 K+ SIGMA
 K+ VECTOR MESON
 -K+ EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, K+(E52))
 K+(1420)
 *K+(1780) (PCILLATED PARTICLE, K+(1780))
 K+(892)
 K-
 K- ANTI-N
 K- ANTI-P
 K- ANTIBARYON
 K- ANTINUCLEON
 K- BARYON
 K- BARYON RESONANCE
 K- DEUTERON
 K- HYPERON
 K- K-

K- LAMBDA
 K- LIGHT NUCLEUS
 K- MESON RESONANCE
 K- N
 K- NUCLEON
 K- NUCLEUS
 K- P
 K- VECTOR MESON
 -KAELLEN-LEHMANN REPRESENTATION (SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION)
 -KAPPA(1250) (USE *PI K, PARTIAL WAVE*)
 *KEK PS (AT TSUKUBA, JAPAN)
 *KEK TRISTAN STOR (AT TSUKUBA, JAPAN)
 *KFAKEL LINAC
 -KHUFI REPRESENTATION (MCDL, REGGE POLES)
 -KIBELE-PIGGS (FIELD THEORETICAL MCDL, WEINBERG)
 -KICKER MAGNET (PULSE MAGNET)
 *KIKKAWA-SAKITA-VIRASCRC (MCDL, KIKKAWA-SAKITA-VIRASCRC)
 -KINEMATIC SUPERSTRUCTURE (QUALITY) KINEMATICS
 *KINK (FIELD EQUATIONS, KINK)
 -KINK SOLUTION (USE *FIELD EQUATIONS, KINK*)
 *KLEIN-GORDON (FIELD EQUATIONS, KLEIN-GORDON)
 -KLYSTRON (SEE *RF SYSTEM*)
 *KNC (SCALING, KNC)
 -KCSA-NIELSEN (MCDL, CLAL RESONANCE)
 -KCSA-NIELSEN-CLESEN SCALING (SCALING, KNC)
 *KCBAYASHI-MASKAWA (FIELD THEORETICAL MCDL, KCBAYASHI-MASKAWA)
 -KGLT-SLESHING (USE *MCDL, FARTON*)
 KORTEWEG-DE VRIES (FIELD EQUATIONS, KORTEWEG-DE VRIES)
 -KROLL-ALDERMAN (FIELD THEORY, LOW-ENERGY THEORY)
 KRYPTON
 -KTI-WEISSKOPF (SEE *MCDL, QUARK FARTON* AND *SCALING* AND *DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING*)
 K0
 K0 ANTI-K0
 K0 ANTI-N
 K0 ANTI-P
 K0 ANTIBARYON
 K0 ANTINUCLEON
 K0 BARYON
 K0 BARYON RESONANCE
 K0 DEUTERON
 K0 K+
 K0 K-
 K0 K0
 K0 LAMBDA
 K0 LIGHT NUCLEUS
 K0 MESON RESONANCE
 K0 N
 K0 NUCLEON
 K0 NUCLEUS
 K0 P
 K0 VECTOR MESON
 KO(L)
 *KC(L)-KC(S) (MASS DIFFERENCE, KO(L)-KO(S))
 KO(S)

L

L(1770)
 *LADDER (APPROXIMATION, LADDER)
 -LAGRANGIAN FIELD THEORY (FIELD THEORY)
 -LAGRANGIAN MODEL (FIELD THEORY)
 -LAME SHIFT ('RADIATIVE CORRECTIONS' AND
 'ATCH, ENERGY LEVELS', POSSIBLY ALSO: 'QUANTUM
 ELECTRODYNAMICS, VALIDITY TEST')
 LAMBDA
 LAMBDA ANTILAMBDA
 LAMBDA BARYON RESONANCE
 LAMBDA DEUTERON
 LAMBDA LAMBDA
 LAMBDA LIGHT NUCLEUS
 LAMBDA NUCLEUS
 LAMBDA SIGMA
 LAMBDA VECTOR MESON
 LAMBDA(1405)
 LAMBDA(1520)
 LAMBDA(1670)
 LAMBDA(1690)
 LAMBDA(1815)
 LAMBDA(1830)
 LAMBDA(2100)
 LAMBDA(2350)
 LAMBDA(2565)
 LAMBDA/C(2260)
 -LANCETON (SEE 'HEAVY LEPTON' AND 'STRONG
 INTERACTION')
 *LANP LINAC (AT LCS ALANCES)
 *LANCAU GAUGE (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, LANCAU GAUGE)
 -LANDAU MODEL (MODEL, HYDRODYNAMICAL)
 LANTHANUM
 *LASER (GENERALLY, 'OPTICS, LASER')
 *LATTICE (FIELD THEORY, LATTICE) OR
 'APPROXIMATION, LATTICE')
 -LATTICE FIELD THEORY (SEE 'FIELD THEORY,
 LATTICE')
 LAURENCIUM
 LEAD
 -LEAD-GLASS COUNTER (SEE 'TOTAL-ABSORPTION
 COUNTER')
 *LEADING LOGARITHM (APPROXIMATION, LEADING
 LOGARITHM)
 *LEADING PARTICLE (MULTIPLE PRODUCTION,
 LEADING PARTICLE)
 -LEAST-SQUARES ANALYSIS (USE 'STATISTICAL
 ANALYSIS')
 LECTURES
 *LEE (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, LEE)
 *LEFT-HANDED (CURRENT, LEFT-HANDED)
 -LEFT-RIGHT SYMMETRY (SEE 'MULTIPLE
 PRODUCTION, CORRELATION')
 -LEHMANN ELLIPSE (ANALYTIC PROPERTIES)
 -LEHMANN-KAELLEN-LNEZANA (SPECTRAL
 REPRESENTATION)
 -LEHMANN-SYMANZIK-ZIMMERMANN FORMALISM (FIELD
 THEORY)
 *LENGTH ('FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANT, LENGTH'; SEE
 ALSO 'SCATTERING LENGTH' OR 'RADIATION LENGTH')
 *LENINGRAD ICFFE CYCL
 *LENINGRAD NUCL INST CYCL
 LEPTON
 LEPTON ANTI-KO
 LEPTON ANTI-K
 LEPTON ANTI-P
 LEPTON ANTIBARYON
 LEPTON ANTIHYPERON
 LEPTON ANTILAMBDA
 LEPTON ANTILEPTON
 LEPTON ANTIANTINEUTRINO
 LEPTON ANTINEUTRINO
 LEPTON ANTINUCLEON
 LEPTON ANTISIGMA
 LEPTON ANTIXI
 LEPTON BARYON
 LEPTON BARYON RESONANCE
 LEPTON BOSON
 LEPTON DEUTERON
 LEPTON ELECTRON
 LEPTON FERMION
 LEPTON HADRON
 LEPTON HYPERON
 LEPTON INTERMEDIATE BOSON
 LEPTON K
 LEPTON K₀
 LEPTON K-
 LEPTON K₀
 LEPTON LAMBDA
 LEPTON LEFTON
 LEPTON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 LEPTON MESON

LEPTON MESON RESONANCE
 LEPTON MUON
 LEPTON MUON+
 LEPTON MUON-
 LEPTON N
 LEPTON NUCLEON
 LEPTON NUCLEUS
 LEPTON OMEGA-
 LEPTON P
 LEPTON PI
 LEPTON PI+
 LEPTON PI-
 LEPTON PI0
 LEPTON PCSIION
 LEPTON QUARK
 LEPTON SIGMA
 LEPTON SIGMA+
 LEPTON SIGMA-
 LEPTON SIGMA0
 LEPTON VECTOR MESON
 LEPTON XI
 LEPTON XI-
 LEPTON XI0
 *LEPTONIC
 *LEPTONIC DECAY
 -LEPTONIC NUMBER (USUALLY 'CONSERVATION LAW,
 LEPTON'; SEE ALSO 'QUANTUM NUMBER, LEPTON')
 -LEPTONIC QUARK (QUARK, LEPTONIC)
 *LEPTOPRODUCTION (SEE ALSO
 'ELECTROPRODUCTION' OR 'NEUTRINOPRODUCTION')
 -LEVEL CONVERTER (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 -LEXAN (USE 'PLASTICS, TRACK SENSITIVE')
 *LIE ('GROUP THEORY, LIE' OR 'ALGEBRA, LIE')
 *LIFETIME (PARTICLE, LIFETIME)
 -LIGHT CONE ALGEBRA (LIGHT CONE BEHAVIOR)
 LIGHT CONE BEHAVIOR
 LIGHT NUCLEUS (UP TO MASS NUMBER 20 (INCL.))
 LIGHT NUCLEUS LIGHT NUCLEUS
 LIGHT NUCLEUS NUCLEUS
 -LIMITER (FAST LOGIC)
 -LIMITING FRAGMENTATION (MODEL, FRAGMENTATION)
 LINEAR ACCELERATOR
 -LINEAR AMPLIFIER (ANALOG CIRCUIT)
 -LINEAR GATE (ANALOG CIRCUIT)
 *LINEAR SPACES (FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS, LINEAR
 SPACES)
 -LIFFMANN-SCHWINGER EQUATION (QUANTUM
 MECHANICS, SCATTERING)
 -LIFFMANN-SCHWINGER-ZIMMERMANN FORMALISM
 (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
 LIQUID
 -LIQUID ANALOGY MODEL (USE 'MODEL, FLUID')
 LIQUID ARGON DETECTOR
 LITHIUM
 -LOCALITY (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
 -LOCALIZATION (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
 -LOCALITY DETECTION (SEE 'POSITION SENSITIVE'
 OR 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS')
 -LOGIC (IF DIGITAL, 'DIGITAL LOGIC', IF IN
 NANOSECOND RANGE, 'FAST LOGIC')
 -LOGIC GATE (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 *LONG-RANGE (USE ONLY AS 'CORRELATION,
 LONG-RANGE', DO NOT USE FOR LONG-RANGE FORCES)
 *LONGITUDINAL (RESTRICTED USE, SEE ALSO
 'LONGITUDINAL MOMENTUM')
 -LONGITUDINAL BEAM OSCILLATION (SYNCHROTRON
 OSCILLATION)
 LONGITUDINAL MOMENTUM
 *LONGITUDINAL PHASE SPACE (MULTIDIMENSIONAL
 ANALYSIS, LONGITUDINAL PHASE SPACE)
 -LOOP DIAGRAM ('FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER'
 OR 'DUAL FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER' OR
 'PERTURBATION THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER')
 *Lorentz ('GROUP THEORY, Lorentz' (RESTRICTED
 USE) OR 'INVARIANCE, Lorentz' (RESTRICTED USE)
 OR 'TRANSFORMATION, Lorentz')
 -LCS ALANCES LINAC (USE 'LANP LINAC', ONLY
 FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS GAINED THERE)
 *LCN (MOMENTUM TRANSFER, LCN)
 LCN TEMPERATURE
 *LCN-ENERGY THEOREM (FIELD THEORY, LCN-ENERGY
 THEOREM)
 -LFS ANALYSIS ('MULTIPLE PRODUCTION,
 LONGITUDINAL PHASE SPACE' OR 'MULTIDIMENSIONAL
 ANALYSIS, LONGITUDINAL PHASE SPACE')
 -LSZ FORMALISM (FIELD THEORY)
 LUMINOSITY
 *LUNAC ES
 LUTETIUM

M

*M J T LINAC
 *MAC (AT REF: 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, MAC')
 MAGNESIUM
 MAGNET
 *MAGNETIC (SEE ALSO 'MAGNETIC FIELD' OR
 'MAGNETIC MOMENT' OR 'POLYLLATED PARTICLE,
 MAGNETIC MONOPOLE' OR 'MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER'
 OR 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR')
 -MAGNETIC CHARGE (CHARGE, MAGNETIC)
 MAGNETIC DETECTOR (OFTEN USED CONNECTED WITH
 THE NAME OF THE DETECTOR, IN CASE OF
 LARGE-ANGLE DETECTORS SEE ALSO APPROPRIATE
 KEYWORDS FOR CHAMBERS AND ADD 'MAGNETIC FIELD',
 FOR SMALL-ANGLE DETECTORS SEE ALSO 'MAGNETIC
 SPECTROMETER')
 MAGNETIC FIELD (ALSO FOR STORAGE-RING
 EXPERIMENTS WHEN APPLICABLE)
 MAGNETIC MOMENT
 *MAGNETIC MONOPOLE (POLYLLATED PARTICLE,
 MAGNETIC MONOPOLE)
 MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER (SEE ALSO 'MAGNETIC
 DETECTOR')
 *MAGNETOSTRICTIVE (SPARK CHAMBER,
 MAGNETOSTRICTIVE)
 MANDELSTAN REPRESENTATION
 MANGANESE
 MANUAL
 MANY-BODY PROBLEM
 *MANY-BOSON (EXCHANGE, MANY-BOSON)
 *MARK I (AT SPEAR; 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, MARK I')
 *MARK II (AT SPEAR; 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, MARK II')
 *MARK J (AT PETRA; 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, MARK J')
 MASS
 MASS DIFFERENCE
 MASS ENHANCEMENT
 MASS FORMULA
 *MASS GENERATION (FIELD THEORY, MASS GENERATION)
 *MASS NUMBER
 MASS RATIO
 -MASS SPECTROMETER (SEE 'MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER')
 MASS SPECTRUM (RESTRICTED USE)
 -MASS SPLITTING (MASS DIFFERENCE)
 -MASS-ZERO PIONS (PI, MASSLESS)
 *MASSIVE
 *MASSLESS
 -MATERIALS (SEE MORE SPECIFIC TERMS)
 MATHEMATICAL METHODS
 MATHEMATICS
 MATTER
 -MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD METHOD (USE 'STATISTICAL
 ANALYSIS')
 *MAXWELL (FIELD EQUATIONS, MAXWELL)
 *MEAN FIELD (APPROXIMATION, MEAN FIELD)
 MEASUREMENT
 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
 MECHANICS
 -MEDICINE (SEE 'HEALTH PHYSICS' OR 'NUCLEAR
 MEDICINE')
 -MELLIN TRANSFORMATION (TRANSFORMATION)
 *MELOSH (TRANSFORMATION, MELOSH)
 -MEMBRAN MODEL (SEE 'MODEL, EAG')
 -MEMORY (COMPUTER)
 MENDELEVIUM
 MERCURY
 *MERON (FIELD EQUATIONS, MERON)
 -MERON SOLUTION (USE 'FIELD EQUATIONS, MERON')
 *MESIC ATOM
 -MESIC MOLECULE (MOLECULE, MESIC ATOM)
 MESON (ALSO 'MODEL, MESON')
 MESON ANTI-K
 MESON ANTI-KO
 MESON ANTI-N
 MESON ANTI-P
 MESON ANTIBARYON
 MESON ANTIHYPERON
 MESON ANTILAMBDA
 MESON ANTINUCLEON
 MESON ANTISIGMA
 MESON ANTIXI
 MESON BARYON
 MESON BARYON RESONANCE
 MESON BOSON
 MESON DEUTERON
 *MESON DOMINANCE ('MODEL, MESON DOMINANCE',
 USED FOR SCALAR, PSEUDOSCALAR AND TENSOR MESONS)
 -MESON EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, MESON)
 -MESON FACTORY (FOR ACCELERATOR ASPECTS SEE
 'SYNCHRO-CYCLOTRON' OR 'LINEAR ACCELERATOR, P',
 FOR RESULTS GAINED THERE, SEE 'LAMPF LINAC',
 'TRILWF CYCL', 'SIN CYCL')
 MESON HYPERON
 MESON K
 MESON K+

MESON K-
 MESON KO
 MESON LAMBDA
 MESON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 MESON MESON
 MESON MESON RESONANCE
 MESON N
 MESON NUCLEON
 MESON NUCLEUS
 MESON OMEGA-
 MESON P
 MESON PI
 MESON PI+
 MESON PI-
 MESON PIO
 MESON QUARK
 MESON RESONANCE
 MESON RESONANCE ANTI-N
 MESON RESONANCE ANTI-P
 MESON RESONANCE ANTIBARYON
 MESON RESONANCE ANTIHYPERON
 MESON RESONANCE ANTILAMBDA
 MESON RESONANCE ANTINUCLEON
 MESON RESONANCE ANTISIGMA
 MESON RESONANCE ANTIXI
 MESON RESONANCE BARYON
 MESON RESONANCE BARYON RESONANCE
 MESON RESONANCE DEUTERON
 -MESON RESONANCE FCNATION (USE 'MESON
 RESONANCE, SCATTERING')
 MESON RESONANCE HYPERON
 MESON RESONANCE LAMBDA
 MESON RESONANCE LIGHT NUCLEUS
 MESON RESONANCE MESON RESONANCE
 MESON RESONANCE N
 MESON RESONANCE NUCLEON
 MESON RESONANCE NUCLEUS
 MESON RESONANCE OMEGA-
 MESON RESONANCE P
 MESON RESONANCE SIGMA
 MESON RESONANCE SIGMA+
 MESON RESONANCE SIGMA-
 MESON RESONANCE SIGMAO
 MESON RESONANCE VECTOR MESON
 MESON RESONANCE XI
 MESON RESONANCE XI-
 MESON RESONANCE XIO
 MESON SIGMA
 MESON SIGMA+
 MESON SIGMA-
 MESON SIGMAO
 MESON VECTOR MESON
 MESON XI
 MESON XI-
 MESON XIO
 METAL
 -MICA DETECTOR (USE 'MINERAL, TRACK SENSITIVE')
 -MICROCAUSALITY (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY,
 CAUSALITY)
 -MICROCOMPUTER (SEE 'MICROPROCESSOR')
 MICROPROCESSOR
 -MICROTRON (CYCLOTRON, ELECTRON)
 MICROWAVES
 MINERAL
 -MINKOWSKI SPACE (FIELD THEORY)
 *MISSING-MASS
 -MISSING-MASS SPECTROMETER (MAGNETIC
 SPECTROMETER)
 -MIXING ('INTERFERENCE' (RESTRICTED USE))
 *MIXING ANGLE (MULTIPLY, MIXING ANGLE)
 MODEL (VERY RESTRICTED USE WITHOUT SECOND TERM)
 -MODELS OF FIELD THEORY (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL
 -MORSE TRANSFORMATION (TRANSFORMATION)
 -MUELLER SCATTERING (USE 'ELECTRON ELECTRON,
 ELASTIC SCATTERING' OR 'POSITRON POSITRON,
 ELASTIC SCATTERING')
 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY
 *MOLECULAR PHYSICS
 *MOLECULE
 MOLYBDENUM
 MOMENT
 MOMENTUM
 *MOMENTUM RESOLUTION (COLLIDERS AND DETECTORS,
 MOMENTUM RESOLUTION)
 MOMENTUM SPECTRUM
 MOMENTUM TRANSFER
 *MONITORING (SEE ALSO 'BEAM MONITORING')
 *MONOCHROMATIC BEAM (PHOTON, MONOCHROMATIC BEAM)
 *MONOPOLE (FIELD EQUATIONS, MONOPOLE)
 -MONOPOLE SOLUTION (USE 'FIELD EQUATIONS,
 MONOPOLE')
 *MONTE CARLO (NUMERICAL CALCULATIONS, MONTE
 CARLO)

M

*MUSCOB ITEX FS
 *MUSCOB LINAC
 *MUSCOB RI FS
 *MUELLER (MCEL, MUELLER)
 *MULTI-REGGE (REGGE POLES, MULTI-REGGE)
 -MULTICHANNEL ANALYZER (SEE
 ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER)
 MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS
 *MULTIGLUCN (EXCHANGE, MULTIGLUCN)
 -MULTILOCP (*FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER OR
 LOCAL FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER)
 *MULTIMESCN (EXCHANGE, MULTIMESCN)
 -MULTIPARTICLE SCATTERING (SEE *MANY-BODY
 PROBLEM* OF *MULTIPLE PRODUCTION* BUT NOT
 MULTIPLE SCATTERING)
 *MULTIPERIPHERAL (MCEL, MULTIPERIPHERAL)
 MULTIPHOTON (EXCHANGE, MULTIPHOTON AND
 PERTURBATION THEORY)
 *MULTIPLICN (EXCHANGE, MULTIPLICN)
 *MULTIPLE
 MULTIPLE PRODUCTION
 MULTIPLE SCATTERING
 MULTIPLY
 MULTIPLICITY
 *MULTIPLY CHARGED
 *MULTIPLE (PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS, MULTIPLE)
 -MULTIFEMERCN (USE *FEMERCN*)
 -MULTIREGGECA (SEE *REGGE POLES, MULTI-REGGE*
 OR *EXCHANGE, MULTI-REGGE*)
 -MULTIWIRE PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER (USE
 PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER)
 NUON
 NUON ANTI-KO
 NUON ANTI-N
 NUON ANTI-P
 NUON ANTIBARYCN
 NUON ANTINHYPERCN
 NUON ANTILAMBDA
 NUON ANTINUCLECN
 NUON ANTISIGMA
 NUON ANTIXI
 NUON BARYCN
 NUON BARYON RESONANCE
 NUON BOSON
 NUON DEUTERON
 NUON HADRON
 NUON HYPERON
 NUON K
 NUON K+
 NUON K-
 NUON KO
 NUON LAMBDA
 NUON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 NUON MESON
 NUON MESON RESONANCE
 NUON NUON
 NUON NUON+
 NUON NUON-
 NUON N
 -NUON NEUTRINO (FOR THE INTERACTION USE
 NEUTRINO; FOR THE PARTICLE USE *NEUTRINO/NU/*)
 NUON NUCLEON
 NUON NUCLEUS
 NUON OMEGA-
 NUON P
 NUON PI
 NUON PI+
 NUON PI-
 NUON PIO
 NUON SIGMA
 NUON SIGMA+
 NUON SIGMA-
 NUON SIGMAO
 NUON VECTOR MESON
 NUON XI
 NUON XI-
 NUON XIO
 NUON+
 NUON+ ANTI-KO
 NUON+ ANTI-N
 NUON+ ANTI-P
 NUON+ ANTIBARYCN
 NUON+ ANTINHYPERCN
 NUON+ ANTILAMBDA

NUON+ ANTINUCLECN
 NUON+ ARTISIGMA
 NUON+ ANTIXI
 NUON+ BARYCN
 NUON+ BARYON RESONANCE
 NUON+ BCSCH
 NUON+ DEUTERON
 NUON+ HADRON
 NUON+ HYPERCN
 NUON+ K
 NUON+ K+
 NUON+ K-
 NUON+ KO
 NUON+ LAMBDA
 NUON+ LIGHT NUCLEUS
 NUON+ MESCN
 NUON+ MESON RESONANCE
 NUON+ NUON+
 NUON+ NUON-
 NUON+ N
 NUON+ NUCLECN
 NUON+ NUCLEUS
 NUON+ OMEGA-
 NUON+ P
 NUON+ PI
 NUON+ PI+
 NUON+ PI-
 NUON+ PIO
 NUON+ SIGMA
 NUON+ SIGMA+
 NUON+ SIGMA-
 NUON+ SIGMAO
 NUON+ VECTOR MESCN
 NUON+ XI
 NUON+ XI-
 NUON+ XIO
 NUON-
 NUON- ANTI-KO
 NUON- ANTI-N
 NUON- ANTI-P
 NUON- ANTIBARYCN
 NUON- ANTINHYPERCN
 NUON- ANTILAMBDA
 NUON- ANTINUCLECN
 NUON- ANTISIGMA
 NUON- ANTIXI
 NUON- BARYCN
 NUON- BARYON RESONANCE
 NUON- BCSCH
 NUON- DEUTERON
 NUON- HADRON
 NUON- HYPERCN
 NUON- K
 NUON- K+
 NUON- K-
 NUON- KO
 NUON- LAMBDA
 NUON- LIGHT NUCLEUS
 NUON- MESCN
 NUON- MESON RESONANCE
 NUON- NUON-
 NUON- N
 NUON- NUCLECN
 NUON- NUCLEUS
 NUON- OMEGA-
 NUON- P
 NUON- PI
 NUON- PI+
 NUON- PI-
 NUON- PIO
 NUON- SIGMA
 NUON- SIGMA+
 NUON- SIGMA-
 NUON- SIGMAO
 NUON- VECTOR MESCN
 NUON- XI
 NUON- XI-
 NUON- XIO
 *NUONIC ATOM (ONLY USED IN CASE OF VALIDITY
 TEST OF GED)
 *NUONILM
 -NUONPRODUCTION (USE *ELECTROPRODUCTION*)
 -NUONPC (USE *PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER*)

N (DENOTES NEUTRON; FOR NUCLEON USE
 'NUCLEON')
 N ANTI-N
 N ANTIHYPERON
 N ANTILAMBDA
 N ANTISIGMA
 N ANTIXI
 N BARYON RESONANCE
 N DEUTERON
 N HYPERON
 N LAMBDA
 N LIGHT NUCLEUS
 N N
 N NUCLEUS
 N OMEGA-
 -N P (USE 'P N, ...' AND 'N, EAM')
 N SIGMA
 N SIGMA+
 N SIGMA-
 N SIGMA0
 N VECTOR MESON
 N XI
 N XI-
 N XI0
 N(1470)
 N(1520)
 N(1535)
 N(1670)
 N(1688)
 N(1700)
 N(1780)
 N(1810)
 N(2190)
 N(2220)
 N(2650)
 N(3030)
 -N* (SEE 'NUCLEON RESONANCE' FOR I=1/2)
 -N-PION EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, MULTIPION)
 N-POINT FUNCTION
 -N/D METHOD (PARTIAL WAVE, DISPERSION RELATIONS)
 -NAKANISHI REPRESENTATION (SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION)
 -NAMEU (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL)
 -NAMEU-GOLDSTONE (USE 'SYMMETRY, SPONTANEOUSLY BROKEN')
 -NANSECOND ELECTRONICS (FAST LOGIC)
 *NARROW RESONANCE ('APPROXIMATION, NARROW RESONANCE'; SEE ALSO 'PSI MESONS' OR MORE SPECIFIC PARTICLES)
 NEGATIVE PARTICLE
 NEODYMIUM
 NEON
 NEPTUNIUM
 -NEUTRAL (SEE 'NEUTRAL CURRENT' OR 'NEUTRAL PARTICLE')
 NEUTRAL CURRENT
 NEUTRAL PARTICLE
 -NEUTRAL WEAK CURRENT (NEUTRAL CURRENT)
 -NEUTRALS (USE 'NEUTRAL PARTICLE')
 NEUTRINO
 NEUTRINO ANTI-K0
 NEUTRINO ANTI-K
 NEUTRINO ANTI-P
 NEUTRINO ANTIBARYON
 NEUTRINO ANTIHYPERON
 NEUTRINO ANTILAMBDA
 NEUTRINO ANTINEUTRINO
 NEUTRINO ANTINUCLEON
 NEUTRINO ANTISIGMA
 NEUTRINO ANTIXI
 NEUTRINO BARYON
 NEUTRINO BARYON RESONANCE
 NEUTRINO BOSON
 NEUTRINO DEUTERON
 NEUTRINO ELECTRON
 NEUTRINO HADRON
 NEUTRINO HYPERON
 NEUTRINO K
 NEUTRINO K+
 NEUTRINO K-
 NEUTRINO K0
 NEUTRINO LAMBDA
 NEUTRINO LEPTON
 NEUTRINO LIGHT NUCLEUS
 NEUTRINO MESON
 NEUTRINO MESON RESONANCE
 NEUTRINO MUON
 NEUTRINO MUON+
 NEUTRINO MUON-
 NEUTRINO N
 NEUTRINO NEUTRINO
 NEUTRINO NUCLEON
 NEUTRINO NUCLEUS
 NEUTRINO OMEGA-

NEUTRINO P
 NEUTRINO PI
 NEUTRINO PI+
 NEUTRINO PI-
 NEUTRINO PION
 NEUTRINO POSITRON
 NEUTRINO SIGMA
 NEUTRINO SIGMA+
 NEUTRINO SIGMA-
 NEUTRINO SIGMA0
 NEUTRINO VECTOR MESON
 NEUTRINO XI
 NEUTRINO XI-
 NEUTRINO XI0
 NEUTRINO/E/
 NEUTRINO/L/ (USE FOR THE HEAVY-LEPTON NEUTRINO)
 NEUTRINO/MU/
 NEUTRINO/TAU/
 *NEUTRINOPRODUCTION (USED FOR PRODUCTION BY NEUTRONS OR ANTINEUTRONS)
 -NEUTRON (USE 'N')
 -NEUTRON DETECTION (PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION, N)
 -NEU-SCHWAFZ MODEL (MODEL, DUAL RESONANCE)
 *NEW ELEMENT (ELEMENT, NEW ELEMENT)
 NEW PARTICLE
 NICKEL
 *NIMROD PS (AT CERN, ALTHEFERO)
 *NINA ES (AT CERN, SUI)
 NIOBIUM
 NITROGEN
 *NIU (FICILLATED PARTICLE, NIU)
 NOBELIUM
 -NUTHER'S THEOREM ('GROUP THEORY' AND 'CONSERVATION LAW')
 *NABELIAN ('FIELD THEORY, NABELIAN'; NOT USED TOGETHER WITH 'GAUGE FIELD THEORY, YANG-MILLS')
 *NONDIFFRACTIVE
 *NONLEPTONIC DECAY (USED FOR WEAK DECAYS ONLY)
 *NONLINEAR
 *NONLOCAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, NONLOCAL')
 *NONFERTILE
 *NONPOLYNOMIAL (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, NONPOLYNOMIAL)
 *NONRELATIVISTIC
 *NONRENORMALIZABLE (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, NONRENORMALIZABLE)
 *NONSTRANGE (RESONANCE, NONSTRANGE)
 -NORMAL PRODUCT (NOT USED)
 *NVA (MODEL, NVA)
 *NVSIEIRSK KAF STC
 *NVSIEIRSK STCF2
 *NVSIEIRSK STCF3
 *NVSIEIRSK STCF4
 -NUCLEAR CASCADE (NUCLEUS, CASCADE)
 NUCLEAR EMULSION
 -NUCLEAR EMULSION CHAMBER (USE 'NUCLEAR EMULSION' AND POSSIBLY 'TOTAL-ABSORPTION COLLIDER')
 NUCLEAR ENGINEERING
 NUCLEAR FORCE
 NUCLEAR MATTER
 NUCLEAR MEDICINE
 NUCLEAR MODEL ((RESTRICTED USE)
 NUCLEAR-MODEL PAPERS ARE NOT GENERALLY INCLUDED)
 NUCLEAR PHYSICS
 NUCLEAR PROPERTIES
 NUCLEAR REACTION
 -NUCLEAR RESONANCE (SEE 'EXCITED NUCLEUS')
 -NUCLEAR STABILITY (SEE 'NUCLEAR PROPERTIES' OR 'NUCLEAR MODEL')
 NUCLEON
 NUCLEON ANTI-N
 NUCLEON ANTIHYPERON
 NUCLEON ANTILAMBDA
 NUCLEON ANTINUCLEON
 NUCLEON ANTISIGMA
 NUCLEON ANTIXI
 NUCLEON BARYON RESONANCE
 NUCLEON DEUTERON
 NUCLEON HYPERON
 -NUCLEON ISOBAR (NUCLEON RESONANCE)
 *NUCLEON J/PSI(3100)
 NUCLEON LAMBDA
 NUCLEON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 NUCLEON N
 NUCLEON NUCLEON
 NUCLEON NUCLEUS
 NUCLEON OMEGA-
 NUCLEON QUARK
 NUCLEON RESONANCE
 -NUCLEON RESONANCE FORMATION (USE 'NUCLEON RESONANCE, SCATTERING')

N

NUCLEON SIGMA
NUCLEON SIGMA+
NUCLEON SIGMA-
NUCLEON SIGMA0
NUCLEON VECTOR MESH
NUCLEON XI
NUCLEON XI-
NUCLEON XI0
NUCLEUS
NUCLEUS NUCLEUS

NUCLEUS QUARK
NUCLIDE
- NUMERICAL ANALYSIS (NUMERICAL CALCULATIONS,
INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS)
* NUMERICAL CALCULATIONS (GENERALLY
ACCOMPANIED BY SPECIFICATION: THE COMBINATION
'INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS, NUMERICAL
CALCULATIONS' IS USED FOR NUMERICAL ANALYSES)
NUMERICAL MATHEMATICS

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*C(N) (*SYMMETRY, C(N)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(N)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(N)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(N)**)

*C(2) (*SYMMETRY, C(2)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(2)**)

*C(3) (*SYMMETRY, C(3)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(3)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(3)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(3)**)

*C(3,1) (*SYMMETRY, C(3,1)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(3,1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(3,1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(3,1)**)

*C(4) (*SYMMETRY, C(4)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(4)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(4)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(4)**)

*C(4,2) (*SYMMETRY, C(4,2)* CR *GROU THEORY, C(4,2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, C(4,2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, C(4,2)**)

*CAK FIDGE LINAC

-CBEC (EXCHANGE, CNE-BCSCN)

*CCTET (OLAFK, CCTET)

*CCTET DOMINANCE (MCEL, CCTET DOMINANCE)

*CCTONICN (ALGEBRA, CCTONICN)

-CCTUPLE LENS (GLADRUFGLE LENS, SPECIAL FOCUSING)

*CFF-LINE (TRACK DATA ANALYSIS, CFF-LINE)

-CFF-MASS-SHELL (MCEL, CFF-SHELL)

*CFF-SHELL (MCEL, CFF-SHELL)

-CKUBC-2WEIG RULE (USE *SELECTION RULE, IIZUKA-CKLEC-2WEIG*)

-CKUBC-2WEIG-IIZUKA RULE (USE *SELECTION RULE, IIZUKA-CKLEC-2WEIG*)

*CMEGA (AT CERK; *MAGNETIC DETECTOR, CMEGA*)

-CMEGA SPECTROMETER (SEE *MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER*)

OMEGA(1678)

OMEGA(784)

*CMEGA(784)-PHI(1019) (INTERFERENCE, CMEGA(784)-PHI(1019))

OMEGA-

OMEGA- ANTICMEGA-

OMEGA- BARYON RESONANCE

OMEGA- DEUTERON

OMEGA- LIGHT NUCLEUS

OMEGA- NUCLEUS

OMEGA- OMEGA-

OMEGA- VECTOR RESON

-CMEGA-PHI INTERFERENCE (INTERFERENCE, CMEGA(784)-PHI(1019))

-CMEGA-RFC INTERFERENCE (INTERFERENCE, RFC(785)-CMEGA(784))

*CN-LINE (*COMPLTER, CN-LINE* (NOT FOR PAPERS CONTAINING EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS, EXCEPT WHEN PARTICULARS ARE GIVEN))

-CN-MASS-SHELL (MCEL, CN-SHELL)

*CN-SHELL (MCEL, CN-SHELL)

*CNE-BCSCN (EXCHANGE, CNE-BCSCN)

*CNE-DIMENSIONAL (SEE *FIELD THEORY, ONE-DIMENSIONAL* CR *QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, ONE-DIMENSIONAL* CR *QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, ONE-DIMENSIONAL* CR *QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, ONE-DIMENSIONAL*)

-CNE-LCCF APPROXIMATION (*FEYNMAN GRAPH, HIGHER-ORDER* CR *LOCAL FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER*)

*CNE-MESCN (EXCHANGE, CNE-MESCN)

*CNE-PARTICLE (EXCHANGE, CNE-PARTICLE)

*CNE-PHCTCN (EXCHANGE, CNE-PHCTCN)

*CNE-PICK (EXCHANGE, CNE-PICK)

*CNE-VECTOR MESCN (EXCHANGE, ONE-VECTOR MESCN)

-CPACITY (SEE *ABSCOPTIC* CR *MCEL, OPTICAL*)

-CPE (EXCHANGE, CNE-PICK)

-CPE MCEL (EXCHANGE, CNE-PICK)

*COPERATOR ALGEBRA (RESTRICTED USE)

-COPERATOR PRODUCT (FIELD THEORY, OPERATOR PRODUCT EXPANSION)

*COPERATOR PRODUCT EXPANSION (FIELD THEORY, OPERATOR PRODUCT EXPANSION)

*OPTICAL (MCEL, OPTICAL)

*OPTICAL THEOREM (TOTAL CROSS SECTION, OPTICAL THEOREM)

OPTICS

ORBIT

-CREIT CALCULATIONS (SEE *BEAM OPTICS* AND *CREIT*)

ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

*CRSAY CYCL

*CRSAY LINAC

*CRSAY STCF

*CSCILLATION (NEUTRINO, OSCILLATION)

*CSCILLATOR (MCEL, OSCILLATOR)

CSMIUM

-CVERLAP FLACTION (DO NOT USE *OVERLAPPING RESONANCES*)

*CVERLAPPING RESONANCES (MCEL, OVERLAPPING RESONANCES)

CXYGEN

P

P
 P ANTI-M
 P ANTIHYPERON
 P ANTIKAMEDA
 P ANTIKNUCLEON
 P ANTIKSIGNA
 P ANTIKXI
 P BARYON
 P DEUTERON
 P HYPERON
 -P INVARIANCE (PARITY, INVARIANCE)
 P LAMBDA
 P LIGHT NUCLEUS
 P N
 P NUCLEON
 P NUCLEUS
 P OMEGA-
 P P
 P SIGMA
 P SIGMA+
 P SIGMA-
 P SIGMA0
 P VECTOR MESON
 P XI
 P XI-
 P XI0
 -P-WAVE (PARTIAL WAVE)
 *PADE (APPROXIMATION, FACE)
 PAIR
 *PAIR PRODUCTION
 PALLADIUM
 -PARACHROMIUM (SEE 'CHROMIUM')
 *PARAMETRIZATION (FOR FUNCTIONAL FITS USE
 *INTERPRETATION OF EXPERIMENTS,
 PARAMETRIZATION* OR 'NUMERICAL MATHEMATICS,
 PARAMETRIZATION* OR 'STATISTICAL ANALYSIS,
 PARAMETRIZATION*)
 *PARASTATISTICS (STATISTICS, PARASTATISTICS)
 PARITY
 -PARITY CHECK (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 PARTIAL WAVE
 PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS
 -PARTIALLY CONSERVED AXIAL-VECTOR CURRENT
 (MODEL, PCAC)
 -PARTIALLY CONSERVED VECTOR CURRENT (MODEL, PCVC)
 PARTICLE
 PARTICLE ANTIPARTICLE
 PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION
 -PARTICLE MODELS ('MODEL, PARTICLE'
 (RESTRICTED USE) OR 'MODEL, FERMION' OR 'MODEL,
 BARYON' OR 'MODEL, BOSON' OR 'MODEL, MESON' OR
 'MODEL, PHOTON' OR 'MODEL, HADRONS')
 *PARTICLE NUCLEUS
 PARTICLE SEPARATOR
 PARTICLE SOURCE
 -PARTICLE-SCALE MODEL (NUCLEAR PROPERTIES)
 *PARTON ('MODEL, PARTON', SEE ALSO 'MODEL,
 QUARK PARTON')
 *PATH INTEGRAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, PATH
 INTEGRAL' OR 'PERTURBATION THEORY, PATH
 INTEGRAL')
 -PATH LENGTH (SEE 'ABSCISSA')
 *PATI-SALAM (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, PATI-SALAM)
 -PATTERN RECOGNITION (USE 'TRACK DATA
 ANALYSIS, ON-LINE' OR 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS,
 OFF-LINE')
 -PC(3210) (CHI/PC(2010))
 *PCAC (MODEL, PCAC)
 *PCVC (MODEL, PCVC)
 *PERIPHERAL (MODEL, PERIPHERAL)
 PERTURBATION THEORY
 -PEYRU PLCT ('TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM' AND
 'LONGITUDINAL MOMENTUM')
 -PHASE SHIFT ('PARTIAL WAVE' OR 'PARTIAL WAVE
 ANALYSIS')
 *PHASE SPACE ('KINEMATICS, PHASE SPACE' OR
 'STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, PHASE SPACE')
 -PHASE TRANSITION (SEE 'FIELD THEORY,
 CRITICAL PHENOMENA')
 -PHENOMENOLOGY (NOT USED)
 PHI(1010)
 -PHI(1650) (OMEGA(1675))
 -PHI-THE-ATA MODEL (FIELD THEORETICAL
 MODEL, SCALAR)
 PHOSPHORUS
 -PHOTOAESCRPTION (PHOTON, ASCRIPTION)
 -PHOTODISINTEGRATION (USE 'PHOTOFISSION')
 -PHOTOCXCITATION (SEE 'PHOTON, ASCRIPTION'
 AND 'EXCITED NUCLEUS')
 PHOTOFISSION
 -PHOTOMULTIPLIER (GENERALLY NOT INCLUDED, SEE
 'SCINTILLATION COUNTER')
 PHOTON (ALSO 'MODEL, PHOTON')
 PHOTON ANTI-K0
 PHOTON ANTI-M
 PHOTON ANTI-P
 PHOTON ANTIKARYON
 PHOTON ANTIKAMEDA
 PHOTON ANTIKNEUTRINO
 PHOTON ANTIKNUCLEON
 PHOTON ANTIKSIGNA
 PHOTON ANTIKXI
 PHOTON BARYON
 PHOTON BARYON RESONANCE
 PHOTON BOSON
 PHOTON DEUTERON
 PHOTON ELECTRON
 -PHOTON EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, PHOTON)
 PHOTON FERMION
 PHOTON HADRONS
 PHOTON HYPERON
 PHOTON K
 PHOTON K+
 PHOTON K-
 PHOTON K0
 PHOTON LAMBDA
 PHOTON LEPTON
 PHOTON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 PHOTON MESON
 PHOTON MESON RESONANCE
 PHOTON MUON
 PHOTON MUON+
 PHOTON MUON-
 PHOTON N
 PHOTON NEUTRINO
 PHOTON NUCLEON
 PHOTON NUCLEUS
 PHOTON OMEGA-
 PHOTON P
 PHOTON PHOTON
 -PHOTON PHOTON COALESCENCE ('PHOTON PHOTON,
 INTERACTION')
 PHOTON PI
 PHOTON PI+
 PHOTON PI-
 PHOTON PI0
 PHOTON POSITRON
 PHOTON QUARK
 PHOTON SIGMA
 PHOTON SIGMA+
 PHOTON SIGMA-
 PHOTON SIGMA0
 -PHOTON SPECTROMETER (SEE 'TOTAL-ABSCISSA
 COUNTER')
 -PHOTON SPLITTING (ELECTROMAGNETIC
 INTERACTION, HIGHER-ORDER)
 PHOTON VECTOR MESON
 PHOTON XI
 PHOTON XI-
 PHOTON XI0
 PHOTOPRODUCTION (FOR G-SQUARED UNEQUAL 0,
 USE 'ELECTROPRODUCTION')
 PI
 PI ANTI-K0
 PI ANTI-M
 PI ANTI-P
 PI ANTIKARYON
 PI ANTIHYPERON
 PI ANTIKAMEDA
 PI ANTIKNUCLEON
 PI ANTIKSIGNA
 PI ANTIKXI
 PI BARYON
 PI BARYON RESONANCE
 PI DEUTERON
 PI HYPERON
 PI K
 PI K+
 PI K-
 PI K0
 PI LAMBDA
 PI LIGHT NUCLEUS
 PI MESON RESONANCE
 PI N
 PI NUCLEON
 PI NUCLEUS
 PI OMEGA-
 PI P
 PI PI
 PI PI+
 PI PI-
 PI PI0
 PI SIGMA
 PI SIGMA+
 PI SIGMA-

P

PI SIGMA0
 PI VECTOR MESON
 PI XI
 PI XI-
 PI XI0
 -FI(164C) (A2(164C))
 -FI(975) (DELTA(97C))
 PI+
 PI+ ANTI-K0
 PI+ ANTI-K
 PI+ ANTI-P
 PI+ ANTIBARYON
 PI+ ANTIHYPERON
 PI+ ANTILAMBDA
 PI+ ANTINUCLEON
 PI+ ANTISIGMA
 PI+ ANTIXI
 PI+ BARYON
 PI+ BARYON RESONANCE
 PI+ DEUTERON
 PI+ HYPERON
 PI+ K
 PI+ K+
 PI+ K-
 PI+ K0
 PI+ LAMBDA
 PI+ LIGHT NUCLEUS
 PI+ MESON RESONANCE
 PI+ N
 PI+ NUCLEON
 PI+ NUCLEUS
 PI+ OMEGA-
 PI+ P
 PI+ PI+
 PI+ PI-
 PI+ SIGMA
 PI+ SIGMA+
 PI+ SIGMA-
 PI+ SIGMA0
 PI+ VECTOR MESON
 PI+ XI
 PI+ XI-
 PI+ XI0
 PI-
 PI- ANTI-K0
 PI- ANTI-K
 PI- ANTI-P
 PI- ANTIBARYON
 PI- ANTIHYPERON
 PI- ANTILAMBDA
 PI- ANTINUCLEON
 PI- ANTISIGMA
 PI- ANTIXI
 PI- BARYON
 PI- BARYON RESONANCE
 PI- DEUTERON
 PI- HYPERON
 PI- K
 PI- K+
 PI- K-
 PI- K0
 PI- LAMBDA
 PI- LIGHT NUCLEUS
 PI- MESON RESONANCE
 PI- N
 PI- NUCLEON
 PI- NUCLEUS
 PI- OMEGA-
 PI- P
 PI- PI-
 PI- SIGMA
 PI- SIGMA+
 PI- SIGMA-
 PI- SIGMA0
 PI- VECTOR MESON
 PI- XI
 PI- XI-
 PI- XI0
 *PI-RHC(765)-OMEGA(764) (COUPLING,
 FI-RHC(765)-OMEGA(764))
 -PI/RHC(1540) (FI(1540))
 -PIGN EXCHANGE (*EXCHANGE, ONE-FIGN* OR
 EXCHANGE, MULTIFIGN)
 -PICNIC FORM FACTOR (VERTEX FUNCTION)
 *PICNIZATION (MULTIPLE PRODUCTION, PICNIZATION)
 *PITTSBURGH CYCL
 PIO
 PIO ANTI-K0
 PIO ANTI-K
 PIO ANTI-P
 PIO ANTIBARYON
 PIO ANTIHYPERON
 PIO ANTILAMBDA

PIO ANTINUCLEON
 PIO ANTISIGMA
 PIO ANTIXI
 PIO BARYON
 PIO BARYON RESONANCE
 PIO DEUTERON
 PIO HYPERON
 PIO K
 PIO K+
 PIO K-
 PIO K0
 PIO LAMBDA
 PIO LIGHT NUCLEUS
 PIO MESON RESONANCE
 PIO N
 PIO NUCLEON
 PIO NUCLEUS
 PIO OMEGA-
 PIO P
 PIO PI+
 PIO PI-
 PIO PIO
 PIO SIGMA
 PIO SIGMA+
 PIO SIGMA-
 PIO SIGMA0
 PIO VECTOR MESON
 PIO XI
 PIO XI-
 PIO XI0
 *PLANAR (FEYNMAN GRAPH, PLANAR)
 PLASMA
 -PLASTIC TRACK DETECTOR (SEE *PLASTICS, TRACK
 SENSITIVE*)
 PLASTICS
 PLATINUM
 -FLCTTING METHODS (SEE *DATA ANALYSIS METHOD*
 (RESTRICTED USE) OR *MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS,
 PRIEN FLCT* OR *STATISTICAL ANALYSIS*)
 *PLUTIC (AT CCRIS AND PETRA; *MAGNETIC
 DETECTOR, PLUTIC*)
 PLUTONIUM
 -FCINCARIE GROUP (GROUP THEORY, LORENTZ)
 *FCCKRSKI-SATZ-SCHILLING (MCCEL,
 FCCKRSKI-SATZ-SCHILLING)
 *FCCLARIZABILITY
 POLARIZATION
 *FCCLARIZED BEAM
 *FCCLARIZED TARGET
 *FCLE (APPROXIMATION, FCLE)
 -FCLE DOMINANCE (*MCCEL, FCLE* OR *MCCEL,
 RESONANCE*)
 POLONIUM
 *FCMERANGLER THEOREM (TOTAL CROSS SECTION,
 FCMERANGLER THEOREM)
 POWERNON (ALEC *FCMERON, MULTI-REGGE*)
 -FCMERON COUPLING (FCMERON, COUPLING)
 -FCMERON EXCHANGE (FCMERON, EXCHANGE)
 -FCMERON-FCMERON COUPLING (FCMERON, COUPLING)
 -FCMERON-FCMERON-FCMERON COUPLING (FCMERON,
 COUPLING)
 *FCPOSITION SENSITIVE (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS,
 POSITION SENSITIVE)
 POSITIVE PARTICLE
 -FCPOSITIVITY (SEE *AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY*)
 POSITRON
 POSITRON ANTI-K0
 POSITRON ANTI-K
 POSITRON ANTI-P
 POSITRON ANTIBARYON
 POSITRON ANTIHYPERON
 POSITRON ANTILAMBDA
 POSITRON ANTINUCLEON
 POSITRON ANTISIGMA
 POSITRON ANTIXI
 POSITRON BARYON
 POSITRON BARYON RESONANCE
 POSITRON ECSCN
 POSITRON DEUTERON
 POSITRON HADRON
 POSITRON HYPERON
 POSITRON K
 POSITRON K+
 POSITRON K-
 POSITRON K0
 POSITRON LAMBDA
 POSITRON LIGHT NUCLEUS
 POSITRON MESON
 POSITRON MESON RESONANCE
 POSITRON MUON
 POSITRON MUON+
 POSITRON MUON-
 POSITRON N

P

- POSITRON NUCLEON
- POSITRON NUCLEUS
- POSITRON (MEGA-
- POSITRON P
- POSITRON PI
- POSITRON PI+
- POSITRON PI-
- POSITRON PII
- POSITRON POSITRON
- POSITRON SIGMA
- POSITRON SIGMA+
- POSITRON SIGMA-
- POSITRON SIGMA0
- POSITRON VECTOR MESCIN
- POSITRON XI
- POSITRON XI-
- POSITRON XII
- POSITRONIUM
- POSTULATED PARTICLE
- POTASSIUM
- POTENTIAL
- POTENTIAL MODEL (POTENTIAL SCATTERING)
- POTENTIAL SCATTERING
- POWER ENGINEERING
- POWER SUPPLY
- PRASEODYMIUM
- PREDICTION (PROPOSED EXPERIMENT, NUMERICAL CALCULATIONS)
- PREPROCESSING (SEE ALSO "DIGITAL LOGIC, READOUT" OF "MICROPROCESSOR, PREPROCESSING" OF "DIGITAL LOGIC, PREPROCESSING")
- *PRESSURE
- *PRIMAKEYFF (EFFECT, PRIMAKEYFF)
- *PRIMARY (USE IN "COSMIC RADIATION, PRIMARY")
- PRIMEVAL FIREBALL (ASTROPHYSICS)
- *PRINCETON FS
- *PRISM PLCT (MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS, PRISM PLCT)
- PROBABILITY (STATISTICS)
- PROCESS CONTROL COMPUTER (COMPUTER, CONTROL SYSTEM)
- *PRODUCTION (RESTRICTED USE, IF POSSIBLE USE MORE SPECIFIC TERM)
- PRODUCTION CROSS SECTION (CHANNEL CROSS SECTION, PRODUCTION)
- PROGRAMMING
- PROJECT ("EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT, PROPOSED" OF "ACCELERATOR, PROPOSED")
- PROMETHIUM
- PROFIT PARTICLE (USE "DIRECT PRODUCTION")
- PROPAGATOR
- PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER (USED ALSO FOR PROPORTIONAL COUNTER)
- PROPORTIONAL COUNTER (PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER)
- PROPORTIONAL WIRE CHAMBER (PROPORTIONAL CHAMBER)
- *PROPOSED ("EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT, PROPOSED" OF "ACCELERATOR, PROPOSED")
- PROPOSED EXPERIMENT
- PROTACTINIUM
- PROTON SYNCHROTRON
- *PSEUDOPARTICLE (FIELD EQUATIONS, PSEUDOPARTICLE)
- PSEUDOPARTICLE SOLUTION (FIELD EQUATIONS, PSEUDOPARTICLE)
- *PSEUDOSCALAR (RESTRICTED USE)
- PSEUDOSCALAR MESCIN
- PSEUDOSCALAR MESCIN DOMINANCE (MODEL, MESCIN DOMINANCE)
- *PSEUDOVECTOR ((RESTRICTED USE) WHEN "PSEUDOVECTOR" AND "VECTOR MESCIN" APPLICABLE, USE "VECTOR MESCIN" ONLY)
- PSI MESCIN (RESTRICTED TO THEORETICAL PAPERS ON PSI SPECTROSCOPY)
- PSI(2100) (USE "J/PSI(2100)")
- PSI(2700)
- PSI(2770)
- PSI(4100) STRUCTURE
- PSI(4400)
- *PT ("INVARIANCE, PT" OR "VIOLATION, PT")
- PULSE ANALYZER (ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER)
- PULSE GENERATOR (NOT INCLUDED)
- PULSE LIMITER (FAST LOGIC)
- PULSE SHAPER (FAST LOGIC)
- PULSE SPECTROMETER ("MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER" AND "FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE" OR "SPARK CHAMBER")
- PULSE-HEIGHT ANALYZER (ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER)
- PULSE MAGNET

Q REGION

- CC/2 SPECTROMETER (MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER)
- CFD (QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS)
- CFT (FIELD THEORY)
- QUADRUPOLE LENS
- QUANTAMETER (SEE "IONIZATION CHAMBER" AND "BEAM MONITORING")
- QUANTIZATION
- QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS
- QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS
- QUANTUM FIELD THEORY (USE "FIELD THEORY")
- QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS
- QUANTUM MECHANICS
- QUANTUM NUMBER
- QUANTUM STATISTICS (STATISTICAL MECHANICS)
- QUARK
- QUARK ANTIQUARK
- QUARK GLUON (SEE ALSO "FIELD THEORY, ASYMPTOTIC FREEDOM")
- QUARK INTERMEDIATE BOSON
- QUARK LINE RULE (ELECTION RULE, IIZUKA-CKLEB-ZWEIG)

- QUARK MODEL (QUARK)
- *QUARK PARTON (MODEL, QUARK PARTON)
- QUARK QUARK
- QUARK REARRANGEMENT (SEE "MODEL, CONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE")
- QUARK RECOMBINATION (SEE "MODEL, CONSTITUENT INTERCHANGE")
- QUARK SEARCH ("SEARCH FOR, QUARK", ONLY FOR EXPERIMENTAL SEARCHES FOR QUARKS)
- *QUARKONIUM (QUARK, QUARKONIUM)
- *QUARTET (QUARK, QUARTET)
- *QUASICLASSICAL (APPROXIMATION, QUASICLASSICAL)
- QUASIELASTIC SCATTERING (USE "ELASTIC SCATTERING")
- QUASIPARTICLE (SEE "MODEL, FERMI GAS")
- *QUASIPOTENTIAL (MODEL, QUASIPOTENTIAL)
- *QUATERNION (ALGEBRA, QUATERNION)
- *QUINTET (QUARK, QUINTET)
- Q1(1300)
- Q2(1400)

Q

R

- RADIATION
- RADIATION DETECTOR (NOT USED. SEE MORE SPECIFIC KEYWORDS)
- RADIATION GASE (SEE 'COSIMETRY')
- RADIATION EFFECT (SEE 'RADIATION, EFFECT')
- RADIATION LENGTH
- RADIATION PROTECTION
- *RADIATIVE CAPTURE
- *RADIATIVE CORRECTION
- *RADIATIVE DECAY (SEE ALSO 'ELECTROMAGNETIC DECAY')
- RADIOACTIVITY
- RADIOCHEMISTRY ('RADIOACTIVITY' AND 'CHEMISTRY')
- RADIUM
- RADON
- RANGE TELESCOPE (SEE 'SCINTILLATION COUNTER' AND 'ENERGY LOSS' AND 'FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE')
- RANGE-ENERGY RELATION (USE 'ENERGY LOSS')
- RAPID CYCLING ELEEE CHAMBER (USE 'ELEEE CHAMBER')
- *RAPIDITY
- *RARITA-SCHWINGER (FIELD EQUATIONS, RARITA-SCHWINGER)
- *RATIC (SEE 'TOTAL CROSS SECTION, RATIC' OR 'WIDTH, RATIC' OR 'MASS, RATIC')
- REACTION AMPLITUDE (SEE 'SCATTERING AMPLITUDE' (RESTRICTED USE), ONLY IN CASES OF CENTRAL IMPORTANCE)
- REACTION MECHANISM (USE MORE SPECIFIC TERM)
- *READOUT (DIGITAL LOGIC, READOUT)
- REAL TIME (SEE 'CONTROL SYSTEM' AND 'COMPUTER, ON-LINE')
- RECOIL
- *REFLECTION
- *REGENERATION (KC, REGENERATION)
- REGGE CUT ('MODEL, REGGE CUT'; ONLY FOR PAPERS TREATING MODELS)
- REGGE POLES
- REGGE TRAJECTORIES (SEE 'REGGE POLES')
- REGGEON (SEE 'REGGE POLES' OR 'REGGEON FIELD THEORY')
- REGGEON FIELD THEORY
- *REGGEON PARTICLE (SCATTERING, REGGEON PARTICLE)
- *REGULARIZATION (RENORMALIZATION, REGULARIZATION)
- *RELATIVISTIC
- RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM MECHANICS (QUANTUM MECHANICS, RELATIVISTIC)
- RELATIVITY THEORY
- *RENORMALIZABLE (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, RENORMALIZABLE)
- RENORMALIZATION
- RENORMALIZATION GROUP
- REPRESENTATION (SEE 'GROUP THEORY' OR 'MANGELSTAM REPRESENTATION' OR 'SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION')
- REPRESENTATION THEORY (SEE 'GROUP THEORY')
- REFLECTION
- REFRACTIVE INDEX
- RESCATTERING (SEE 'MULTIPLE SCATTERING')
- RESISTIVE-BALL EFFECT (SEE 'BEAM INSTABILITY' OR 'BEAM DYNAMICS')
- *RESOLUTION (EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT, RESOLUTION)
- RESONANCE (RESTRICTED USE FOR 'MODEL, RESONANCE')
- *RESONANCE DOMINANCE (MODEL, RESONANCE DOMINANCE)
- RESONANCE FORMATION (USE 'RESONANCE, SCATTERING')
- RESONANCE INTERACTION MODEL (MODEL, OVERLAPPING RESONANCES)
- RESONANCE MIXING (INTERFERENCE, RESONANCE)
- *RESONANCE SCATTERING (MODEL, RESONANCE SCATTERING)
- RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY ('MAGNETIC SPECTROSCOPY' OR 'MULTIPLE')
- REVIEW
- RF CAVITY (SEE 'RF SYSTEM')
- RF FIELD (SEE 'RF SYSTEM')
- RF SEPARATOR (USE 'PARTICLE SEPARATOR' AND 'SPECIALLY BEAM TRANSPORT')
- RF SYSTEM
- RF (REGGEON FIELD THEORY)
- RHEIUM
- RHC DOMINANCE MODEL (MODEL, VECTOR DOMINANCE)
- RHC EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, RHC(765))
- *RHC(1250) (POSTULATED PARTICLE, RHC(1250))
- RHO(1600)
- RHC(1660) (C(1660))
- *RHO(1710) (POSTULATED PARTICLE, RHC(1710))
- RHO(765)
- *RHO(765)*
- RHO(765)-
- *RHO(765)-CMECA(764) (INTERFERENCE, RHC(765)-CMECA(764))
- RHO(765)0
- RHC-CMECA (INTERFERENCE, RHC(765)-CMECA(764))
- RHOBIUM
- *RIGHT-HANDED (CURRENT, RIGHT-HANDED)
- RHF RESONANCE (N(1470))
- *ROSENBLUTH FORMULA ('EXCHANGE, ONE-PHOTON' AND E.G., 'ELECTRON P, ROSENBLUTH FORMULA')
- ROSS-STODOLSKY (RHC(765), FOTOPRODUCTION)
- ROTATION
- *ROTATIONAL (SYMMETRY, ROTATIONAL)
- *ROTATIONAL STATE (MODEL, ROTATIONAL STATE)
- *ROTATOR (MODEL, ROTATOR)
- RUBBER
- RUBIDIUM
- RUTHENIUM

S

*S(1930) (FCSTILLATED PARTICLE, S(1930))
 S(1000)
 S-MATRIX
 -S-WAVE (PARTIAL WAVE)
 *SACLAY LINAC
 *SACLAY PS
 *SAFETY (FOR ASPECTS OTHER THAN NUCLEAR, SEE ALSO *HEALTH PHYSICS* OR *DOSIMETRY* OR *SHIELDING*)
 *SAKATA (MODEL, SAKATA)
 -SALAM-STRATHREE (FIELD THEORY, SUPERSYMMETRY)
 -SALAM-WEINBERG MODEL (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, WEINBERG)
 SAMARIUM
 -SANDWICH COUNTER (SEE, E.G., *SCINTILLATION COUNTER, LEAD* OR, E.G., *CHERENKOV COUNTER, IRON*)
 *SASKATCHEWAN LINAC
 *SATELLITE (USED IN CONNECTION WITH COSMIC-RADIATION EXPERIMENTS)
 -SAWEN-WOODS (*POTENTIAL* OR *POTENTIAL SCATTERING*)
 *SCALAR (RESTRICTED USE)
 SCALAR MESON
 -SCALAR MESON DOMINANCE (MODEL, MESON DOMINANCE)
 -SCALE INVARIANCE (USE *SCALING*)
 -SCALER (DIGITAL LOGIC)
 SCALING (ALSO USED FOR SCALE INVARIANCE, FOR SCALING VIOLATION: *SCALING, VIOLATION*)
 -SCALING VIOLATION (SCALING, VIOLATION)
 SCANDIUM
 -SCANNING (SEE *TRACK MEASURING*)
 SCATTERING (RESTRICTED USE)
 SCATTERING AMPLITUDE (RESTRICTED USE, ONLY FOR CASES OF CENTRAL IMPORTANCE; SEE ALSO S-MATRIX)
 SCATTERING LENGTH
 -SCC (CAMAC SYSTEM, CONTROLLER)
 *SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION (*QUANTUM MECHANICS, SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION*; ONLY FOR PAPERS ON RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM MECHANICS)
 *SCHWINGER (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, SCHWINGER)
 -SCHWINGER SOURCE THEORY (FIELD THEORY)
 *SCHWINGER TERMS (CURRENT ALGEBRA, SCHWINGER TERMS)
 SCINTILLATION COUNTER
 -SCINTILLATOR (NOT INCLUDED IN SCOPE)
 *SCREENING (EFFECT, SCREENING)
 *SEA (QUARK, SEA)
 *SEAGULL (EFFECT, SEAGULL)
 SEARCH FOR (ONLY FOR EXPERIMENTAL SEARCHES FOR POSTULATED PARTICLES)
 -SECOND QUANTIZATION (FIELD THEORY, QUANTIZATION)
 *SECOND-CLASS CURRENT (WEAK INTERACTION, SECOND-CLASS CURRENT)
 -SECONDARY PARTICLE
 SECONDARY RADIATION
 -SECONDARY-EMISSION MONITORING (BEAM MONITORING)
 -SECTOR-FOCUSING CYCLOTRON (CYCLOTRON, ISCHRONOUS)
 -SECURITY (SEE *SAFETY* OR *HEALTH PHYSICS* OR *DOSIMETRY* OR *SHIELDING* OR *RADIATION PROTECTION*)
 SELECTION RULE
 SELENIUM
 -SELF-CONSISTENT CALCULATION (*BOOSTRA* OR, IF QUANTUM MECHANICS, *APPROXIMATION, PARTREE-FOCK*)
 -SELF-COUPLING (NOT USED)
 -SELF-ENERGY (PROPAGATOR, RENORMALIZATION)
 -SELF-INTERACTION (RENORMALIZATION)
 -SEMICLASSICAL (SEE *APPROXIMATION, QUASICLASSICAL* OR *APPROXIMATION, WKB*)
 SEMICONDUCTOR
 SEMICONDUCTOR DETECTOR (SEE ALSO *SOLID-STATE COUNTER*)
 -SEMI-INCLUSIVE REACTION (USE *INCLUSIVE REACTION*)
 *SEMILEPTONIC DECAY
 *SENDAI LINAC
 *SEPARABLE POTENTIAL (MODEL, SEPARABLE POTENTIAL)
 *SEPARATED BEAM
 *SEPARATED-CRBIT (CYCLOTRON, SEPARATED-CRBIT)
 *SEPTET (QUARK, SEPTET)
 -SEPTUM MAGNET (SEE *MAGNET, EJECTION*)
 *SERIAL HIGHWAY (CAMAC SYSTEM, SERIAL HIGHWAY)
 *SERPENTINE PS
 *SEXTET (QUARK, SEXTET)
 -SEXTUPLE LENS (QUADRUPOLE LENS, SPECIAL FOCUSING)
 -SHADOW SCATTERING (SEE *MODEL, OPTICAL* OR *MODEL, VECTOR DOMINANCE*)
 *SHADOWING (EFFECT, SHADOWING)

*SHELL (MODEL, SHELL)
 SHIELDING
 *SHECK WAVES (MODEL, SHECK WAVES)
 *SHORT-DISTANCE BEHAVIOR (FIELD THEORY, SHORT-DISTANCE BEHAVIOR)
 *SHORT-RANGE (USED ONLY AS *CORRELATION, SHORT-RANGE*, NOT USED FOR SHORT-RANGE FORCES)
 -SHOWER COUNTER (USE *SHOWER DETECTOR*)
 SHOWER DETECTOR
 -SHOWER SPECTROMETER (USE *SHOWER DETECTOR*)
 SHOWERS
 -SHRINKAGE (HIGH ENERGY BEHAVIOR)
 SIGMA (USED FOR THE HYPERON; ALSO *FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, SIGMA*)
 SIGMA ANTISIGMA
 SIGMA BARYON RESONANCE
 SIGMA DEUTERON
 SIGMA LIGHT NUCLEUS
 -SIGMA MODEL (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, SIGMA)
 SIGMA NUCLEUS
 -SIGMA TERM MODEL (USE *SYMMETRY, CHIRAL* AND, E. G., *MESON NUCLEON, INTERACTION*)
 SIGMA VECTOR MESON
 SIGMA(1300)
 SIGMA(1670)
 SIGMA(1750)
 SIGMA(1700)
 SIGMA(1910)
 SIGMA(1940)
 SIGMA(2030)
 SIGMA(2200)
 SIGMA(2450)
 SIGMA(2620)
 SIGMA+
 SIGMA+ BARYON RESONANCE
 SIGMA+ DEUTERON
 SIGMA+ LIGHT NUCLEUS
 SIGMA+ NUCLEUS
 SIGMA+ SIGMA-
 SIGMA+ SIGMA0
 SIGMA+ VECTOR MESON
 SIGMA-
 SIGMA- BARYON RESONANCE
 SIGMA- DEUTERON
 SIGMA- LIGHT NUCLEUS
 SIGMA- NUCLEUS
 SIGMA- VECTOR MESON
 SIGMA/C(2430)
 SIGMA0
 SIGMA0 BARYON RESONANCE
 SIGMA0 DEUTERON
 SIGMA0 LIGHT NUCLEUS
 SIGMA0 NUCLEUS
 SIGMA0 SIGMA-
 SIGMA0 VECTOR MESON
 SILICON
 SILVER
 *SIN CYCLE
 *SINE-COSINE (*FIELD EQUATIONS, SINE-COSINE* OR *QUANTUM MECHANICS, SINE-COSINE*)
 -SINGLE (FOR SINGLE PARTICLES SEE *ONE-PARTICLE*, *ONE-MESON* ETC.)
 -SINGLE PARTICLE (SEE *ONE-PARTICLE*; ALSO *INCLUSIVE REACTION*)
 -SINGLE-ARM SPECTROMETER (SEE *MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER*)
 -SINGLE-LOOP APPROXIMATION (*FEYNMAN GRAPH, HIGHER-ORDER* OR *DUAL FIELD THEORY, HIGHER-ORDER*)
 *SIX-DIMENSIONAL (SEE *FIELD THEORY, SIX-DIMENSIONAL* OR *QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, SIX-DIMENSIONAL* OR *QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, SIX-DIMENSIONAL* OR *QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, SIX-DIMENSIONAL*)
 -SKELETON (FEYNMAN GRAPH)
 *SL(2,C) (*SYMMETRY, SL(2,C)* OR *GROUP THEORY, SL(2,C)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SL(2,C)* OR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SL(2,C)*)
 *SLAC LINAC (AT STANFORD)
 *SLAC PEP STC (AT STANFORD)
 *SLAC SPEAR STC (AT STANFORD)
 *SLAVNOV IDENTITY (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SLAVNOV IDENTITY)
 -SLAVNOV-TAYLOR IDENTITY (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SLAVNOV IDENTITY)
 *SMALL-ANGLE
 -SMOKATRAN (ACCELERATOR, ELECTRON RING)
 *SC(N) (*SYMMETRY, SC(N)* OR *GROUP THEORY, SC(N)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SC(N)* OR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SC(N)*)
 *SC(10) (*SYMMETRY, SC(10)* OR *GROUP THEORY, SC(10)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SC(10)* OR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SC(10)*)

S

- *SC(2,2) (*SYMMETRY, SC(2,2)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SC(2,2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SC(2,2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SC(2,2)**)
- *SC(3) (*SYMMETRY, SC(3)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SC(3)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SC(3)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SC(3)**)
- *SC(4) (*SYMMETRY, SC(4)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SC(4)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SC(4)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SC(4)**)
- *SCDING (MODEL, SCDING)
- SCDUM
- SCFI PHOTON (RADIATIVE CORRECTION)
- SCFT PICKS (*CURRENT ALGEBRA, EFFECTIVE LAGRANGIANS* CR *MODEL, PCAC*)
- SCFT SCATTERING (MOMENTUM TRANSFER, LCB)
- *SCLENCIO (MAGNET, SELENCIO)
- SOLID-STATE COUNTER (SEE ALSO *SUPERCONDUCTOR DETECTOR*)
- SOLIDS
- *SOLITON (FIELD EQUATIONS, SOLITON)
- *SOLUTION (*FIELD EQUATIONS, SOLUTION*; IF POSSIBLE USE MORE SPECIFIC TERM)
- SCHWEPFELD-WATSON TRANSFORMATION (REGGE POLES)
- SCNIC SPARK CHAMBER (SPARK CHAMBER, ACOUSTIC)
- SCURCE (SEE *FIELD THEORY* CR *PARTICLE SOURCE*)
- SCURCE ALGEBRA (CURRENT ALGEBRA)
- *SPACE
- *SPACE CHARGE (FOR ACCELERATORS ONLY)
- *SPACE RAD LAR LINAC
- *SPACE-TIME (FIELD THEORY, SPACE-TIME)
- SPALLATION (SEE *FISSION*)
- SPARK CHAMBER
- *SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION (ONLY USED FOR COSMIC RADIATION; SEE ALSO *ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION*)
- *SPATIAL RESOLUTION (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, SPATIAL RESOLUTION)
- SPEAR (FOR ACCELERATOR ASPECTS, *ELECTRON POSITION, STORAGE RING*, FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS, *SLAC SPEAR STOR*)
- *SPECIAL FOCUSING (MAGNET, SPECIAL FOCUSING)
- *SPECTATOR (MODEL, SPECTATOR*, POSSIBLY ALSO *MODEL, DELTACON*)
- SPECTRA
- SPECTRAL FUNCTION (SEE *SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION* CR *MANDELSTAM REPRESENTATION*)
- SPECTRAL REPRESENTATION
- SPECTROMETER (RESTRICTED USE), SEE *MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER*, SEE ALSO *HADRON SPECTROSCOPY*)
- SPECTROSCOPY (SEE *SPECTROMETER* CR *MAGNETIC SPECTROMETER*, SEE ALSO *HADRON SPECTROSCOPY*)
- *SPHERICITY (JET, SPHERICITY)
- SPIN
- SPIN FLIP (SEE *AMPLITUDE ANALYSIS*)
- SPIN NONFLIP (SEE *AMPLITUDE ANALYSIS*)
- SPIN-PARITY ANALYSIS (PARTIAL WAVE ANALYSIS)
- *SPINLESS (RESTRICTED USE), NOT USED FOR BOSONS)
- SPINOR
- SPINOR FIELD THEORY (FIELD THEORY, SPINOR)
- *SPLIT-FIELD (AT CERN ISR: *MAGNETIC DETECTOR, SPLIT-FIELD*)
- SPLITTING (SEE *MASS DIFFERENCE*)
- *SPONTANEOUSLY BROKEN (SYMMETRY, SPONTANEOUSLY BROKEN)
- SPLURIC (SEE *SYMMETRY, U(12)*)
- SQUARE-Well POTENTIAL (POTENTIAL SCATTERING)
- *STACK (*COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, STACK* CR *NUCLEAR EMULSION, STACK*)
- *STACKING (*INJECTION, STACKING* AND *STORAGE RING*)
- *STANFORD LINAC MK3 (ONLY FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS GAINED THERE)
- STATIC MODEL (SEE *MODEL, CHEN-LCH*)
- STATIONARY PHASE (SEE *MATHEMATICAL METHODS, PATH INTEGRAL*)
- *STATISTICAL (MODEL, STATISTICAL)
- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS (RESTRICTED TO BASIC PAPERS)
- STATISTICAL ECCTSTAF (ECCTSTAF, STATISTICAL)
- STATISTICAL MECHANICS
- STATISTICAL TENSOR (SPIN, DENSITY MATRIX)
- STATISTICS
- STATUS REPORT (ACTIVITY REPORT)
- STEEL (USE *IRON*)
- *STICHEL THEOREM (SELECTION RULE, STICHEL THEOREM)
- *STICHEL-SCHULZ (MODEL, STICHEL-SCHULZ)
- STIMULATED EMISSION (SEE *OPTICS, LASER* CR *RADIATIVE DECAY* CR *ATOMIC PHYSICS*)
- *STOCHASTIC COOLING (BEAM COOLING, STOCHASTIC COOLING)
- STOCHASTIC MODEL (MODEL, STATISTICAL)
- *STODOLSKY-SAKLRAI (MODEL, STODOLSKY-SAKLRAI)
- STORAGE RING (FOR ACCELERATOR ASPECTS ONLY; FOR EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS USE *COLLIDING BEAMS*)
- STRANGE PARTICLE
- STRANGENESS
- *STRANGENESS CHANGING (SEE *CURRENT, STRANGENESS CHANGING*)
- STRATON (CLARK)
- STREAMER CHAMBER
- *STRING (MODEL, STRING)
- *STRIP (APPROXIMATION, STRIP)
- STRONG DESCRIPTION (MODEL, DESCRIPTION)
- *STRONG COUPLING (MODEL, STRONG COUPLING)
- STRONG INTERACTION (ALSO *MODEL, STRONG INTERACTION*)
- STRONTIUM
- *STRUCTURE FUNCTION (USE ONLY SINGLY, OCCURS WITH *INCLUSIVE REACTION* CR *DEEP INELASTIC SCATTERING*, DO NOT USE *ANALYTIC PROPERTIES*)
- *SU(N) (*SYMMETRY, SU(N)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(N)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(N)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(N)**)
- *SU(N) X SU(N) (*SYMMETRY, SU(N) X SU(N)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(N) X SU(N)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(N) X SU(N)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(N) X SU(N)**)
- *SU(1,1) (*SYMMETRY, SU(1,1)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(1,1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(1,1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(1,1)**)
- *SU(2) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2)**)
- *SU(2) X SU(2) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2) X SU(2)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(2) X SU(2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X SU(2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X SU(2)**)
- *SU(2) X SU(2) X U(1) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2) X SU(2) X U(1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X SU(2) X U(1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X SU(2) X U(1)**)
- *SU(2) X U(1) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2) X U(1)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(2) X U(1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1)**)
- *SU(2) X U(1) X SU(3) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2) X U(1) X SU(3)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1) X SU(3)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1) X SU(3)**)
- *SU(2) X U(1) X U(1) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2) X U(1) X U(1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1) X U(1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2) X U(1) X U(1)**)
- *SU(2)N (*SYMMETRY, SU(2)N* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(2)N* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2)N* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2)N**)
- *SU(2,2) (*SYMMETRY, SU(2,2)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(2,2)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(2,2)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(2,2)**)
- *SU(3) (*SYMMETRY, SU(3)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(3)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3)**)
- *SU(3) X SU(2) X U(1) (*SYMMETRY, SU(3) X SU(2) X U(1)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(2) X U(1)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(2) X U(1)**)
- *SU(3) X SU(3) (*SYMMETRY, SU(3) X SU(3)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(3)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(3)**)
- *SU(3) X SU(3)** (*SYMMETRY, SU(3) X SU(3)** CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(3) X SU(3)** CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(3)** CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3) X SU(3)**)
- *SU(3)** X SU(3)** (*SYMMETRY, SU(3)** X SU(3)** CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(3)** X SU(3)** CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3)** X SU(3)** CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3)** X SU(3)**)
- *SU(3)** (*SYMMETRY, SU(3)** CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(3)** CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(3)** CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(3)**)
- *SU(4) (*SYMMETRY, SU(4)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(4)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(4)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(4)**)
- *SU(4) X SU(4) (*SYMMETRY, SU(4) X SU(4)* CR *GROUP THEORY, SU(4) X SU(4)* CR *FIELD THEORY, SU(4) X SU(4)* CR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SU(4) X SU(4)**)

*SL(5) (*SYMMETRY, SL(5)* OR *CIRCLE THEORY,
SL(5)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SL(5)* OR *GAUGE FIELD
THEORY, SL(5)*
 *SL(6) (*SYMMETRY, SL(6)* OR *CIRCLE THEORY,
SL(6)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SL(6)* OR *GAUGE FIELD
THEORY, SL(6)*
 *SL(6) X C(2) (*SYMMETRY, SL(6) X C(2)* OR
GROUP THEORY, SL(6) X C(2) OR *FIELD THEORY,
SL(6) X C(2)* OR *GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SL(6) X
C(2)*
 *SL(6)N (*SYMMETRY, SL(6)N* OR *GROUP THEORY,
SL(6)N* OR *FIELD THEORY, SL(6)N* OR *GAUGE
FIELD THEORY, SL(6)N*)
 *SL(8) (*SYMMETRY, SL(8)* OR *GROUP THEORY,
SL(8)* OR *FIELD THEORY, SL(8)* OR *GAUGE FIELD
THEORY, SL(8)*
 *SUGAWARA (*MODEL, SUGAWARA)
 SULFUR
 SULFUR
 SULFUR
 SUPERCONDUCTING (FOR APPARATUS; ALSO USED
THEORETICALLY: *MODEL, SUPERCONDUCTING*)
 -SUPERCONDUCTIVITY (SEE *SUPERCONDUCTING*)
 *SUPERCONVERGENCE (SUM RULE, SUPERCONVERGENCE)

-SUPERFIELD (FIELD THEORY, SUPERSYMMETRY)
 -SUPERGAUGE (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, SUPERSYMMETRY)
 -SUPERGRAVITY (GRAVITATION, SUPERSYMMETRY)
 -SUPERMULTIPLY (USE *MULTIPLY*)
 -SUPERPOSITION (*INTERFERENCE* (RESTRICTED USE))
 *SUPERPROPAGATOR (PROPAGATOR, SUPERPROPAGATOR)
 *SUPERRENORMALIZABLE (FIELD THEORETICAL
MODEL, SUPERRENORMALIZABLE)
 *SUPERSELECTION RULE (SUM RULE,
SUPERSELECTION RULE)
 *SUPERSYMMETRY (FIELD THEORY, SUPERSYMMETRY)
 *SUPERWEAK INTERACTION (WEAK INTERACTION,
SUPERWEAK INTERACTION)
 -SUSCEPTIBILITY (SEE *MAGNET*)
 SYMMETRY
 SYMMETRY BREAKING
 -SYMPLECTIC GROUPS (SEE *CIRCLE THEORY*)
 SYNCHRO-CYCLOTRON
 -SYNCHROTRON (SYNCHROTRON OF PARTICLES
SYNCHROTRON OF ELECTRONS SYNCHROTRON)
 SYNCHROTRON
 SYNCHROTRON OSCILLATION
 SYNCHROTRON RADIATION

S

T

*T(2150) (PCSTILLATED PARTICLE, T(2190))
 -T INVARIANCE (INVARIANCE, TIME REVERSAL)
 -T-MATRIX (S-MATRIX)
 *TABLES
 *TACHYON (PCSTILLATED PARTICLE, TACHYON)
 *TAGFICLE (FEYNMAN GRAPH, TAGFICLE)
 *TAGGED BEAM (*PHOTON, TAGGED BEAM* OR *ELECTRON, TAGGED BEAM*)
 -TALK (NOT USED AS A KEYWORD, FOR CONFERENCE LECTURES AND REVIEWS, KEYWORDS 'LECTURES' OR 'REVIEW' WILL BE USED, OTHER CONFERENCE TALKS SHOW ENTRY (TALK) BEHIND TITLE.)
 TANTALUM
 TARGET
 -TARGET POLARIZATION (USE 'TARGET, POLARIZATION' FOR MEASUREMENT OF POLARIZATION DEGREE, SEE ALSO 'POLARIZED TARGET')
 *TASSC (AT PETRA: 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, TASSC')
 TAG
 TAU+
 TAU-
 -TCF (SEE 'CFT')
 -TDC (FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT)
 TECHNETIUM
 -TECHNOLOGY (SEE FOR MORE SPECIFIC TERMS)
 -TELESCOPE (SEE MORE SPECIFIC KEYWORD)
 TELLURIUM
 TEMPERATURE
 *TENSOR (RESTRICTED USE)
 TENSOR MESON
 -TENSOR MESON DOMINANCE (MODEL, MESON DOMINANCE)
 TERBIUM
 THALLIUM
 THEORY OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES
 -THERMAL SHIELDING (VACUUM SYSTEM)
 *THERMODYNAMICAL (MODEL, THERMODYNAMICAL)
 THERMODYNAMICS
 *THERMOLUMINESCENCE (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, THERMOLUMINESCENCE)
 THESIS (INCLUDING SOME MASTER'S THESES)
 *THIRRING (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, THIRRING)
 THORIUM
 -THREE-BODY ANNIHILATION (MULTIPLE PRODUCTION, ANNIHILATION)
 THREE-BODY PROBLEM
 *THREE-DIMENSIONAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, THREE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, THREE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, THREE-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, THREE-DIMENSIONAL')
 -THREE-MESON (SEE 'EXCHANGE, MULTIMESON')
 -THREE-PHOTON (SEE 'EXCHANGE, MULTIPHOTON')
 -THREE-PION (SEE 'EXCHANGE, MULTIPION')
 -THREE-POINT FUNCTION (VERTEX FUNCTION)
 THRESHOLD
 *THRUST (JET, THRUST)
 THULIUM
 *TIME
 -TIME DISTRIBUTION (SEE 'TIME VARIATION'; ONLY USED FOR COSMIC RADIATION OR FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS)
 *TIME MEASUREMENT (SEE ALSO 'FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT' OR 'FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE')
 *TIME RESOLUTION (COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, TIME RESOLUTION)
 *TIME REVERSAL ('INVARIANCE, TIME REVERSAL' OR 'VIOLATION, TIME REVERSAL')
 *TIME VARIATION (ONLY USED FOR COSMIC RADIATION OR FUNDAMENTAL CONSTANTS)
 *TIME-OF-FLIGHT (FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT)
 -TIME-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER (FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT)
 TIN
 TITANIUM
 *TKYK ES

-TOLLER FOLE MODEL ('PARTIAL WAVE' AND 'ANALYTIC PROPERTIES')
 *TKMK ES
 -TCF (CLARK, TRUTH)
 *TCFLOGICAL (CHARGE, TCFLOGICAL)
 -TCFLOGICAL CROSS SECTION (CHANNEL CROSS SECTION)
 *TCFLOGICAL EXPANSION (QUALITY, TCFLOGICAL EXPANSION)
 TOTAL CROSS SECTION (SEE ALSO 'CHANNEL CROSS SECTION')
 TOTAL-ABSORPTION COUNTER
 -TOSCHER EFFECT (BEAM INSTABILITY)
 *TFC (AT PEP: 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, TFC', FOR TIME-TO-PULSE-HEIGHT CONVERTERS USE 'FAST LOGIC')
 TRACK DATA ANALYSIS
 -TRACK FOLLOWING (USE 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS, CN-LINE' OR 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS, EFF-LINE')
 -TRACK MEASURING (USE 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS, CN-LINE' OR 'TRACK DATA ANALYSIS, EFF-LINE')
 TRACK PHOTOGRAPHY
 *TRACK SENSITIVE (ONLY USED FOR TRACKS VISUALIZED IN MATTER, LIKE 'PLASTICS, TRACK SENSITIVE' OR 'GLASS, TRACK SENSITIVE')
 TRACKS
 -TRAJECTORY (SEE 'REGGE POLES' OR 'REGGE CUT', NOT USED FOR PARTICLE TRAJECTORY)
 TRANSFORMATION (NOT USED IN CONNECTION WITH 'RENORMALIZATION GROUP')
 *TRANSITION
 *TRANSITION RADIATION (SEE 'COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, TRANSITION RADIATION', NOT USED FOR RADIATIVE DECAY)
 -TRANSITION RADIATION COUNTER (USE 'COUNTERS AND DETECTORS, TRANSITION RADIATION')
 -TRANSMISSION (USE 'ABSORPTION')
 *TRANSPARENT (ELEMENTS, TRANSPARENT)
 *TRANSVERSE (RESTRICTED USE, SEE ALSO 'TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM')
 -TRANSVERSE BEAM OSCILLATION (ELECTRON OSCILLATION)
 TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM
 *TREE (APPROXIMATION, TREE)
 -TREIMAN-YANG TEST (DECAY, ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION)
 -TRIANGLE ANOMALY
 -TRIANGLE GRAPH (FEYNMAN GRAPH)
 -TRIGGERING (FAST LOGIC, COINCIDENCE)
 *TRIMON (FINAL STATE, TRIMON)
 -TRIPLE-POWERN COUPLING (POWERN, COUPLING)
 *TRIPLE-REGGE LIMIT (INCLUSIVE REACTION, TRIPLE-REGGE LIMIT)
 *TRIPLET (CLARK, TRIPLET)
 TRITIUM
 *TRIUMF CYCL (AT VANCLIVER)
 -TRUSS GRAPH (APPROXIMATION, LACDER)
 *TRUTH (CLARK, TRUTH)
 *TRUTHFUL MESON
 -TUNE SHIFT (SEE 'RF SYSTEM' OR 'BEAM OPTICS')
 TUNGSTEN
 -TWC-BODY (USE ONLY AS 'EXCHANGE, TWC-PARTICLE')
 -TWC-COMPONENT (SPECIALLY 'DIFFRACTION, DISSOCIATION' AND 'MODEL, MULTIPERIPHERAL')
 *TWC-COMPONENT NEUTRINO (MODEL, TWC-COMPONENT NEUTRINO)
 *TWC-DIMENSIONAL (SEE 'FIELD THEORY, TWC-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, TWC-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM CHROMODYNAMICS, TWC-DIMENSIONAL' OR 'QUANTUM FLAVORDYNAMICS, TWC-DIMENSIONAL')
 *TWC-CANNA (AT PEP: 'MAGNETIC DETECTOR, TWC-CANNA')
 *TWC-PARTICLE (EXCHANGE, TWC-PARTICLE)
 *TWC-PHOTON (EXCHANGE, TWC-PHOTON)
 *TWC-PION (EXCHANGE, TWC-PION)

U

- *L(N) (*SYMMETRY, L(N)* OF *GROUP THEORY, L(N)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(N)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(N)*)
- *L(1) (*SYMMETRY, L(1)* OF *GROUP THEORY, U(1)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(1)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(1)*)
- *L(1) FROBENIUS (FIELD THEORY, L(1) FROBENIUS)
- *L(12) (*SYMMETRY, L(12)* OF *GROUP THEORY, L(12)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(12)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(12)*)
- *U(2375) (FOCILLATED PARTICLE, L(2375))
- *L(3) (*SYMMETRY, L(3)* OF *GROUP THEORY, U(3)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(3)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(3)*)
- *L(3) X U(3) (*SYMMETRY, L(3) X U(3)* OF *GROUP THEORY, L(3) X U(3)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(3) X U(3)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(3) X U(3)*)
- *L(4) (*SYMMETRY, L(4)* OF *GROUP THEORY, U(4)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(4)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(4)*)
- *L(4) X U(4) (*SYMMETRY, L(4) X U(4)* OF *GROUP THEORY, L(4) X U(4)* OF *FIELD THEORY, U(4) X U(4)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, U(4) X U(4)*)
- *L(6) (*SYMMETRY, L(6)* OF *GROUP THEORY, U(6)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(6)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(6)*)

- *L(6,6) (*SYMMETRY, U(6,6)* OF *GROUP THEORY, U(6,6)* OF *FIELD THEORY, L(6,6)* OF *GALGE FIELD THEORY, L(6,6)*)
- *L-SFIN (GLANTIL NUMBER, L-SFIN)
- LIR (GROUP THEORY)
- ULTRAVIOLET DIVERGENCE (RENORMALIZATION)
- UNIFIED FERMION (MODEL, FERMION)
- UNIFIED FIELD THEORY (KINDS OF INTERACTION WHICH ARE UNIFIED ARE ADDED)
- UNITARITY (RESTRICTED USE)
- UNITARY FREQUENCIELE REPRESENTATION (GROUP THEORY)
- UNIVERSAL FERMION INTERACTION (MODEL, WEAK INTERACTION)
- UNIVERSALITY (*ELECTRON MUCN, UNIVERSALITY* OF *WEAK INTERACTION, UNIVERSALITY* OF *STRONG INTERACTION, UNIVERSALITY* OF *ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERACTION, UNIVERSALITY*)
- *LF (GLAFK, LF)
- *PSILCN RESCNS
- *PSILCN(10000)
- *PSILCN(10400)
- *PSILCN(500)
- *LR-CITCN (MODEL, LR-CITCN)
- *LRANIUM
- *LRBANA BETAIFCA
- *LRBARYCN (MODEL, LRBARYCN)

V

- V-A THEORY (MODEL, WEAK INTERACTION)
- VV-SPIN (QUANTUM NUMBER, V-SPIN)
- VACUUM CHANGE (SEE "VACUUM SYSTEM")
- VACUUM EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, VACUUM QUANTUM NUMBER)
- *VACUUM POLARIZATION (FIELD THEORY, VACUUM POLARIZATION)
- *VACUUM QUANTUM NUMBER (EXCHANGE, VACUUM QUANTUM NUMBER)
- *VACUUM STATE (FIELD THEORY, VACUUM STATE)
- VACUUM SYSTEM
- VACUUM TECHNIQUES (USE "VACUUM SYSTEM")
- *VALENCE (MODEL, VALENCE)
- *VALIDITY TEST (RESTRICTED USE FOR GENERAL TESTS BUT NOT FOR INTERPRETATIONS, EXAMPLE: "QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, VALIDITY TEST")
- *VAN HOVE (MODEL, VAN HOVE)
- VAN HOVE PLOT (USE "MULTIDIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS, LONGITUDINAL PHASE SPACE")
- VARIABILIUM
- *VARIABLE MASS (MODEL, VARIABLE MASS)
- VARIABLE-ENERGY CYCLOTRON (CYCLOTRON)
- *VECTOR ("CURRENT, VECTOR" (RESTRICTED USE))
- VECTOR BOSON (SEE "INTERMEDIATE BOSON" OR "VECTOR MESON")
- VECTOR CURRENT (SEE "CURRENT, VECTOR" OR "CONSERVED VECTOR CURRENT" OR "CONSERVED A-V CURRENT" OR "PCAC" OR "PCVC")
- *VECTOR DOMINANCE (MODEL, VECTOR DOMINANCE)
- VECTOR MESON
- VECTOR MESON BARYON RESONANCE
- VECTOR MESON EXCHANGE
- VECTOR MESON EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE, VECTOR MESON)
- VECTOR MESON LIGHT NUCLEUS
- VECTOR MESON NUCLEON
- VECTOR MESON NUCLEUS
- VECTOR MESON VECTOR MESON
- VECTOR-AXIAL-VECTOR THEORY (WEAK INTERACTION)
- VELOCITY SPECTROMETER (FAST LOGIC, TIME-OF-FLIGHT)
- *VENEZIANI (MODEL, VENEZIANI)
- VERTEX FUNCTION
- VERTEX SPECTROMETER (SEE "HYBRID SYSTEM")
- VIOLATION
- *VIRASORO (MODEL, VIRASORO)
- VIRASORO ALGEBRA (ALGEBRA, VIRASORO)
- VIRTUAL (NOT USE)
- VIRTUAL PHOTOPRODUCTION (USE "ELECTROPRODUCTION"; FOR C-SQUARED --> 0 ACC "PHOTOPRODUCTION")
- *VON NEUMANN (ALGEBRA, VON NEUMANN)
- *VORTE (SEE "FIELD THEORY, VERTEX")

W

- *W+ (POSTULATED PARTICLE, W+)
- *W- (ALGEBRA, W-)
- *W- (POSTULATED PARTICLE, W-)
- WALECKA MODEL (NUCLEAR PROPERTIES)
- *WANC (MODEL, WANC)
- *WARG IDENTITY (FIELD THEORY, WARG IDENTITY; SEE ALSO *WARG-TAKAHASHI IDENTITY*)
- *WARG-TAKAHASHI IDENTITY (QUANTUM ELECTRODYNAMICS, WARG-TAKAHASHI IDENTITY)
- WATER
- WATSON-SCHMERFELD TRANSFORMATION (REGGE POLES)
- WAVE EQUATION (QUANTUM MECHANICS)
- WAVE FUNCTION (QUANTUM MECHANICS)
- WAVE PACKET (QUANTUM MECHANICS)
- WAVEGUIDE (SEE "RF SYSTEM" OR "LINEAR ACCELERATOR" OR "MICROWAVES")
- WEAK ABSORPTION (MODEL, ABSORPTION)
- WEAK COUPLING (PERTURBATION THEORY)
- *WEAK CURRENT
- *WEAK INTERACTION (ALSO "MODEL, WEAK INTERACTION")
- *WEINBERG (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL, WEINBERG)
- *WEINBERG ANGLE (WEAK INTERACTION, WEINBERG ANGLE)
- WEISSAECKER-WILLIAMS (APPROXIMATION, EQUIVALENT POINT)
- WESS-ZUMINO (FIELD THEORY, SUPERSYMMETRY)
- *WEYL (ALGEBRA, WEYL)
- *WICK-CLYDEXBY (MODEL, WICK-CLYDEXBY)
- *WIDE-ANGLE ("SPECTROMETER, WIDE-ANGLE" OR, E.G., "ELASTIC SCATTERING, WIDE-ANGLE")
- *WIDE-GAP (SPARK CHAMBER, WIDE-GAP)
- *WIDTH (USAGE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ROSENFELD TABLES; SEE ALSO "DECAY WIDTH")
- *WIGGLER (MAGNET, WIGGLER)
- WIGHTMAN FIELDS (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
- WIGHTMAN FUNCTION (AXIOMATIC FIELD THEORY)
- *WIGNER-WEISSKOPF (MODEL, WIGNER-WEISSKOPF)
- WILLIAMS-WEISSAECKER (APPROXIMATION, EQUIVALENT POINT)
- WILSON EXPANSION (FIELD THEORY, SHORT-DISTANCE BEHAVIOR)
- *WIRE (SPARK CHAMBER, WIRE)
- *WKB (APPROXIMATION, WKB)
- WLF METHOD (CORRECTION, OFF-SHELL)
- WOODS-SAXON ("POTENTIAL" OR "POTENTIAL SCATTERING")
- *WU-YANG (MODEL, WU-YANG)

X

X(2830)
 -X(4100) STALC1LFE (F51(4100) STALC1LFE)
 *X-LEPLACENCE
 XENCA
 XI
 XI BARYON RESONANCE
 XI DEUTERON
 XI LIGHT NUCLEUS
 XI NUCLEUS
 XI VECTOR MESSA
 XI XI
 XI(1830)
 XI(1820)
 XI(1940)

XI-
 XI- ANTI-XI-
 XI- BARYON RESONANCE
 XI- DEUTERON
 XI- LIGHT NUCLEUS
 XI- NUCLEUS
 XI- XI-
 XI0
 XI0 BARYON RESONANCE
 XI0 DEUTERON
 XI0 LIGHT NUCLEUS
 XI0 NUCLEUS
 XI0 XI-
 -X0 MESSA RESONANCE (ETA(561))

-Y* (EARYEN RESONANCE, HYPERON)
*Y-DEPENDENCE
*YANG (MCCEL, YANG)
-YANG-PELEMAN (EQUATIONS (FIELD THEORY)
*YANG-MILLS (GAUGE FIELD THEORY, YANG-MILLS)

*YIELD (IN COMBINATION WITH PARTICLES, ONLY
WHERE YIELD IS GIVEN WITHOUT CROSS SECTIONS)
*YTREILM
*YTRILM
*YUKAWA (POTENTIAL, YUKAWA)

Y

Z

420 (EARTHEN, 20)
-ZACHARIASEN MODEL (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL)
-ZGS ACCELERATOR (PERFECT SYNCHROTRON, FOR
EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS USE 'ARGONNE 85')
-ZIMMERMANN MODEL (FIELD THEORETICAL MODEL)

ZINC
ZIRCONIUM
-ZWEIG RULE (SELECTION RULE, IIZUKA-CHUOIC-ZWEIG)
420 (OSCILLATED PARTICLE, 20)