
Search for R-parity violation at LEP

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L3 Collaboration**

- **R-parity**
- **Pair-production of gauginos, sleptons and squarks**
 - topologies and selections
 - results and limits
- **Sneutrino single production**
- **Spontaneous R-parity breaking**
- **Conclusions**

R-parity: multiplicative discrete symmetry in SUSY:

$$R_P = (-1)^{2S+3B+L}$$

$R_P = 1$ for standard particles

$R_P = -1$ for supersymmetric particles

The most general MSSM superpotential has also L- and B-violating terms:

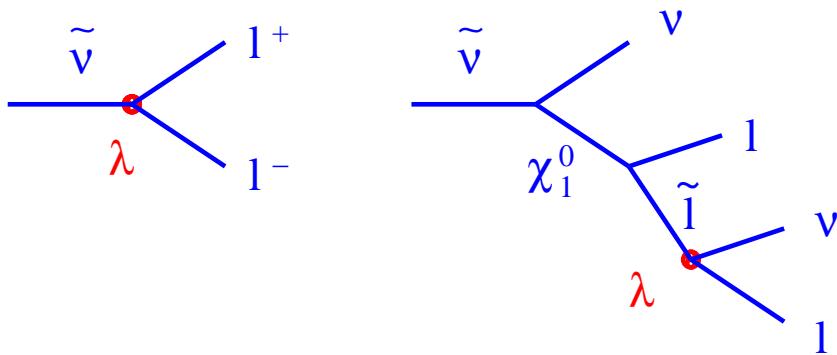
$$W_R = \lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k + \lambda'_{ijk} L_i Q_j \bar{D}_k + \lambda''_{ijk} \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k + \varepsilon_i L_i H_2$$

48 new coupling constants ($9 + 27 + 9 + 3$) i, j, k : generation indices

R-parity violated:

- single production of SUSY particles is allowed (ex. $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}$)
- LSP decays
- LSP can be any particle: $\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\ell}_R, \dots$

Direct and indirect decays:



Motivations

RPV not excluded by experimental data:

$$\lambda_{133} < 0.003 \quad \nu_e \text{ mass} \quad \tilde{m} = 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda'_{111} < 0.00035 \quad (\beta\beta)_{0\nu} \quad \tilde{m} = 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda_{13k} < 0.06 \quad R_\tau \quad \tilde{m} = 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$\lambda'_{11k} \lambda''_{11k} < 10^{-22}$ and $\lambda'_{ijk} \lambda''_{lmn} < 10^{-10}$ (at $\tilde{m} = 100 \text{ GeV}$)
to avoid a fast proton decay $p \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+$

Less stringent limits on other couplings

Assumptions:

- Only one λ (λ', λ'') $\neq 0$
- LSP decay length below 1 cm:
 - λ (λ', λ'') $> 10^{-5}$ for gauginos
 - λ (λ', λ'') $> 10^{-7}$ for sfermions

$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \geq 10 \text{ GeV}$ required for prompt decays

Data and MC Samples

Results based on:

Year	\sqrt{s} (GeV)	\mathcal{L} (pb^{-1}) / Exp.
1996	161–172	20
1997	183	55
1998	189	180
1999	192–202	230
2000	200–208	220

Above 2.5 fb^{-1} in total

Global sensitivity to cross sections of 0.01–0.03 pb
(with $\varepsilon \sim 30\% - 40\%$)

ALEPH Coll., paper in preparation

DELPHI Coll., paper in preparation

L3 Coll., Phys. Lett. B 524 (2002) 65-80

OPAL Coll., paper in preparation

ADLO combined results for λ scalar leptons
LEPSUSYWG/02-10.1

Data and MC samples

Cross section values at $\sqrt{s} = 206 \text{ GeV}$

Signal events

Process	$\sigma (\text{pb})$ for $\tan \beta = 1$	
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $(M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 40 \text{ GeV})$	1 0.02	$m_0 = 50 \text{ GeV}$ $m_0 = 500 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ $(M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 103 \text{ GeV})$	0.15 0.25	$m_0 = 50 \text{ GeV}$ $m_0 = 500 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{\mu}_R^+ \tilde{\mu}_R^-$ $(M_{\tilde{\mu}_R} = 95 \text{ GeV})$	0.1	$m_0 = 50 \text{ GeV}$

Background events, Standard Model cross sections

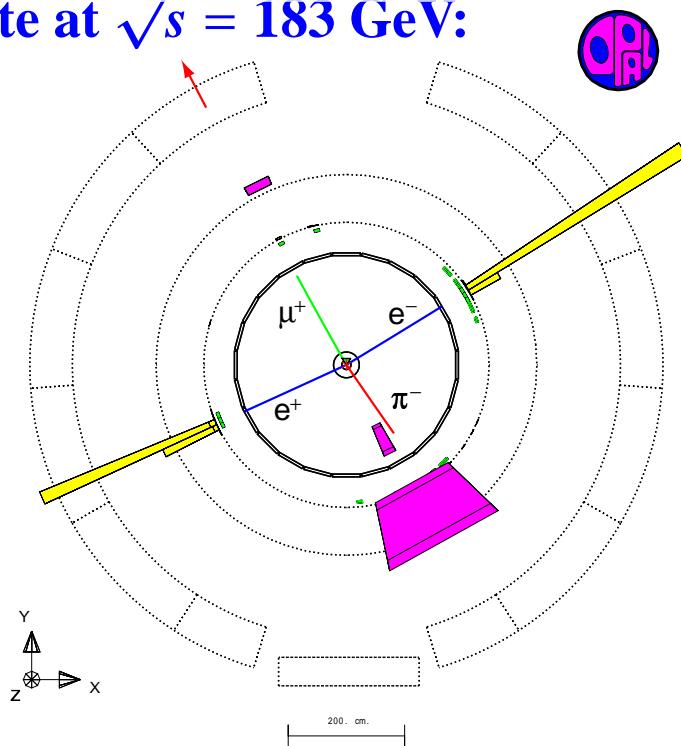
Process	σ
$e^+ e^- \bar{f} f$	20 nb
$q \bar{q}$	80 pb
$W^+ W^-$	20 pb
$\mu^+ \mu^-, \tau^+ \tau^-$	7 pb
$W e \nu$	3 pb
$Z Z$	1 pb

RPV Topologies and Candidates

RPV signature: leptons, leptons and jets, jets

Coupling	Topologies	Eff. (%)
λ	$2\ell + \cancel{E}$	10-40
	4ℓ	30-50
	$4\ell + \cancel{E}$	20-50
	leptons + jets	20-70
λ'	4 jets	15-65
	$4\text{ jets} + \cancel{E}$	20-60
	jets + leptons	15-75
	jets + leptons+ \cancel{E}	30-50
λ''	multijets + \cancel{E}	30-50
	multijets + leptons	15-55
	multijets (up to 10 q)	25-50

$4\ell + \cancel{E}$ candidate at $\sqrt{s} = 183$ GeV:

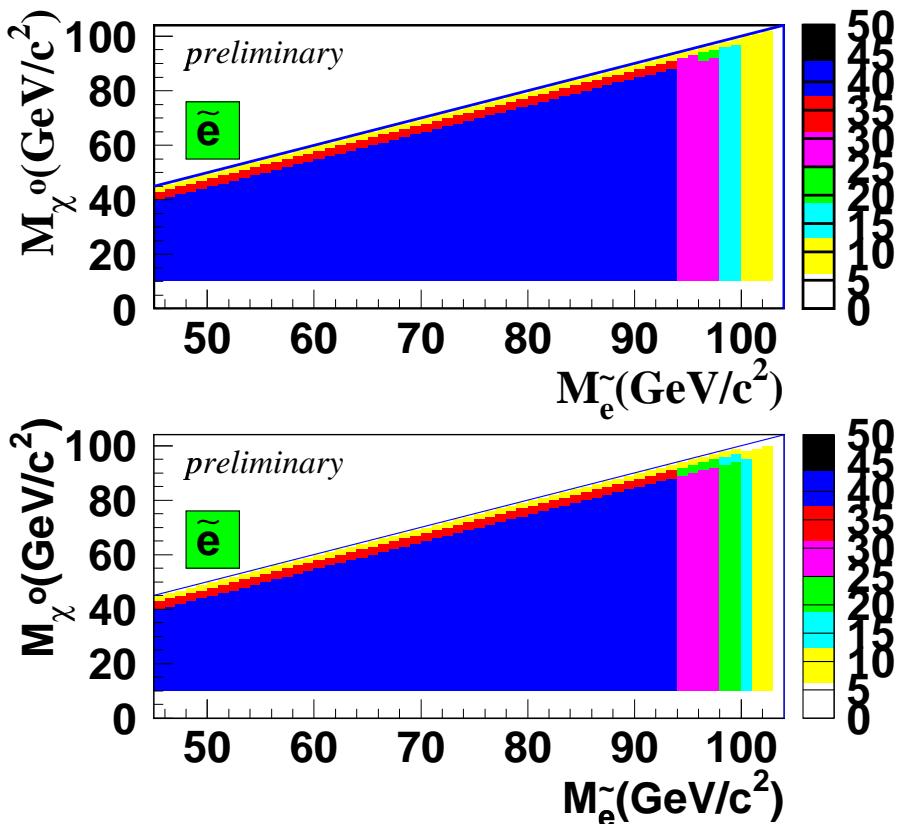


Compatible with $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow e^+e^-\tau^+\tau^-$

Data

Agreement between selected data and expected background

Data and Background Events ADLO



No significant excess of data events

→ cross section upper limits

→ lower limits on masses

All limits at 95% C.L., set with the full data sample

Limits derived for the coupling with the lowest sensitivity:
final states with taus, no b-tagging

Gauginos - Overall Mass Limits

L3, 95% C.L. upper limits on pair-production cross sections, indirect decays

Coupling	Process	σ limit (pb)
λ	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0.02 – 0.07
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$	0.08 – 0.15
λ''	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0.11 – 0.18
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$	0.14 – 0.16

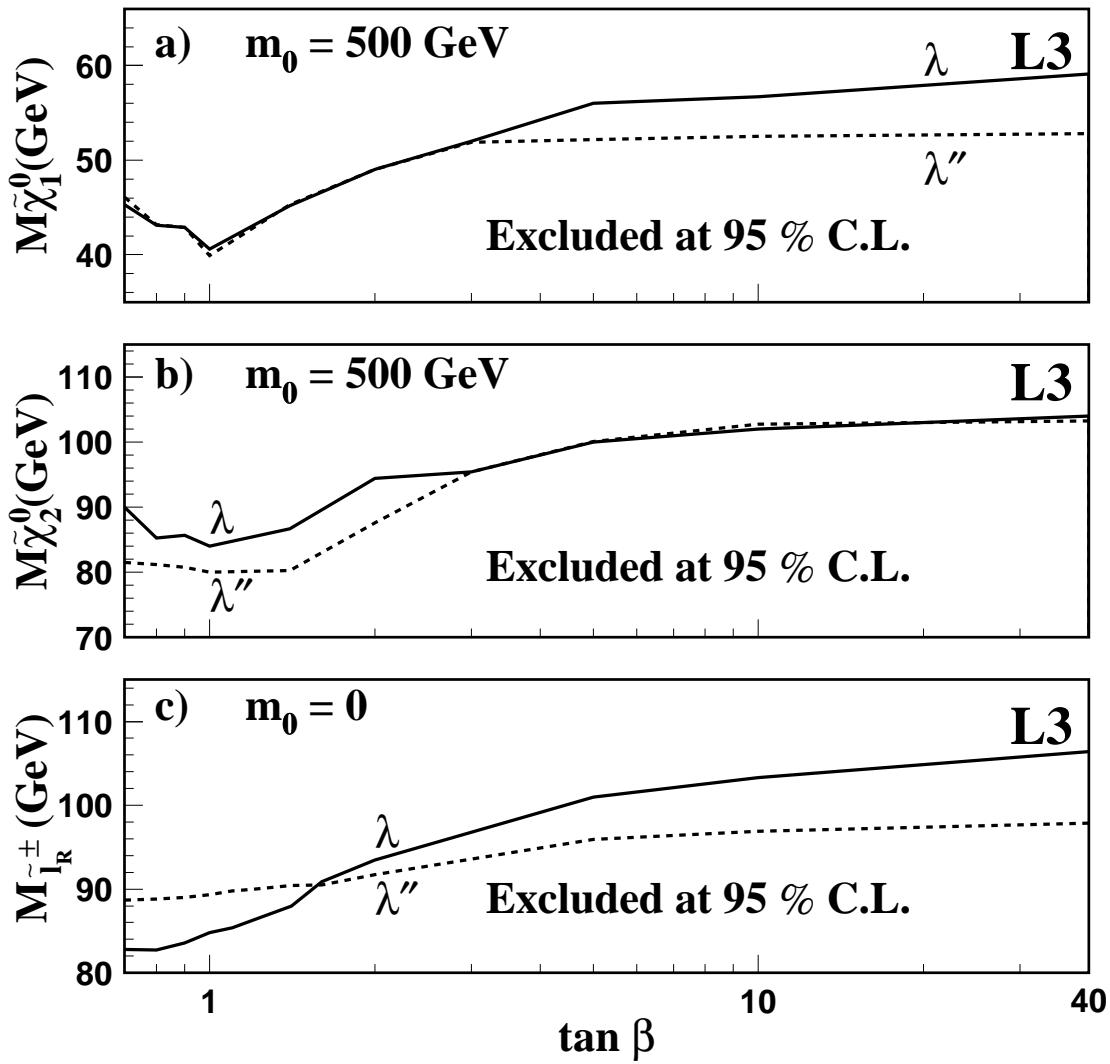
Take into account more processes at the same MSSM point

Mass (GeV)	λ_{ijk}	λ'_{ijk}	λ''_{ijk}	Exp.
$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	(34)-40		38-40	ADL
$M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$	84		80	L
$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$	103	103	103	ADL

$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ kinematic limit reached for every $\lambda, \lambda', \lambda''$

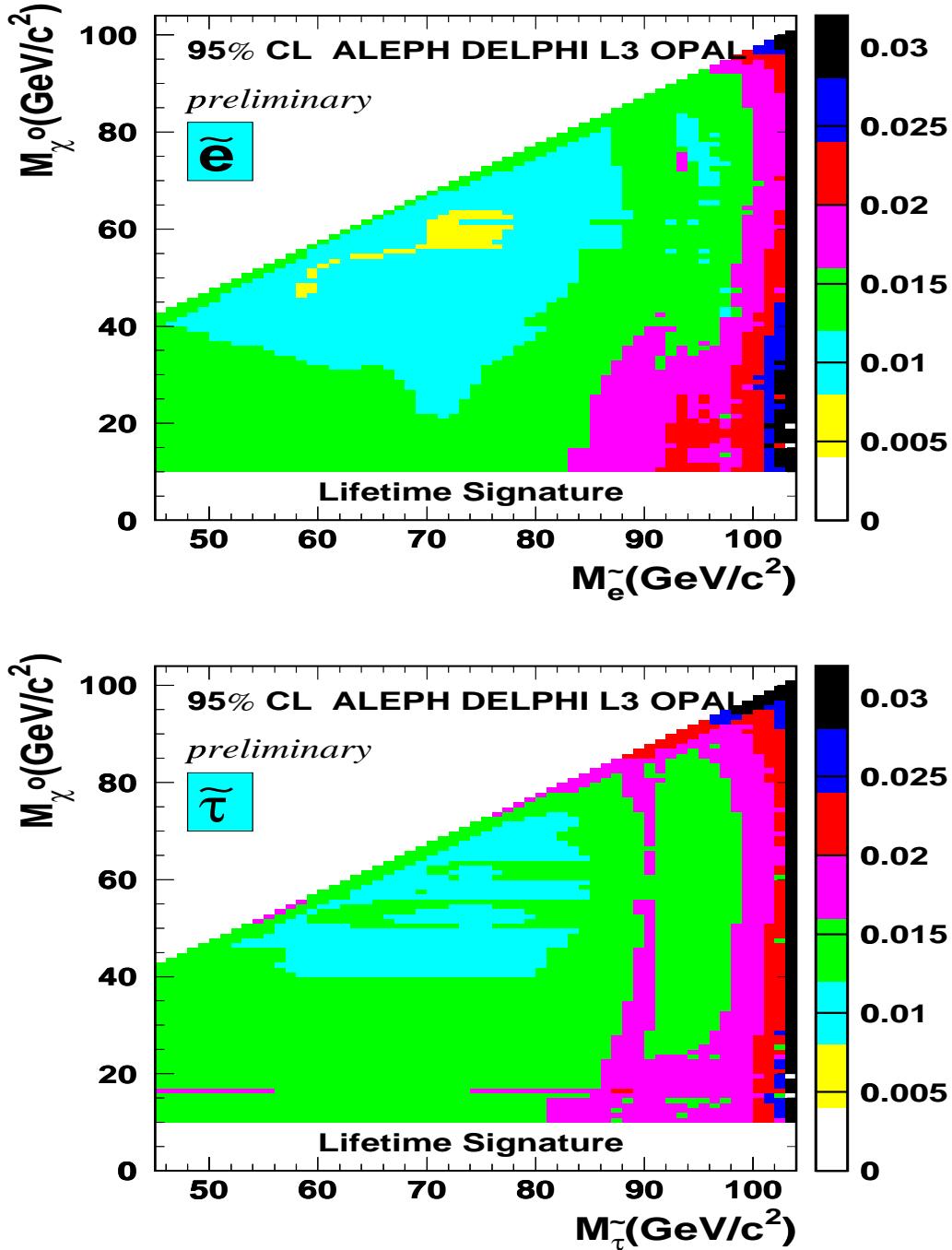
Overall MSSM Mass Limits

Mass limit evolution vs $\tan\beta$



Scalar Leptons: Cross section upper limits

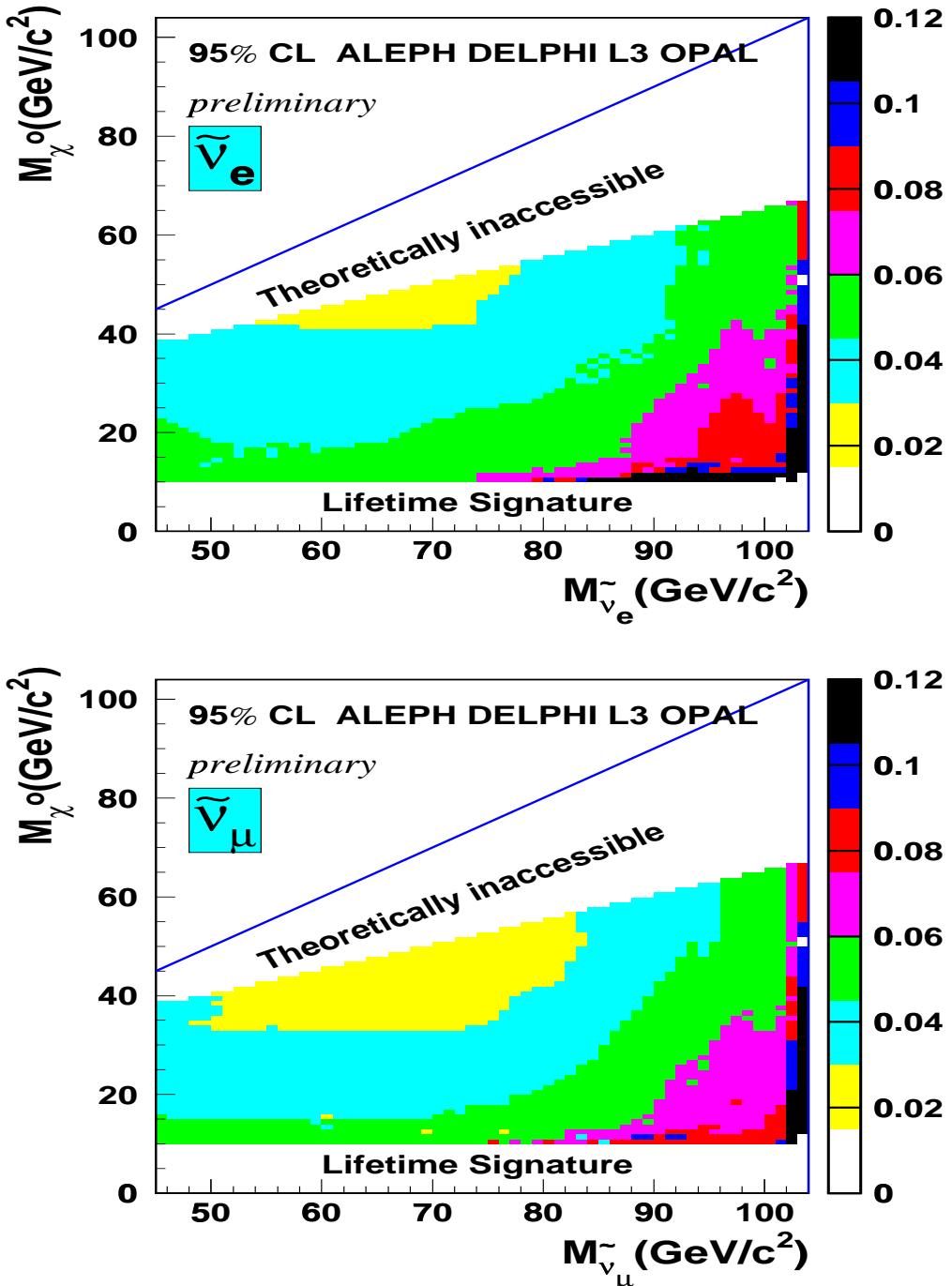
ADLO Cross-section upper limits with $\text{BR}(\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 1$
 $\mu = -200 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta = 1.5$



$$\sigma \leq 0.02 \text{ pb} \quad \text{for } M_{\tilde{e}_R} (M_{\tilde{\mu}_R}, M_{\tilde{\tau}_R}) \leq 103 \text{ GeV}$$

Scalar Leptons: Cross section upper limits

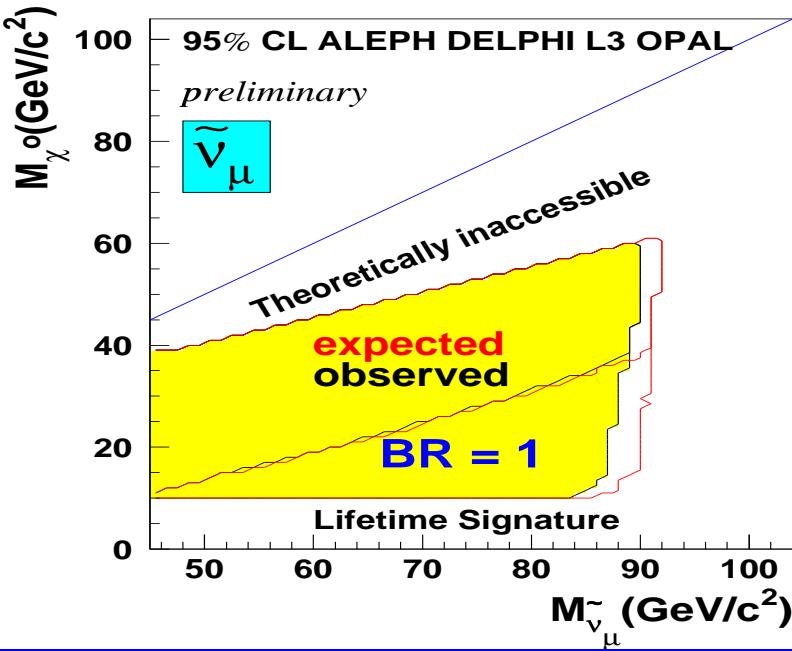
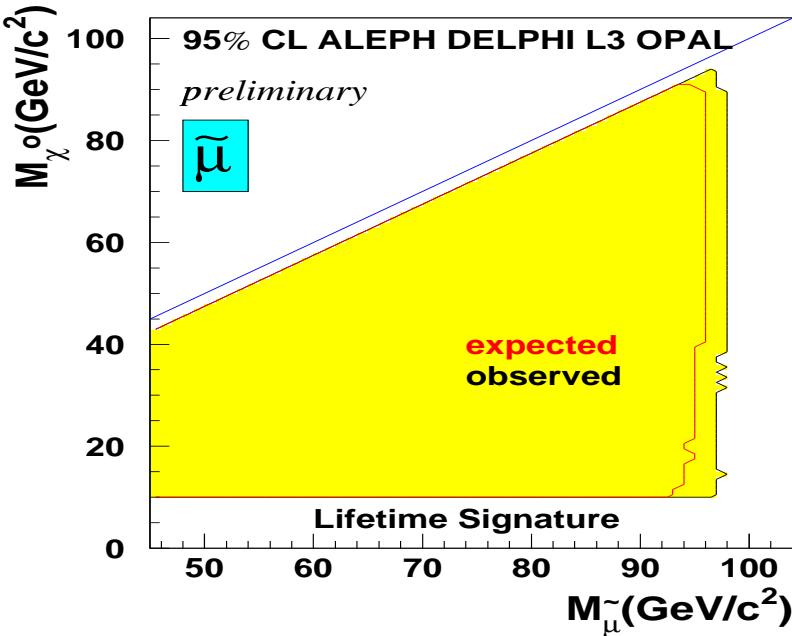
ADLO Cross-section upper limits with $\text{BR}(\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 1$
 $\mu = -200 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta = 1.5$



$$\sigma \leq 0.05 \text{ pb} \quad \text{for } M_{\tilde{\nu}_e} (M_{\tilde{\nu}_{\mu,\tau}}) \leq 103 \text{ GeV and } M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \geq 40 \text{ GeV}$$

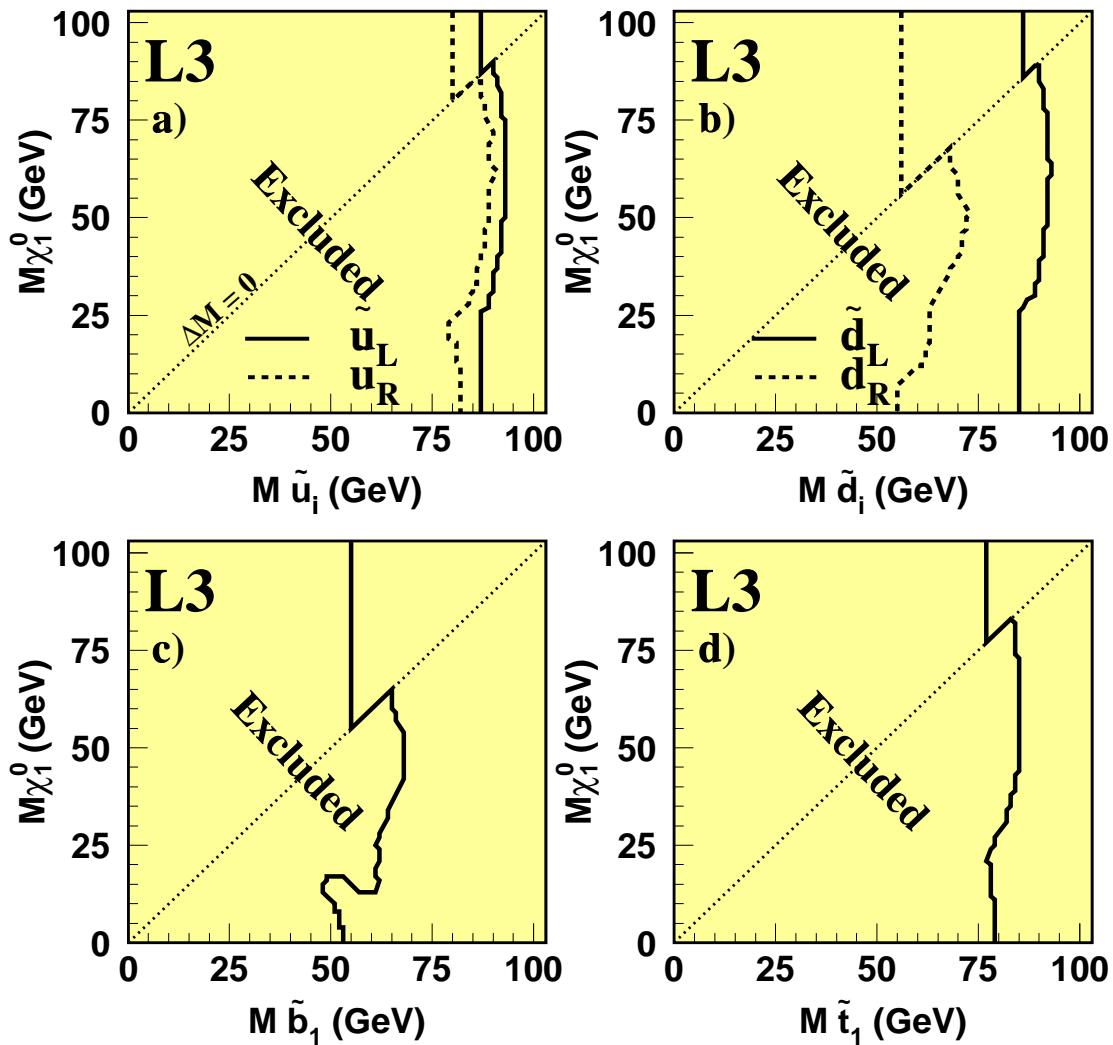
Scalar Leptons: MSSM Mass limits

Scan over m_0 and M_2 with $\mu = -200$ GeV and $\tan\beta = 1.5$



Mass Limit (GeV)	$M_{\tilde{e}_R}$	$M_{\tilde{\mu}_R}$	$M_{\tilde{\tau}_R}$	$M_{\tilde{v}_e}$	$M_{\tilde{v}_{\mu,\tau}}$
ADLO (obtained)	96.6	96.9	95.9	98.9	84.5
ADLO (expected)	92.9	92.9	92.0	99.1	86.0

Scalar Quarks



Mass Limit (GeV)	$M_{\tilde{u}_R}$	$M_{\tilde{u}_L}$	$M_{\tilde{d}_R}$	$M_{\tilde{d}_L}$	$M_{\tilde{t}_1}$	$M_{\tilde{b}_1}$
λ''_{ijk} (direct)	80	87	56	86	77	55
λ''_{ijk} (indirect)	79	87	55	86	72-77	48-72

Sneutrino exchange

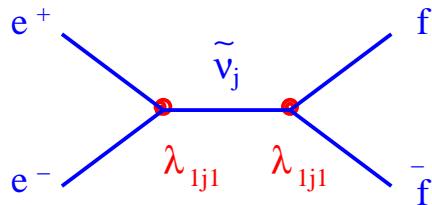
Sensitivity to high $\tilde{\nu}$ masses up to \sqrt{s} . Limits on $|\lambda|$

- Effects in fermion pair production:

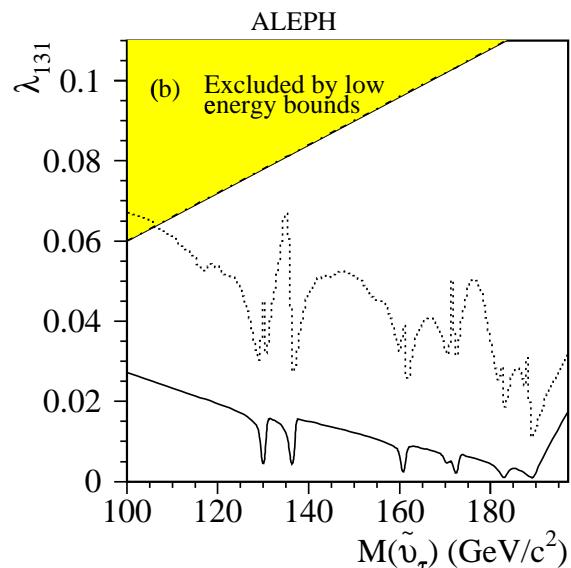
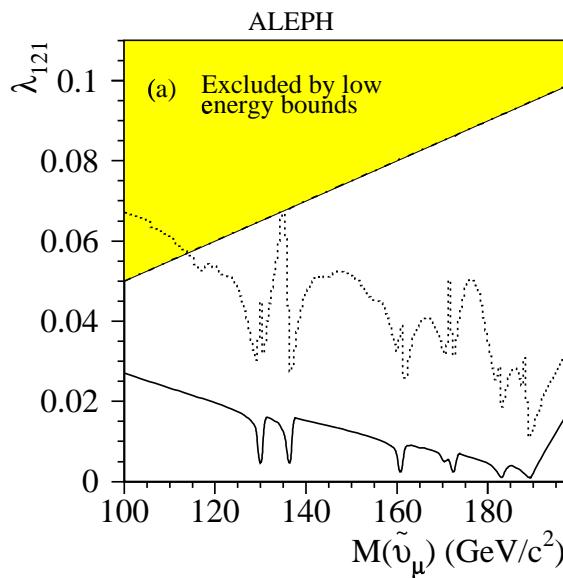
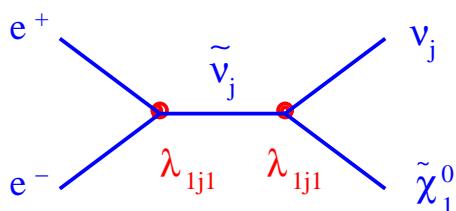
Additional contributions to σ and A_{fb} from $\lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k$

Fit SM + possible new physics effects

No deviations found



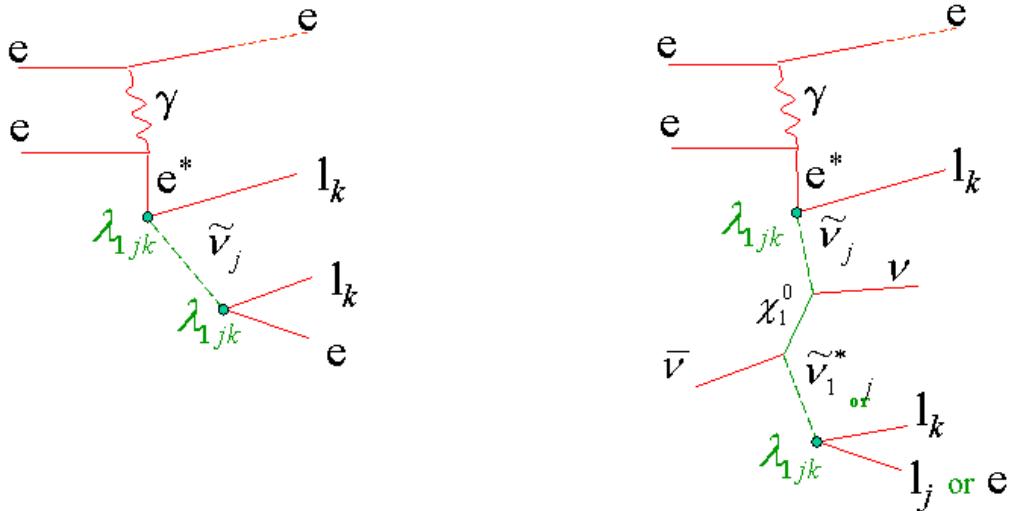
- Direct RPV limits: Study of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$



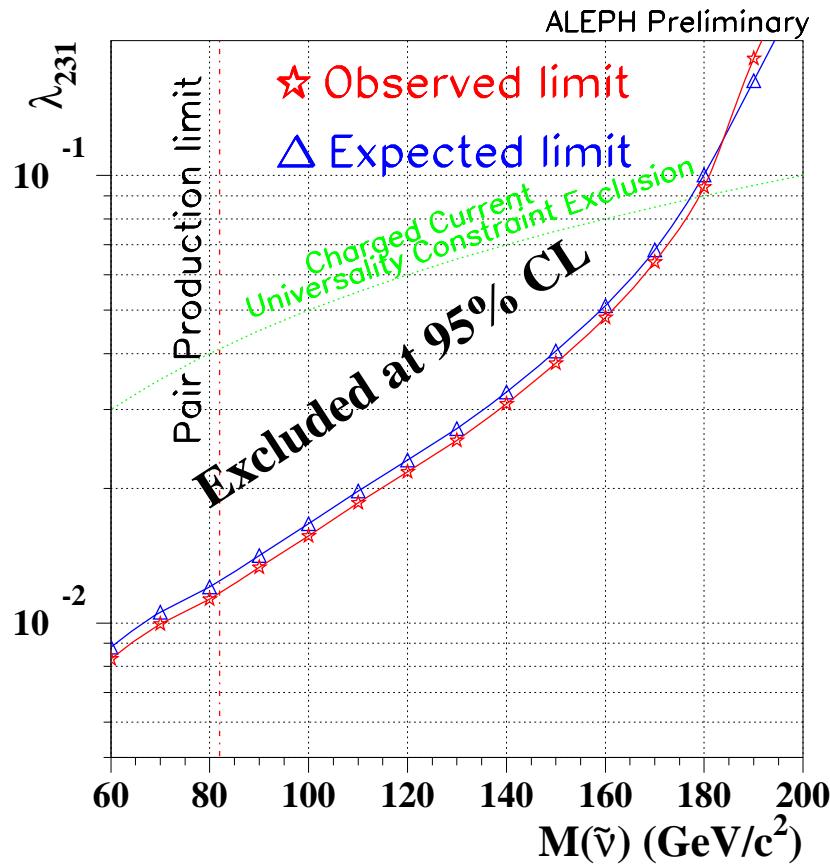
More sensitivity with $\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ than with SM fits

Sneutrino exchange

ALEPH, 189-208 GeV $e \gamma \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_j \ell_k$ via λ_{1jk} or λ_{231}



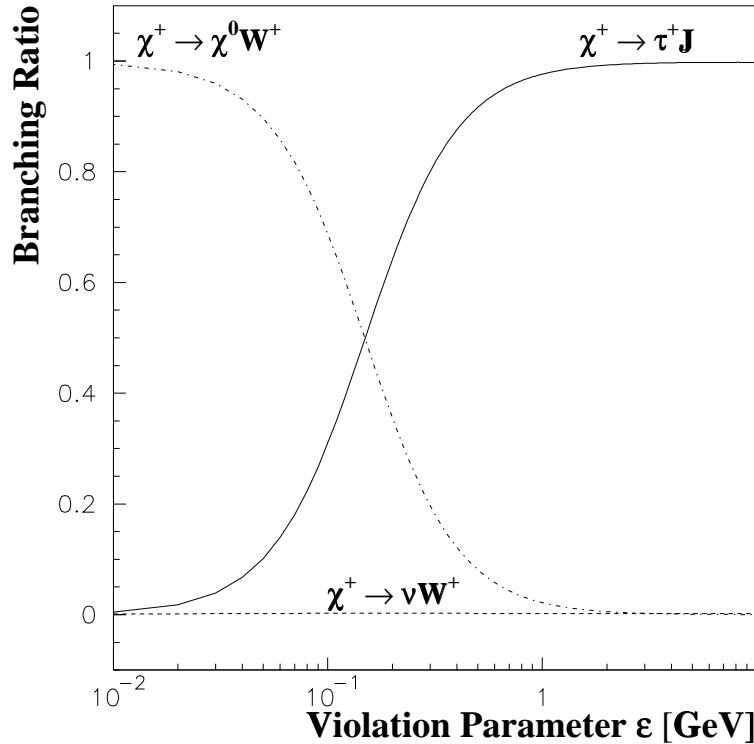
Three-lepton final states. No excess of events



Spontaneous R-parity breaking

Possible additional bilinear term $\varepsilon_i L_i H$ giving rise to:
 $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm J$ (J massless Majoron, invisible)

DELPHI, 183-208 GeV $\tan\beta \geq 2$



Two acoplanar taus + E_T'

72 events found, 72.3 ± 2.5 expected from SM

95% C.L. upper limit on $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ prod. cross section: 0.14 pb

Mass limit: 103 GeV

assuming BR ($\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm J$) = 1

Conclusions

- RPV searches at LEP cover almost every SUSY process
- Same sensitivity as in standard searches: SUSY results do not depend on assumptions of R-parity conservation
- New limits with about 700 pb^{-1} for experiment, at different \sqrt{s} values up to 208 GeV
- New lower mass limit on lightest neutralino: $M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% C.L., for every m_0 and $\tan\beta$
- First LEP-wide combination for scalar leptons via λ couplings
www.cern.ch/LEPSUSY/